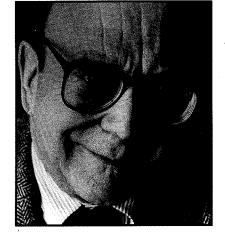
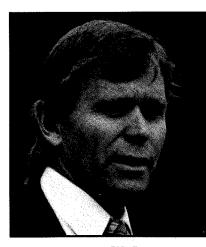
1993

The 13th Annual International Conference On Critical Thinking And Educational Reform

The Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique Sonoma State University



ROBERT HEILBRONER DISTINGUISHED ECONOMIST AND SOCIAL CRITIC



RICHARD W. PAUL Director of the Center for Critical Thinking

PROCEEDINGS OF Тне **THIRTEENTH ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE** ON **CRITICAL THINKING AND** EDUCATIONAL REFORM **Critical Thinking:** A Global Economic Imperative AUGUST 1-4, 1993

Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique SONOMA STATE UNIVERSITY (707) 664-2940

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE

The proceedings of the 13th International Conference on Critical Thinking are dedicated to the memory of the late Edward M. Glaser whose commitment to critical thinking was lifelong and whose contribution was seminal and far-reaching.

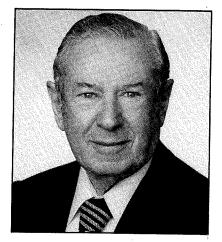


TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION

About the Center for Critical Thinking	
Staff Development	9
Conference History	
Conference Theme	19
Pseudo Critical Thinking	

CONFERENCE SCHEDULING

How to Find the Session You Want to Attend	
Audience Codes and Campus Map	
Planning Guide	32
Conference Schedule	
Special Interest Groups	58
Selected Sessions (Listed by Audience Code)	

CONFERENCE ABSTRACTS

Session Abstracts	
Presenter's Addresses	107

NCECT

National Council for Excellence in	Critical Thinking202
------------------------------------	----------------------

ABOUT THE CENTER

ABOUT THE CENTER FOR CRITICAL THINKING:

The Center conducts advanced research and disseminates information on critical thinking and moral critique. It has been working closely with the Foundation for Critical Thinking, the California State Department of Education, the College Board, the Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development, the National Education Association, the U.S. Department of Education, and numerous school districts to facilitate implementation of high standards of critical thinking instruction from kindergarten through college. Its major works include the International Conference on Critical Thinking and the Staff Development Series.

ABOUT THE FOUNDATION FOR CRITICAL THINKING:

The Foundation for Critical Thinking is a nonprofit public benefit corporation, legally independent from Sonoma State University. It works cooperatively with the Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique, PBS Adult Learning Satellite Service, the College Board, and other research centers, institutes, and public institutions to publish and disseminate a variety of critical thinking resources.

ABOUT THE CENTER

ABOUT THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR EXCELLENCE IN CRITICAL THINKING:

The goal of the NCECT is to become an independent, nonprofit, professional organization parallel to the National Council of Teachers of Math, English, ... and domain specific associations such as the American Psychological Association, and the American Philosophical Association. At present, the NCECT is legally and financially a part of the Foundation for Critical Thinking and shall remain so until it is able to function independently.

Philosophy

Critical thinking holds the potential for helping students learn how to learn, with discipline and depth, in any subject they choose to study. It offers the thinker the opportunity to develop well-grounded selfconfidence in his or her ability to come to a well-reasoned idea on any issue or topic. It provides the developmental foundation for good judgment, a quality highly prized by all.

The Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique is based on the singular goal of helping critical thinking reach its potential. The objectives of our research, our teaching, our writing, and our critique is to reach out to students, to teachers, to administrators, to parents, and to business people who are all striving to develop well-reasoned ideas, and to develop people of good judgment.

PRINCIPLES

- Every person is capable of improving his or her thinking.
- We learn what to think only as we learn how to think.
- Critical thinking always involves the thinker's continuous selfassessment of the thinking as the thinking develops.
- We will gain significant knowledge only if we value gaining it.
- To be educated means to predictably come to well-reasoned ideas, beliefs, and decisions.
- Speedy and shallow coverage, which is the survey approach to education, often produces mislearning which retards deeper understanding and tends to breed intellectual arrogance.

- We all learn best by working with others, dialogically, and generating mutually supportive debate.
- Critical thinking requires that we recognize the limitations of our own point of view and seek truth above advocacy of our positions.
- We need intellectual criteria and standards by which to guide and evaluate our thinking as we construct meaning from our world.
- There are numerous pseudo critical thinking approaches being generated by textbook publishers and others. It is important to have criteria for the assessment of such approaches.

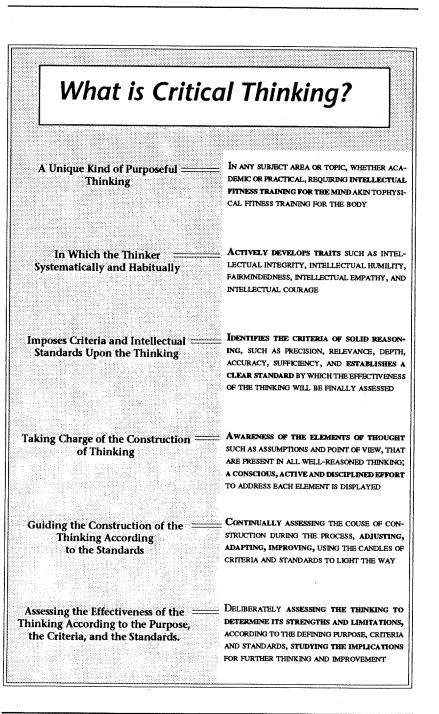
PLEASE CALL ...

The staff at the Center and the Foundation for Critical Thinking, committed to the furthering of critical thinking, welcomes inquiries via phone, fax, or E-mail. We will do our best to answer your questions or direct you to other sources, when appropriate. Inquiries regarding the conference, staff development services, and academic credit should be directed to the Center. Questions regarding Regional Workshops and critical thinking books and tapes should be directed to the Foundation. Below is a list of organizational and project managers. These individuals and their staff welcome your communications.

Trish Taylor	Director of Operations
Renee Denise	Coordinator, Center for Critical Thinking
John Pruess	Coordinator, Foundation for Critical Thinking
Kelly Grogan	Assistant Inservice Coordinator
J. J. Jones	Conference Presenter Representative
Annalise O'Brien	Conference Registration Coordinator
David Grady	Assistant Conference Coordinator
Charles Evans	Foundation Shipping Manager
Emiko Lewis	Resource Order Coordinator
Mike Lanham	Accountant
Rena Ferric	Workshop Registration Coordinator

Center for Critical Thinking Sonoma State University Rohnert Park, CA 94928 phone: (707) 664-2940 fax: (707) 664-4101

Foundation for Critical Thinking 4655 Sonoma Mountain Road Santa Rosa, CA 95404 phone: (707) 546-4926 fax: (707) 546-4718



BUSINESS AND ECONOMIC EXPERTS CALL FOR CRITICAL THINKING

John Sculley, CEO and Chair of Apple Computer:

. . · · ·

"... as a nation, we have gone from being resource-rich in the old economy to resource-poor in the new economy almost overnight! Our public education has not successfully made the shift from teaching the memorization of facts to achieving the learning of critical thinking skills. We are still trapped in a K-12 public education system which is preparing our youth for jobs that no longer exist." (Sculley, John. Remarks to then President-Elect Clinton, December, 1992)

Laura Tyson, Chair, President's Council of Economic Advisors:

"High productivity work-place organizations depend on workers who can do more than read, write, and do simple arithmetic, and who bring more to their jobs than reliability and a good attitude. In such organizations, workers are asked to use judgment and make decisions rather than to merely follow directions." (Tyson, Laura D'Andrea. "Failing Our Youth: America's K-12 Education," New Perspectives Quarterly, Nathan Gordels, editor. Winter, 1993, p. 53)

Robert Reich, Secretary of Labor

"... mastery of old domains of knowledge isn't nearly enough to guarantee a good income..... What is more valuable is the capacity to effectively and creatively use the knowledge." (Reich, Robert. The Work of Nations, Vintage Books, NY, NY. 1992, p. 182)

RESEARCH AND INSERVICE TEAM



Richard W. Paul, Director of the Center for Critical Thinking, is an internationally recognized authority on critical thinking, with five books and over 50 articles published on the subject. Professor Paul has given lectures on critical thinking at many universities in both the United States and abroad, including Harvard, the University of Chicago, the University of Illinois, and the universities of Puerto Rico, Costa Rica, and Amsterdam. He has been regularly teaching beginning and advanced courses in critical thinking at the university for over 14 years. His workshops have been attended by thousands of educators, both K–12 and university.



JANE WILLSEN, Assistant Director of the Center for Critical Thinking is a specialist in working with elementary and middle school teachers and students, with at-risk students, in character education, and with parents. She has taught at the elementary and middle school level, counseled at middle school, and is working extensively with business groups in helping teachers appreciate what abilities and traits business is looking for in future employees. She also developed the character education/critical thinking program, *Let's Talk Sportsmanship* for elementary and middle school students, parents, and teachers.







GERALD NOSICH is a noted authority on critical thinking and the author of *Reasons and Arguments*. He is presently working on a book on critical thinking across the curriculum. His ability to give subject-specific examples of critical thinking, as well as his command of diverse teaching strategies, have made him a popular staff development leader. A regular presenter at conferences on critical thinking, he has also given many workshops across the country.

DAN WEIL is a specialist in critical thinking in elementary school as well as in multi-cultural education, K–12. He has taught kindergarten, first, and second grades for four years; has lived in Central America for three years; and is fluent in Spanish. He has conducted many inservices in the United States and in Mexico. Dr. Weil is acutely aware of the concerns of classroom teachers and is skilled at giving examples involving the immediate application of critical thinking to the classroom.

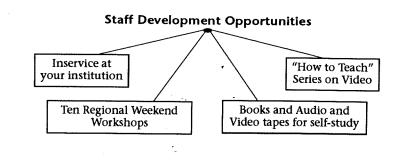
YEHUDI O. WEBSTER is an expert in critical thinking and social problems. He provides workshops on infusing critical thinking into instruction, but is especially concerned with a critical thinking approach to multi-culturalism and the "classification" of people into ethnic and racial groups. He emphasizes the transferability of critical thinking abilities and traits across disciplines and the significance of reasoning in everyday communication and action. Dr. Webster teaches in the Sociology Department at CSU, Los Angeles, and has written *The Racialization of America*.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

L HE CENTER FOR Critical Thinking (in cooperation with its sister organization, the Foundation for Critical Thinking) offers four avenues for continuing professional development:

- Inservice at your school or district: For one day, two days, or longer we come to your institution to offer a seminar designed to meet your individual needs. We are also available to meet with administrators and parents at the K-12 level to discuss the importance of critical thinking for a child's development and employment opportunities.
- Ten Regional Workshops: Two exciting, interactive days of critical thinking theory and practice with sections designed for K–8, High School, University, and Advanced. One unit of academic credit is available.
- "How to Teach" Series on 9 videocassettes: The structure of this course involves teaming up with a colleague. Assignments are included. Academic credit is available through Sonoma State University.

• Resource Materials: We offer several books on critical thinking as well as audio and video presentations by a variety of presenters that can be used for self-study. (See the summary of selections on page ajab.)



REGIONAL WORKSHOPS

Short of bringing the team onto your campus for an "all-faculty" event, the next best option is an intensive critical thinking workshop offered in your region.

The Staff Development team hits the road again this year for ten Regional Workshops (see registration form for schedule).

These weekend opportunities can perform a pivotal role in revitalizing instruction for you and your colleagues. Two full days of foundational work, both hands-on practice and solid theory are integrated in the seminar, with emphasis on designing assignments that require reasoning, building student self-assessment techniques with your students, and grounding all class work in universal intellectual standards. Accentuated again is an emphasis on the practical, on classroom strategies that any teacher or professor can use to empower students through the use of their own innate, but typically underdeveloped, capacity to reason.

Participants who are ready for an advanced session on critical thinking strategies will have that option available at these workshops. Materials will be sent to these registrants in advance for careful review. The advanced session begins with the assumption that every participant is conversant with the basic vocabulary of critical thinking. Both K–12 and post-secondary educators are welcome to select the advanced session if they so desire.

ACADEMIC CREDIT

One unit of graduate level credit is available for each of the Regional Workshops. The cost is \$30, payable to Extended Education at Sonoma State University. Applications for this credit are available at the Workshop.

Reg	jional Workshop Registration Form
Title:	
	el or Area of Specialization:
	Work 🗅 · Home 🗅
	, Zip:
	trict or Institution:
	n Group:
l would like	e to attend the Regional Workshop in:
	October 2–3, 1993, at Plaza of the Americas Hotel
🗅 Atlanta,	, Nov. 13–14, 1993, at Ritz-Carlton Hotel
🛛 Cancun,	, Jan. 5–8, 1994, at Hyatt Regency Cancun
	gton D.C., Jan. 15–16, 1994, at Ritz-Carlton Pentagon
	rk City, Jan. 22-23, 1994, at Hotel Macklowe
Vancouv	ver, B.C., Feb. 26–27, 1994, at Four Seasons Hotel
🗅 Milwauk	kee, March 5–6, 1994, at Hyatt Regency
	City, March 19–20, 1994, at Ritz Carlton Hotel
	ς, April 9–10, 1994, at Ritz-Carlton Hotel
	lu, May 14–15, 1994, at Hyatt Regency Waikiki
Please Chec	ck One: K–12 Univ Advanced
Fee: \$195	
For Groups	of 4 or more: \$150

Regional Workshop Fee: \$____

Make checks payable and mail to: **Foundation for Critical Thinking** 4655 Sonoma Mountain Road, Santa Rosa, CA 95404 phone: (707) 546–4926, fax: (707) 546–4718

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

INSERVICE

Critical thinking is essential to all effective academic work and activities. Below is a sampling of the themes of some of our staff development inservice programs. The inservice team is experienced in working with a wide range of audiences, from standard academic disciplines to specific and innovative fields. Inquiries regarding presenters, sessionbreakdowns, costs, and alternative emphases or themes are available upon request from the Center for Critical Thinking.

KINDERGARTEN THROUGH HIGH SCHOOL

- How to Infuse Critical Thinking Across the K-12 Curriculum
- Critical Thinking: The Role of the Administration
- Questioning Students, and Teaching Students to Question: K-12
- Ethics Without Indoctrination: Moral Reasoning Across the K-12 Curriculum
- How to Establish Intellectual Standards Across K-12 Curriculum
- Dimensions of Critical Thinking and Instructional Redesign
- Reading and Writing as Modes of Thinking
- Remodeling Lessons in the K-12 Curriculum to Foster Thinking
- Critical Thinking and Primary School Mathematics Instruction
- Critical Thinking About Historical and Contemporary Issues of Social Concern
- How to Infuse Critical Thinking in Whole Language Instruction

Also available for each inservice at the K-12 level is an evening presentation for parents, community, and business persons interested in critical thinking and the implications for educational reform in their school community.

AT THE COLLEGE LEVEL

- Infusing Critical Thinking into College and University Instruction
- Ethics Without Indoctrination: Moral Reasoning Across the College/University Curriculum
- Using Questioning Strategies to Teach College and University Students to Reason Persuasively, Master Content, and Discipliné Their Minds
- College Reading and Writing as Modes of Thinking
- How to Establish Intellectual Standards Across College/University Curriculum
- Critical Thinking: The Role of Administration

- Remodeling Courses to Foster Critical Thinking
- Thinking Within a Discipline and Teaching Thinking Within a Discipline
- Thinking in a Unified Way Across the Disciplines
- How to Generate Appreciation of the Subject Matter and Make Knowledge Memorable to Students Through the Concept of Discovery and Critical Thinking
- Critical Thinking and Nursing Education

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

RESOURCES

The Foundation for Critical Thinking, sister organization to the Center for Critical Thinking, will have an extensive exhibit of resources available for participants during the 13th International Conference.

On display will be two new volumes of Richard Paul's works: *Critical Thinking: What Every Person Needs to Survive in a Rapidly Changing World,* and *Critical Thinking: How to Prepare Students to Survive in a Rapidly Changing World.* The first volume is designed for the general public, and the second is tailored to the needs of educators. Each has three new chapters:

• Accelerating Change: Increasing the Complexity and Quality of Our Thinking

- Critical Thinking: Identifying the Targets
- Pseudo Critical Thinking in the Educational Establishment

The books have been redesigned with a more reader-friendly format and new introductions. They provide the serious student of critical thinking with valuable insights into the potential and challenge of comprehensive critical thinking.

The Foundation also has on display two video tape series, *How to Teach for Critical Thinking* (9 tapes), and *The PBS Series*. The following additional tapes were produced especially for this conference.

- Pseudo Critical Thinking
- Critical Thinking: Global Economic Realities and Educational Reform
- Critical Thinking and Parenting

Information on the Regional Workshops and membership information for the National Council for Excellence in Critical Thinking will also be available at the Resources display. Members of the Foundation staff, led by John Pruess, will be available to answer your questions at the exhibit, located in the Dining Commons.

CONFERENCE HISTORY

HE 1993 CONFERENCE on Critical Thinking and Educational Reform reflects the development implicit in the twelve annual conferences which have preceded it. From the beginning, the First National Conference on Critical Thinking, Moral Education, and Rationality (1981), the concept of critical thinking we have fostered has been a comprehensive and deep one supported by intellectual standards and an emphasis on self-assessment, while remaining linked to broadly-based ethical concerns.

We began, in 1981, by bringing together some of the finest philosophical minds to reflect upon this crucial area of concern. Nicholas Rescher, Michael Scriven, Joseph Ullian, Julius Moravcsik, Ruth Marcus, Ralph Johnson, J. Anthony Blair, and Mary Anne Warren were among those who set us on our way. Beginning with those thinkers capable of the most profound and self-critical thought was an excellent foundation on which to build, however, we quickly saw that if progress were to be made, we had to expand our efforts to involve decision-makers at all levels of education. We were well aware that reports on educational reform would not reform education. Very often these reports themselves were in need of critique.

Subsequent conferences have been expanded progressively, growing to include more emphasis on students' crucial early years and on the forces and factors affecting the realities of teaching. We have sought to augment and unfold sound theory with models of sound practice hence our growing emphasis on workshops and video-tapes modeling instruction which are offered by our sister organization, The Foundation for Critical Thinking. An exhibit of the resources of the Foundation will

CONFERENCE HISTORY

CONFERENCE HISTORY

be located in the Dining Commons. This year, nearly 300 presenters will join us at Sonoma State University for lively discussions, intense intellectual growth, and opportunities to see how far-reaching the growth in the critical thinking movement has become. The global pressures we face, given the accelerating change of our world and the increasing complexity of our problems, supports our earlier perceptions: critical thinking is an imperative for all, not a luxury for the few. More and more national leaders in every field are sounding the echo. The question is how we can help educators and business people to respond effectively.

Within the education family, there have been two central problems which we have faced in bringing together K–12 and college instructors. Many college instructors and theoreticians have had little experience trying to translate the results of their research into classroom strategies at the K–12 level. Many K–12 teachers, in turn, have little sympathy or patience for any theory that cannot immediately be so translated. The tension between the need for a theoretical foundation, a critical thinking foundation for critical thinking if you will, and the urgency for teachers to have in their hands tools to deal with the severity of student apathy and poor thinking is tempering for both K–12 and college instructors. The conference is an opportunity to join together and take a fairminded view toward the need for both theory and practice.

It is important to recognize that we are still very much in the beginning stages of educational reform based on the goal of creating critical thinking classrooms and workplaces. The challenge is with us to communicate the broadest, most comprehensive vision of critical thinking to teachers, to business people, and to parents. We have reason to think that the need for an annual conference in critical thinking will continue indefinitely and expand to serve more and more astute individuals who come to see the larger picture. Inertia is a powerful force. The deeply entrenched compartmentalization of knowledge, the increasing sophistication of propaganda and mass manipulation techniques, the continuing dominance of rote memorization and recall of facts as modes of learning, the growth of television and the electronic media, the increasing conflict of opposing ideologies in the global village, the acceleration of misunderstanding and stereotype in international politics, the growing desire for a simplistic explanation of life wherein opposing groups are identified as essentially "good" or "evil," - all argue for the pressing need for fairminded critical thinking abilities and traits, underpinned with intellectual standards so necessary for self-assessment of thinking and thus, for continuous improvement.

We assume that all of the participants in the conference bring to it a shared general interest in critical thinking, understood as a family of interdependent intellectual skills and abilities in need of support by a complex of rational passions. We assume as well, then, that all participants share a commitment to the principle that such abilities and affective qualities can only be developed over an extended period of time and as the result of careful cultivation. We expect, therefore, that all participants will have some interest in the unique and necessary contributions of others working in diverse subject areas and at various educational levels.

Those who teach the early grades need to understand and appreciate the superstructure that is to be built upon the foundations they help to lay. Those who teach the middle grades need to understand and appreciate what has come before and what is to follow. And those who teach the later grades need to provide the capstones that will solidify the skills, insights, and passions that can secure life-long learning grounded in deeply internalized critical thinking abilities. Thus we hope that all participants will make some effort to communicate-with and build connections to others, to reach out beyond the parochialism of subject matter and grade level.

At the same time, we realize that special interest groups exist within the critical thinking movement and need to develop along a manifold of directions. We will be accommodating this need in numerous ways: 1) by classifying all presentations with a label that indicates possible special interest concerns (see audience code chart on page ajab and facing the inside back cover), 2) by listing sessions by special interest categories (see the grouped by interest section on page ajab), and 3) by setting up a meeting time on Sunday evening (7:00 pm) for groups to organize themselves into networks (see the section entitled Special Interest Groups, page ajab, for more information on these special interest meetings).

The evening social hours are intended to be an integral part of the conference. We are encouraging all of the presenters to make themselves available for the social hours in order to facilitate exchanges which are rarely possible in question and answer periods. We welcome you to this feast for the mind!

CONFERENCE THEME

E

ACH YEAR A conference theme is selected to address a current concern within the critical thinking community and to provide a thread of continuity between the various presentations. This year's conference focuses on the the new global economic realities and their implications for teaching and learning, business and politics, human rights and human conflicts, and population and the environment. Distinguished economist and social critic, Robert Heilbroner will join Richard Paul in three dialogue sessions that will focus on the social, political, and educational implications of the global changes. The nature of the new global economic realities are addressed in Paul's recently revised book, Critical Thinking: What Every Person Needs to Survive in a Rapidly Changing World. Excerpts from the new chapter, "Accelerating Change, the Complexity of Problems, and the Quality of Our Thinking" are printed below. (Available in the Commons, are books by Richard Paul, Robert Heilbroner, Robert Reich, and Lester Thurow concerning the new global realities.)

THE NATURE OF THE POST-INDUSTRIAL WORLD ORDER

The world is swiftly changing and with each day the pace quickens. The pressure to respond intensifies. New global realities are rapidly working their way into the deepest structures of our lives: economic, social, environmental realities — realities with profound implications for teaching and learning, for business and politics, for human rights and human conflicts. These realities are becoming increasingly complex; and

CONFERENCE THEME

CONFERENCE THEME

they all turn on the powerful dynamic of accelerating change. This chapter explores the general character of these changes and the quality of thinking necessary for effectively adapting to them.

> We can no longer rely on the past to be the guide for the future.

Consider the quiet revolution that is taking place in communications. From fax machines to e-mail, from bulletin board systems to computer delivery systems to home shopping, we are providing opportunities for people to not only be more efficient with their time, but to build invisible networks where goods, services, and ideas are exchanged with individuals the world over. But how is one to interface with this revolution? How much is one to learn and how fast? How much money should one spend on this or that new system? When is the new system cost effective? When should one wait for a newer development?

Can we deal with incessant and accelerating change and complexity without revolutionizing our thinking? Traditionally our thinking has been designed for routine, for habit, for automation and fixed procedure. We learned how to do something once, and then we did it over and over. Learning meant becoming habituated. But what is it to learn to continually re-learn? To be comfortable with perpetual re-learning? This is a new world for us to explore, one in which the power of critical thinking to turn back on itself in continual cycles and re-cycles of selfcritique is crucial.

Accelerating change is intermeshed with another powerful force, the increasing complexity of the problems we face. Consider, for a moment, solid waste management. This problem involves every level of government, every department: from energy to water quality, to planning, to revenues, to public health. Without a cooperative venture, without bridging the territorial domains, without overcoming the implicit adversarial process within which we currently operate, the responsible parties at each tier of government cannot even *begin* to solve these problems. When they do communicate, they often do not speak honestly about the issues given the human propensity to mask the limitations of one's position and promote one's narrow but deeply vested interests. These two characteristics, then, accelerating change and increasing complexity — with their incessant demand for a new capacity to adapt, for the now rare ability to think effectively through new problems and situations in new ways — sound the death knell for traditional methods of learning how to survive in the world in which we live. How can we adapt to reality when reality won't give us time to master it before it changes itself, again and again, in ways we cannot anticipate?

We can no longer rely on the past to be the guide for the future. Technology will continually race ahead, creating links that make the world smaller and smaller. New opportunities will continually emerge but within them are embedded new problems, hence the need for acute readiness and disciplined ingenuity. At every step along the way, how-

World-class, internationally-competitive companies recognize the need to play a new game...

ever, polished, satiny voices will tempt us astray with slick, simplistic messages that appear to guide us back to the "tried and true." Often, these voices in fact coax us into policies and practices that continually sacrifice our long-term interests to someone's short-term gain. In business, education, and politics, the same sirens echo.

World-class, internationally-competitive companies recognize the need to play a new game and have re-organized themselves accordingly. As Laura Tyson explains,

High productivity work-place organizations depend on workers who can do more than read, write, and do simple arithmetic, and who bring more to their jobs than reliability and a good attitude. In such organizations, workers are asked to use judgment and make decisions rather than to merely follow directions. Management layers disappear as workers take over many of the tasks that others used to do — from quality control to production scheduling. Tasks formerly performed by dozens of unskilled individuals are turned over to a much smaller number of skilled individuals. (Tyson, Laura D'Andrea. "Failing Our Youth: America's K-12 Education," New Perspectives Quarterly, Nathan Gordels, editor. Winter, 1993, p. 53)

CONFERENCE THEME

Bold changes in business organization and practices require parallel changes in education. Yet the U.S. public school systems, like most U.S. businesses, remain mired in the past, focused on lower order skills, and unresponsive to the need for higher order abilities. Again, as Laura Tyson puts it, "[Higher-order tasks] ... require higher-order language, math, scientific, and reasoning skills that America's K-12 education system is not providing."

Our students deserve at least a fighting chance to compete, to rise to the challenges of the day

Our students deserve at least a fighting chance to compete, to rise to the challenges of the day. Reconstructing and adapting our business and educational systems to teach our managers as well as our teachers and administrators how to create these higher order workplaces and classrooms, and then to expect them to do so in the ordinary course of their professional obligations, is our first major challenge. Today, at every level, we are failing this test, failing our students and workers, jeopardizing our future. What is missing is a genuine sense of what accelerating change entails and a shared public vision of the need for fundamental changes. Many of our leading economic analysts are struggling to create just such a new frame of reference within which we can come to terms with the new imperatives.

The necessary paradigm shifts, however, do entail the cultivation of critical thinking across the work force, up and down the lines of labor and management, across industries, across educational levels, and into the everyday discussions of national and international issues. This shift is painfully against the American grain, contrary to our traditional folk wisdom, and incompatible with much current thinking of both business and labor leaders.

IMPLICATIONS

What, then, do we need to do?

1) We must parent differently. We must respond differently to our children's "Why?" questions. We must not give them short didactic answers, but must encourage them to conjecture as to the

answers. We must call more attention to the extent of our own ignorance and not try to convince our children that adults have good answers for most of their questions.

- 2) We must work differently. We must bring the reality of cooperative critical thinking into the workplace in a thorough way. This means that we must abandon quick-fix strategies and recognize the counterfeits of substantial change. We must become aware of the difference, for example, between the jargon of "Total Quality Management" (which we now have in abundance) and the reality (which we almost entirely lack).
- 3) We must educate differently. We can no longer afford the high cost of educators who have few or no critical thinking skills, and little or no motivation to develop them. Teachers and administrators who do not themselves think critically, cannot design changes in curriculum and instruction that foster critical thinking. We must come to terms with the most fundamental problem in education today and that is "the blind leading the blind." Many educators do not realize that they are functionally blind to the demands of our post-industrial world.

WARNING! PSEUDO CRITICAL THINKING IS COMING

Pseudo critical thinking is a form of intellectual arrogance masked in self-delusion or deception, in which thinking which is deeply flawed is not only presented as a model of excellence of thought, but is also, at the same time, sophisticated enough to take many people in. No one takes a rock to be a counterfeit diamond. It is simply other than diamond. But a zircon mimics a diamond and is easily taken for one and hence can be said to be a pseudo diamond.

Because critical thinking is becoming more and more important, there is more and more pseudo critical thinking being sold. Below you can read an example of the kind of battle you may be called upon to fight in your own state or country. Richard Paul made the following statement at a press conference in the governor's press room on July 14, 1993. The political battle is now under way.

Good morning, and thank you very much for coming. I'm Richard Paul, director of the Center for Critical Thinking at Sonoma State University and the chair of the National Council for Excellence in Critical Thinking, an organization founded by 700 concerned national educational leaders. The Council has established 12 Centers around the country concerned to ensure that fundamental intellectual standards are entrenched in education and to sound the alarm on ill-conceived approaches to education and thinking. We are today releasing a study, entitled "Pseudo Critical Thinking

PSEUDO CRITICAL THINKING

in the Educational Establishment." It demonstrates that the new California reading and writing assessment is so flagrantly ill-conceived and designed, and so poorly implemented, that it constitutes no less than educational malpractice. We intend this term in its literal meaning of "professional practice leading to injury" — in this case, injury to the students who will mislearn reading and writing under its sway and influence.

We are therefore calling on the governor, on the new superintendent of public instruction, on the State Board of Education, and on all interested citizens and civic leaders to act directly and unequivocally to ensure that this goliath of educational incompetence not be used as a guide for teaching and instruction, and that appropriate and significant reading and writing skills be identified, sound intellectual standards adopted, and a well-grounded assessment instrument developed, one which will truly serve the interests of all of our children.

Let me explain why we think this an issue of public importance. The ability to think critically and to reason in a disciplined manner is now well-recognized to be an essential ability for students to develop. It often decides issues of survival in a world of accelerating change and intensifying complexity.

The National Education Goals Panel (consisting of 8 governors, two administration members, and four members of Congress), in its 1992 Goals Report, has declared critical thinking and sound reasoning to be national goals. Joined with this bi-partisan effort, the U.S. Departments of Labor and of Commerce have been working with the Department of Education to facilitate the development of national standards and assessment of critical thinking, problem-solving, and communication skills.

A growing number of business leaders, such as John Scully, President of Apple Corporation, have emphasized the importance of critical thinking. Scully, in fact, identifies the schools' ignoring of critical thinking to be the fundamental reason for their failure. He sees critical thinking as indispensible for the jobs of the future. Even the California Department of Education itself has given lip service to the importance of critical thinking in its curriculum frameworks and many of its other publications.

But here is the crucial link for our purpose today. The manner in which students learn to read and write is an indispensible cornerstone in their development of tools essential for their economic survival. Indeed, critical thinking and disciplined reasoning play a pivotal role in competent reading and writing. Many basic and essential reading and writing skills are none other than the skills of a critical reader and writer. These include such basic abilities as:

IN READING

- the ability to identify the main purpose of an author
- the ability to identify, analyze, and assess basic assumptions of an author
- the ability to identify, analyze, and assess the conclusions of an author and what the author is basing her conclusions on

IN WRITING

- the ability to write for a specific purpose and to a specific audience
- the ability to formulate significant questions, problems, and issues
- the ability to gather relevant information and evidence
- the ability to give good reasons and engage in sound reasoning in supporting what one is saying

Finally, I should note — for it is here that the California assessment is most deficient — that the hallmark of disciplined thinking is given in its regular use of traditional intellectual standards, such as clarity, precision, relevance, and consistency, which sound thinkers learn to apply routinely to their own thinking in cycles of self-correction.

Unfortunately, however, the California Department of Education's new reading and writing tests roundly ignore critical reading and writing. Instead they have developed, at great public expense, over a number of years, involving thousands of work hours of hundreds of people, an assessment that is hopelessly subjective and ill-conceived. It is an assessment instrument so riddled with fundamental flaws that it can only be called a colossal example of educational malpractice. It systematically encourages the use of vague categories and deficient practices. It guarantees that teachers, students, and the general public will be misled. It systematically rewards the wrong set of values: those which are subjective, idiosyncratic, and irrational.

The result is, ironically, that were the writings of Adolph Hitler to be assessed by their adopted standards, he would literally receive the highest possible score, that of exemplary writing, under the CAP system!

Furthermore, it is clear that the test has been devised precisely to raise test scores, particularly those of racial and ethnic minorities. The high test scores guaranteed by the ill-conceived California Language Arts Assess-

PSEUDO CRITICAL THINKING

ment will doubtless produce political gain for both the Department of Education and for the local educators who can then celebrate over their "success". But the children and the economy will pay the price for that success.

Employers are not looking for workers who, when required to read, figure out, and apply basic material in a technical manual, will create a "creative and subjective interpretation" of what is there. Instead they want workers who can identify clearly and precisely what the manual actually says. They want workers who can write clear and precise sentences, who can contribute by their disciplined reading, writing, speaking, and listening to effective problem identification, analysis, and solution.

These fundamental needs of business and industry, these fundamental abilities of the truly educated and disciplined reader and writer, are systematically ignored in the new California reading and writing assessment. The assessment tool as it now stands is not just an educational Edsel, it is an educational Titanic. It guarantees that our children will remain hopelessly undisciplined and unskilled, unable to read and write with clarity, precision, and accuracy, unable to use reading, writing, speaking, and listening as basic tools of everyday problem solving and communication. Well-reasoned reading and writing is essential to our children's lives as citizens, as family members, and as workers.

Furthermore, without the basic skills of critical reading and writing in place, our children will have no hope of developing the ability to reason scientifically, to reason mathematically, to reason historically, to reason geographically, to reason, in short, as a well-educated person must to be successful in a world increasingly dependent on complex problem solving and high quality thinking. We can ill afford to exchange our children's future and our economic well-being for the short-term political gains which the new California test is designed, wittingly or unwittingly, to achieve. We are therefore calling, as I have said, on the governor, on the superintendent of public instruction, on the State Board of Education, and on all interested citizens and civic leaders to act directly and unequivocally to ensure that this goliath of educational malpractice not be used as a guide for teaching and instruction. Instead, appropriate and significant critical reading and writing skills should be identified, sound intellectual standards articulated and adopted, and a well-grounded assessment instrument developed, one which will well serve the interests of all our children by preparing them to compete effectively in a rapidly changing world.

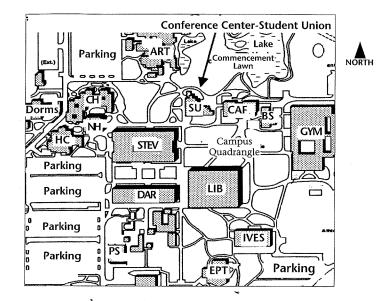
How to Find the Sessions You Want to Attend

UE TO THE large number of sessions, we have designed the Conference Schedule with a number of special sections, each of which lists the sessions in a unique way: chronologically, by presenter name, and some sessions listed by selected audience codes (see page 61). The following recommendations may make planning your conference attendance easier.

- Each session has audience codes which indicate areas addressed. Most of these codes are assigned by the presenter. The key to these codes is located on page 31, as well as on the last page of the program.
- The conference schedule section is best used to view the schedule as a whole. It lists the sessions chronologically, giving the presenter name(s), session title, location, and audience codes. The abstracts can be located by referencing the presenter's name.
- The abstracts are listed alphabetically by presenter's name. If there are some speakers you especially want to see, you can find out what talks they will give and when.
- There is also a listing of some sessions by selected audience codes. This section is not intended to give a complete list of every session addressing that category, but rather to highlight some that have especially strong emphasis in those areas. Again, the abstracts can be found by referencing the presenter's name.

SESSION PLANNING

- If you're especially interested in hands-on sessions, check the abstract. Many abstracts describe the nature of the session, as well as more detail about the content. If the abstract is unclear, arrive early and ask the presenter if the session is hands-on.
- For your convenience, we've included a planning guide on page 32. This worksheet can be used to list the sessions you plan to attend, as well as back up options.
- Some sessions will inevitably attract many attendees. Because this is difficult to predict, you should always have one or two back-up sessions selected just in case your first and second selections are already filled.
- Mark all changes from the Special Announcements and Changes Sheet (included in the conference handouts picked up at registration) in your schedule.



AUDIENCE CODES

ELEM	elementary school
MID/HIGH	middle/high school
К–12	kindergarten–12th grade
	post-secondary education
	advance session
BEG	. beginners in critical thinking
BUS	business
	related to conference theme
COMPUTER ASST ED	. computer assisted instruction
	economics
	environment
FEM	feminism
G	
	health sciences
	human conflicts
	human rights
	language arts/English
	math/science
	media, media literacy
	multi-culturalism
	peace studies
	politics, political science
	psychology
	social studies
SOCIOL	
	testing and assessment
THEORY	theoretical orientation

SESSION PLANNING

INDIVIDUAL PLANNING GUIDE

	Sunday	Monday
8:45 ам to 10:15 ам	9:00 AM Keynote # 1 Richard Paul (Commencement area)	
10:30 ам to 12:00 рм	10:30 AM Keynote # 2 Robert Heilbroner (Commencement area)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(Dorm resid	e: Lunch Break from 12:00 pm – 1:3 ents between 11:30 am – 1:30 pm onl e Dining Hall)	30 pm OR 1:45 pm – 3:00 pm y;
12:15 рм to 1:45 рм		
1:30 рм to 3:00 рм		
3:15 рм to 4:45 рм		
5:00 PM		5:30 PM-8:00 PM
6:00 PM		Banquet
7:00 PM	7:00 PM–11:00 PM Evening Social, including	(Commons)
8:00 PM	Special Interest Groups,	8:00–9:15 8:00–11:00 National Council Evening
9:00 PM	see page 58 (Commons)	Meeting Social
10:00 PM	Commonsy	purpose room) (Commons)
11:00 PM		

	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY
8:45 AM to 10:15 AM		
10:30 AM to 12:00 PM		
(Dorm resid	e: Lunch Break from 12:00 pm - ents between 11:30 am – 1:30 pm e Dining Hall)	- 1:30 pm OR 1:45 pm – 3:00 pm only;
12:15 PM to 1:45 PM	· · · ·	
1:30 PM to 3:00 PM		Last Session Wrap-up [Ives (Warren)]
3:15 PM to 4:45 PM		·
5:00 PM		
6:00 PM	,,,,,,,	
7:00 PM	7:00 PM-11:00 PM	
8:00 PM	Evening Social (Commons)	
9:00 PM		
10:00 PM	* .	
11:00 PM		

SUNDAY

9:00 AM - 10:15 AM

RICHARD PAUL COMMENCEMENT AREA Critical Thinking and Educational Reform for the 21st Century and the New Global Economic Realities

10:30 AM - 12:00 PM

ROBERT HEILBRONER COMMENCEMENT AREA The New Global Economic Realities and Critical Thinking

12:00 PM - 1:30 PM OR 1:45 PM - 3:00 PM

12:15 PM - 1:45 PM

- WILLIAM A. DORMAN, RALPH JOHNSON.
 IVES 119

 Media Logic MEDIA, MID/HIGH, COLL
 IVES 119

 RICHARD POPE
 STEV 3008

 The Debating Process Instills Critical Thinking in Your Elementary
 School Students and Makes You Thinner, Sexier, and Attractive to

 Movie Stars!
 ELEM, BEG
- PETER FACIONE, NOREEN C. FACIONE STEV 2049 Assuring Critical Thinking in the Professional Nurse: A Response to NLN Criterion 20 HEALTH, TEST, COLL

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

SUNDAY	LEAH SHELLEDA Dar 137 Does Logic Teach Critical Thinking? COLL, TEST, LANG, ADV
12:15 РМ – 1:45 РМ Continued	MICHAEL FEER
MARY E. DIETZ, BOB VAN ZANT STEV 3036 Professional Development Portfolio: A Constructivist Approach for Professional Development K-12, STAFF DEV, TEST, ADV	GEORGE M. LUCKEY, JR
RICHARD S. HALL	PAUL ADY IVES 45 Bringing the Play Element into Critical Thinking Instruction: The Brutus Family of Dysfunctional Arguers LANG, MEDIA, G
LES GOTTESMANNICH 204 Asking Dumb Questions G	HERMAN HALUZA
C. LINCOLN JOHNSON	3 :15 рм – 4:45 рм
1:30 рм – 3:00 рм	ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL EPT "The Relentless, Ubiquitous Pressure for Change:" How Do We Protect the Public Good G, CONF THEME
MARY E. DIETZ, BOB VAN ZANT STEV 3036 Professional Development Portfolio: A Constructivist Approach for Professional Development K-12, STAFF DEV, TEST, ADV RICHARD S. HALL STEV 3026 The Impact of Critical Thinking on Corporate Training BUS LES GOTTESMAN. NICH 204 Asking Dumb Questions c NICH 204 C. LINCOLN JOHNSON STEV 3030 Religious Values and Critical Thinking: The Quest Dimension SOCIOL, MUL-CULT, H CON Isoo PM GERALD NOSICH. VES (WARREN) An Introduction to Critical Thinking: What Is It? Why Should I Teach for It? How Can I Teach for It? G, BEG SUMPR LORENZ BOEHM. STEV 1002 Natural Allies: Teaching, Learning, Writing, and Critical Thinking, Part I COULTEST, MID/HIGH SUMPR JANE WILLSEN SUMPR Critical Thinking and Parenting: Expanding Your Critical Thinking STEV 3072 Critical Thinking for All Students LANG, SOC STUD, SCI ROBERT SWARTZ, SANDRA PARKS DAR 112 Infusing Critical and Creative Thinking into Content Instruction G BONNIE BAKER THORNE, ANN JERABEK IVES 35 Developing Strategies That Use Critical Thinking to Infuse a Global P	YEHUDI O. WEBSTER, DAN WEIL, WILLIAM ZEIGER, HILDA CABANEL-EVANS, SUSAN M. AWBREY IVES (WARREN) Panel Discussion on Multi-Culturalism MUL-CULT
LORENZ BOEHM. STEV 1002 Natural Allies: Teaching, Learning, Writing, and Critical Thinking, Part I COLL,TEST, MID/HIGH	LORENZ BOEHM.
JANE WILLSEN	JOHN CHAFFEE
CONNIE DE CAPITE	JIM POLLARD STEV 3008 A Different Way of Thinking ADV, BUS, H CON, G
ROBERT SWARTZ, SANDRA PARKS DAR 112 Infusing Critical and Creative Thinking into Content Instruction G	MACGREGOR EDDY STEV 2049 From Novice to Expert in the Era of the Information Overload STEV 2049
BONNIE BAKER THORNE, ANN JERABEK IVES 35 Developing Strategies That Use Critical Thinking to Infuse a Global Perspective into the Curriculum K-12, SOC STUD	HEALTH, COLL JUDY R. DOWNS. A Mini-Workshop in Critical and Creative Thinking K-12, COLL, LANG
WILLIAM TAYLOR. STEV 3049 Helping Students Acquire the Knowledge About Which We Want Them to Think Critically COLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD	NANCY C. GLOCK
	ANN KERWIN, MARLYS H. WITTE, CHARLES L. WITTE IVES 35 "The Unanswered Question" Meets "The Ultimate Learning Center" G, HEALTH
JOHN O'BRIEN. IVES 78 Thinking in the Workplace HIGH, COLL, SCI, BUS DENNIS MARTINEZ. DAR 139 Traditional Indigenous Knowledge and Western Science: Cross- Cultural Perspectives on Environmental Knowledge ENV, MUL-CULT	JAMES GEIGER DAR 112 Toward a Philosophy of Critical Thinking H CON, POL

Does Logic Teach Critical Thinking? COLL, TEST, LANG, ADV
MICHAEL FEER STEV 3046 Decision Making and the World Market-Place ECON, CONF THEME
GEORGE M. LUCKEY, JR.
PAUL ADY IVES 45 Bringing the Play Element into Critical Thinking Instruction: The Brutus Family of Dysfunctional Arguers LANG, MEDIA, G
HERMAN HALUZA
3:15 рм – 4:45 рм
ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL EPT "The Relentless, Ubiquitous Pressure for Change:" How Do We Protect the Public Good G, CONF THEME
YEHUDI O. WEBSTER, DAN WEIL, WILLIAM ZEIGER, HILDA CABANEL-EVANS, SUSAN M. AWBREY IVES (WARREN) Panel Discussion on Multi-Culturalism MUL-CULT
LORENZ BOEHM
JOHN CHAFFEE
JIM POLLARD
MACGREGOR EDDY STEV 2049 From Novice to Expert in the Era of the Information Overload HEALTH, COLL
JUDY R. DOWNS
NANCY C. GLOCK
ANN KERWIN, MARLYS H. WITTE, CHARLES L. WITTE IVES 35 "The Unanswered Question" Meets "The Ultimate Learning Center" G, HEALTH
JAMES GEIGER
•

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

SUNDAY

3:15 рм – 4:45 рм

Continued

- RAQUEL HENRY, NELLIE THOROGOOD,
- **GRADY E. WILLIAMS III** DAR 139 A Role-Playing Model for Introducing Critical Thinking and Creative Concept Structuring in Environmental Science ENV, SCI, G
- JOHN F. LOASE, SHERRON SARGENT DAR 122 Sigfluence Our Positive Influence Over Time: A Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis MATH/SCI, PSYCH, TEST
- KATHERINE Z. SMITH, HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN STEV 3046 Global Peace Games: A Role-Play Using Lawrence Kolberg's Stages of Moral Development PEACE, POL, PSYCH, H CON
- DENNIS MATTHIES..... IVES 79 The New Economy, the New Pedagogy G
- PETER FACIONE DAR 137 Classroom Critical Thinking Assessment — The Basic Ways and Means TEST, SOC STUD, COLL, MID/HIGH

- DIANE D. CHEATWOOD STEV 2065 Thinking Across the College: The Integrated Thinking Skills (Faculty) Project Expands HIGH, COLL, STAFF DEV
- GLEN HARPER STEV 3028 Come Think With Me: Assumptions, Backing Up to the Start H CON, K-12, BEG

- BARRY LESHOWITZ, ELAINE YOSHIKAWA IVES 45 How to Reduce Cognitive Bias and Promote Critical Thinking COLL
- JOEL PETERSON, MARY ASPNES, CONNIE STACK..... STEV 3030 Thinking on All Four Burners: A Holistic Approach Which Recognizes Diversity in Good Thinking COLL, LANG

7:00 PM

SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS DINING COMMONS Please see page 58 for details.

7:00 PM - 11:00 PM

EVENING SOCIAL DINING COMMONS

MONDAY

8:45 AM - 10:15 AM

YEHUDI O. WEBSTER
EDWARD D'ANGELO
JOHN CHAFFEE IVES 119 Designing an Effective Course in Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HICH
JANE WILLSEN
MARK WEINSTEIN CAR 68 Critical Thinking and the Goals of Science Education SCI, COLL, HIGH
JIM POLLARD
ROBERT SWARTZ

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

MONDAY

8:45 AM - 10:15 AM

Continued

- JACKIE A. GIULIANO ART 108 The Development of Social Responsibility and Environmental Awareness Through Techniques in Critical Teaching — A Community Involvement Approach ENV, TEST, MATH/SCI, SOC STUD
- SUSAN M. AWBREY IVES 35 Educating Critical Thinkers for a Democratic Society COLL, MUL-CULT, POL, SOCIOL
- WILLIAM TAYLOR. STEV 3049 Leading Classroom Discussions to Promote Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HICH, SOC STUD
- OGDEN MORSE IVES 78 Points of View: The Application of Thinking Skills to Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL
- JUAN MIGUEL FERNANDEZ-BALBOA..... DAR 139 Educational Reform for Social Transformation and Environmental Renewal ENV, SOC STUD, CONF THEME
- JUDITH COLLISON...... DAR 122 Overcoming Math Anxiety of Elementary School Teachers MATH, ELEM, TEST
- GEORGE H. HANFORD STEV 3046 How to Save the World: Through Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, CONF THEME
- WEBSTER E. COTTON...... DAR 137 Thinking, Language, and the Human Project: Re-Discovering the Meaning or Significance of Plato's Allegory of the Cave PSYCH, SOCIOL, H RIGHTS, COLL
- JOEL PETERSON, CONNIE STACK, MARY ASPNES..... STEV 3040 Strategies for Developing Critical Thinking Which Is Factual, Imaginative, and Value-Conscious as Well as Logical COLL, ADV

NOREEN FACIONE, CAROL SANCHEZ, PETER FACIONE
CHARLES V. BLATZ
TARA D. KNOTT STEV 2065 The Thoughtful Use of Distance Education Technology TECHNOLOGY, G
MONICA M. C. KOEP
GLEN HARPER
DARLENE BOYD IVES 45 Teaching: A Conceptual Analysis G, ADV
JEANNETTE M. CATSOULIS STEV 3030 Gender Conflict: Images of Women in Advertising MEDIA, FEM, SOC STUD
BARBARA FORREST
GREGORY RICH

10:30 AM - 12:00 PM

- **ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL......EPT** Robert Reich's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Do We Need Workers Who Can Think Critically? How Broadly and Well Must Citizens Learn to Think? G, CONF THEME
- DAN WEIL. SUMPR Critical Thinking, Critical Writing, and Literature-Based Whole Language Instruction ELEM
- WENDY OXMAN CAR 68 Many Faces of Critical Thinking G

MONDAY

10:30 AM - 12:00 PM

Continued

- DOMINGA L. REYES, KEVIN MCCORMACK STEV 3072 Global Education: The Way to Peace MUL-CULT, PEACE, COLL, MEDIA
- MARLYS H. WITTE, ANN KERWIN, CHARLES L.WITTE... IVES 35 It Pays to Be Ignorant: The Costs and Value of Not-Knowing K-12, COLL, HEALTH
- JOSEPHINE NAEHRBASS, GAIL KENDALL..... STEV 3049 "Putting It all Together:" An Integrated Staff Development Model C, STAFF DEV
- HENRY N. BUSCHER, LIANNE K. SCHNEIDER DAR 139 Environmental Ethics in the New Global Economy: A Critical Thinking Approach for Secondary Students MID/HIGH, ENV, SOCIOL, ECON

- WILLIAM K. MAREK. STEV 3046 Reason (Unreason), Thought (Rational and Irrational), and Human Conflict PEACE, H CON, PSYCH
- CHARLES ANGELETTI IVES 79 Relics, Letters, and Walk-Abouts: Creative Expression Through Critical Thinking COLL, SOC STUD

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

LAWRENCE WEINSTEIN
RON MCBRIDE, GLENDA W. BEAMON STEV 2065 Preparing the Future Critical Thinker: Structuring the Middle School Learning Environment for Critical Thinking MID, G
LYNN P. DIETER
CHRISTINA SLADE IVES 45 Critical Thinking in Groups COLL, MEDIA, LANG, TEST
JANNA LEE HUGO STEV 3030 Teaching to the Brain K-12
GRANT LUCKHARDT NICH 304 Criteria for Assessing Authorities COLL, TEST
FLORENCE FAY PRITCHARD NICH 166 Negotiating and Using Frames to Develop Specific Critical Thinking and Writing Skills LANG, G
CANDACE JESSE STOUT
ERNEST ROSENBERG
12:00 PM - 1:30 PM OR 1:45 PM - 3:00 PM

12:00 PM - 1:30 PM OR 1:45 PM - 3:00 PM

LUNCH DINING COMMONS Dorm residents between 11:30 – 1:30 only: Residence Dining Hall

12:15 рм - 1:45 рм

- STUART M. KEELEY. IVES (WARREN) What Can Psychotherapists Tell Us About How to Cope with Resistance to Critical Thinking PSYCH, COLL

- VIRGINIA O'KEEFE IVES 78 Empowering Students and Teachers Through Critical Thinking Research STAFF DEV, MID/HICH, LANG

MONDAY

Continued

- **PETER F. BELL** **STEV 3026** Integrating Race and Gender into the Economics Curriculum: Theory and Classroom Practice ECON, MUL-CULT, FEM, COLL
- FRANCINE MALDER JAMIN IVES 45 A Small Band in a Circle of Light — Teaching Writing and Reasoning in a "Quality Circle" LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH
- **ROBERT N. GILBERT.** STEV 3030 Doing Survey Research in the Intro Social Science Course: Putting Science Back into Social Science, an Example of Critical Thinking SOC STUD, HIGH
- **LETITIA M. JOHNSTON, CONNIE CANTRELL..... STEV 3077** Risk Taking and Real Issues: A Perspective of the Teacher as Learner C, CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

1:30 PM - 3:00 PM

MATTHEW LIPMAN. Philosophy for Children as Critical/Creative Thinking K-12	. IVES 119
GERALD NOSICH	SUMPR

- Critical Thinking in the Disciplines: The "Logic of" a Discipline C, BEG
- DENNIS MATTHIES..... STEV 3008 Plowing and Grinding vs. Working Reflectively G, BEG

DEANNA YAMEEN, LYNN CHONG, FREDERIC TORZS,
PATRICIA ALLEN
RICHARD B. LEWIS
JOHN BYRD. NICH 173 Metaphorical Thinking in the 21 st Century: Frill, Option, or Sina Qua Non? LANG, SOC STUD, MID/HIGH
BRADLEY BOWEN
TIMOTHY M. MELCHIOR
ERVIN SPARAPANI. STEV 2065 The Thinking/Learning System: A Strategy for Independent Thinking and Learning G
DAVID GLAUBINGER STEV 3028 Don't Worry! We'll Teach You Everything You'll Need to Know ADULT EDUCATION
CRAIG GIBSON NICH 304 Critical Thinking in the Research Process LIBRARY SCIENCE, G, SOC STUD
3:15 PM – 4:45 PM

- **ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL......EPT** Lester Thurow's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Can We Develop a First-Rate Economy and First-Rate Standard of Living, if Citizens Learn Merely Work-Related Skills and Cannot Think Critically Within Alternative Points of View? G, CONF THEME
- LORENZ BOEHM, MARK WEINSTEIN IVES (WARREN) Balancing Acts: Working With Colleagues to Teach Critical Thinking STAFF DEV, COLL
- YEHUDI O. WEBSTER. STEV 1002 Are There White and Black People? Reasoning About Racial Classification G, SOC STUD, MUL-CULT
- JOHN CHAFFEE, SANDRA DICKINSON. IVES 119 Critical Literacy and Critical Thinking: Partners in Education LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

MONDAY

3:15 PM - 4:45 PM

Continued

CHET MEYERS CAR 68 Creating an Active Learning Classroom that Encourages Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH JOHN R. FEARE, SANDRA PARKS, ROBERT SWARTZ ... STEV 3008 Critical Thinking and Global Economics Within a Theological Dimension CONF THEME DONALD LAZERE STEV 2049 Literature for Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH Galileo and Critical Thinking COLL, SCI, H CON, H RIGHTS WILLIAM ZEIGER STEV 3072 Freedom of Imagination: Stories and Critical Thinking MUL-CULT. LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH VINCENT RYAN RUGGIERO DAR 112 Who's to Say What's Right and Wrong? G, H CON ELISA DE LA ROCHE IVES 35 Drama, Critical Thinking, and Social Issues DRAMA, H CON, SOC STUD, G JACKIE A. GIULIANO STEV 3049 Critical Textbook Selection — A Fundamental Prerequisite for Teaching: Watching Out for Subtle Gender Bias FEM, COLL, TEST, SOCIOL Literature and Problem Solving: The Integration of Thinking Skills and Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL Yun Ja Lassek Dar 139 Teaching Environmental Ethics Through Various Critical Thinking Methods ENV WENDY OXMAN DAR 122 Case Studies in Teaching for Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, G Strategies for Teaching Critical Reading COLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD MEENAKSHI (MEENA) DALAL..... STEV 3046 Economic Reality and Human Conflict ECON, CONF THEME PETER FACIONE, JOANNE GAINEN NICH 173 Are New College Students Disposed to Think? LANG, COLL, TEST

Critical Thinking at the Work Site, in Developmental English Classes, and in Continuing Professional Education: Argument and the Case Study COLL, LANG, BUS, H CON RICHARD J. MCCALLUM. STEV 3036 Using Writing as a Method of Encouraging Critical Thinking COLL MID/HIGH, LANG WILLIAM PENDLETON STEV 2065 Instructional Design for the 21st Century: High School Classrooms That Nourish Critical Thinking for All Students HIGH, MUL-CULT RENATE OTTERBACH, EVA HONSA-HOGG IVES 45 Cooperative Learning and Critical Thinking: A Winning Combination MID/HIGH, ADV, SOC STUD Reading the Spaces Between Words: A Critical Inquiry into Toni Morrison's Use of Language in The Bluest Eye FEM, LANG, COLL JUDITH SCHWARTZ..... STEV 3077 Developing Reflective Practitioners: How Teacher Research Leads to Improved Critical Thinking and Classroom Instruction K-12, STAFF DEV IEANNE BECHOS NICH 166 In the MUD: A Critical Reading Strategy HIGH, LANG, MEDIA, SOC STUD KIM SKOOG, DOMININA K. CALLAGHAN STEV 2083 Ways to Encourage Critical Thinking in Medical Ethics Classes HEALTH, ETHICS 5:30 PM - 8:00 PM BANQUET DINING COMMONS 8:00 PM - 9:15 PM

47

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

ROBERT C. PINTO STEV 3040

CARROL STEEDMAN STEV 3026

Can Learning Logic Help Students Improve Their Thinking? ADV,

PSYCH, COLL

EVENING SOCIAL DINING COMMONS

8:00 PM - 11:00 PM

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

TUESDAY 8:45 AM – 10:15 AM

RICHARD W. PAUL
VINCENT RYAN RUGGIERO STEV 1002 Teaching Thinking Across the Curriculum G
JOHN CHAFFEE
GERALD NOSICH
RALPH H. JOHNSON. STEV 3008 Argumentation: A Pragmatic Approach THEOR
NOREEN C. FACIONE, CAROL A. SANCHEZ STEV 2049 Critical Thinking Research and the Health Professions HEALTH, PSYCH, TEST, ADV
JACKIE A. GIULIANO ART 108 Gender and Science: The Impact of the Absence of a Feminist Voice — Putting the Human Spirit Back into Science Education FEM, MATH/SCI, SOC/ STUD, ENV
WILLIA L. NWA
JOHN EDWARDS, TIMOTHY MELCHIOR IVES 35 The Researcher and the Practitioner MID/HIGH, STAFF DEV, BUS, G
CAROL M. ELLIS STEV 3049 Critical Thinking as Controversy FEM, LANG, COLL, MUL-CULT
JOHN ENRIGHT
PETER FACIONE IVES 78 Teaching Critical Thinking Using TV Drama Lang, coll, media, mid/high
OBED NORMAN DAR 122 Critical Thinking and the Education of Science Teachers: Building a Community of Meaning Makers SCI, MUL-CULT, G
JOANN CARTER-WELLS, CINDY L. LYNCH
:

Project This	DALL, DIANE WHEELERNICH 173 nk: An Integrated Language Arts Approach to Critical ANG, MID/HIGH, H RIGHTS, ENV
ROBIN SKEW How to Thi	ES-COX, BENNET SKEWES-COX STEV 3046
BURTON VOC Moral Orier	DRHEES
JENNIFER WII Action Scient BUS, H CON, F	LD
Reconstruct	NTA STEV 3036 tion of Classroom Climates: Operations in Skepticism and DLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD
JANIS L. SILV Economics	ERMAN STEV 2065 for Kids ECON, K-12, SOC STUD
LYNN J. LOFT A Prescripti Persuasive 1	THOUSE, PH.D IVES 45 ion for Building Critical Thinking Skills Through Message Construction G
Teaching C	DER
KAY BLAIR Improving (Critical Thinking Through Supplemental Instruction COLL
Activating a	IS, KEVIN FELDMAN
Re-Reading	RNELL
Douglas B. School-to-W	ARETZ STEV 2083 Fork Transition (Tech Prep) in Metro-Milwaukee G, BUS
Critical Thi	N IVES 76 nking: The Magic Wand That Integrates Curriculum tudio) ELEM, MID, STAFF DEV
	10:30 AM - 12:00 PM
RICHARD W.	

TUESDAY 10:30 AM - 12:00 PM

Continued

Continued
DAN WEIL. SUMPR Critical Thinking and Elementary School Mathematics ELEM
JOHN BARELL
MARK WEINSTEIN CAR 68 How to Get from Ought to Is: Post-Modern Epistemology and Social Justice HRIGHTS, THEORY
T. EDWARD DAMER
MARYBETH YOUNG
OGDEN MORSE ART 108 Making Meaning in the Classroom: Skills, Perspectives, and Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL, LANG
CONSTANCE DEVEREAUX, WILLIAM G. MUNN DAR 112 Is There a Problem Here? A Policy Analysis of Critical Thinking in California Community Colleges COMM COLL, STAFF DEV, TEST
K. Helmut Reich, Sandra Parks stev 3049 Spirituality and Critical Thinking PSYCH, MUL-CULT
PETER DOW ADAMS IVES 78 Critical Thinking in the Core Classroom Mul-cult, Coll, Humanities, ART
Don Waxman, J. Theodore Stanley, John Zentner
JUDY FISHEL
JEAN ANN FOLEY

- STAFF DEV, ELEM, MATH/SCI BENNET SKEWES-COX, ROBIN SKEWES-COX..... STEV 3046 How to Think About War and Peace, Part II H CON, PEACE, G
- **RUBY TROW, MARILYNN FILBECK** DAR 137 Involving Students in Assessing Academic Performance TEST, G

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

DEE	BRA M. MURPHY, FRAN TOOMEY STEV 302 Learnership/Leadership Model: "Traveling into the 21st Century" BUS, COLL
Lar	RY LITECKY
Seb	ASTIAN J. VASTA, MIRIAM K. MLYNARSKI NICH 20 Information Access and Critical Thinking: Managing the Information Explosion G, LIBRARY SCIENCE
М.	STAR MAHARA, S. DAWN PATTERSON STEV 302 Writing to Learn: The Use of Journals to Teach and Evaluate Thinking COLL, TEST, HEALTH
BAR	BARA J. HITCHKO, DAN BURRITT IVES 4 Teaching for the Future and Preparing Students for the Educational Demands of the 21 st Century: Problems, Strategies, and Solutions K-12
Тно	Alienation in Families and Classrooms: Repairing the Bond ADV, H CON, SOCIOL, PSYCH
Јон	N C. S. KIM STEV 307 Creative Critical Approaches to Educational Reform COLL, MID/HIGH, MUL-CULT, LANG
Βιιι	GRAVES
Roe	BERT ESFORMES STEV 208 Critical Thinking Journals and Newsletters MEDIA, LANG, COLL
Үен	On Becoming a (Better?) Critical Thinking Instructor: The Elements of Thought G, VIDEO
JEFF	REY REED, SCOTT SCHOEPP
	12:00 рм – 1:30 рм ог 1:45 рм – 3:00 рм

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

TUESDAY 12:15 PM – 1:45 PM

- M. NEIL BROWNE ART 108 Tensions Between Democracy and Critical Thinking: Implications for Our Teaching SOC STUD, MID/HIGH, COLL
- DAVID SMOCK DAR 139 Thinking Critically About Nature: Using Critical Theory ENV, SOCIOL, SOC STUD
- NORMAN J. UNRAU IVES 78 Critical Thinking in the Narrative Mode: The Force of Stories LANG, SOC STUD, G
- JAMES HENRY QUINA NICH 173 Teaching Conflict Resolution Through Metaphor LANG, H CON, H RIGHTS, SOC STUD
- PAUL J. BAKER. STEV 3036 Critical Thinking in Social Science and Social Studies: Authentic Work and Authentic Assessment HIGH, SOC STUD, SOCIOL, TEST
- JONAH RASKIN NICH 204 Abbie Hoffman: Critical Thinker? MEDIA, POL, SOC STUD, LANG
- LAUREN COODLEY STEV 3028 *Psychology as a Critical Thinking Requirement: How to Do it* PSYCH, COLL
- JEAN ROBB, HILARY LETTS STEV 2083 Turning Critical Thinking into an Adventure for All G

1:30 рм – 3:00 рм

MATTHEW LIPMAN IVES 119 Alternatives in Narrative Philosophy K-12
SUSAN HALES
LES GOTTESMAN CAR 68 Toon Logic G
VINCENT RYAN RUGGIERO

A Cross-Cultural Study of the Interplay Between Reason, Revelation, and Realization MUL-CULT)72
JUDITH COLLISON)49
HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN	
JIM POLLARD	137
CONNIE MISSIMER)40
RICHARD L. LAUGHLIN, JANET LAUGHLIN STEV 30 An Educational Paradigm Shift G)36
MANUEL MENA,)26
JARED HAYNES)65
LARRY TOMLINSON IVES Critical Thinking and Cultural Bashing POL, SOC STUD, MEDIA	45
HELEN E. R. DITZHAZY STEV 30 Who Eventually Pays? MID/HIGH, PSYCH, ECON)77
DAN WEIL	76
GEORGE COLLISON)40
2:15 pag. 4:45 pag	

3:15 pm – 4:45 pm

- MARK WEINSTEIN STEV 1002 Critical Thinking Across the College Curriculum: What Faculty Wants and Needs STAFF DEV, COLL SUSAN HALES SUMPR
- Uncovering the Connections Among Self-Esteem, Critical Thinking, Moral Behavior, and Educational Achievement, Part II K–12, PSYCH
- **GERALD NOSICH** IVES 119 Learning to Think Critically Within a Discipline G, BEG

ADOLFO SANCHEZ, LUZ E. LOPEZ NICH 204

CONFERENCE SCHEDULE

TUESDAY

3:15 рм – 4:45 рм Continued

- MARK A. WILCOX The Brain: A Model for the Effective Formation and Utilization of Teams PSYCH, HICH, BUS
- JUDI HIRSCH STEV 3072 The Dynamic Assessment of Learning Potential: Combining the Theories of Freire and Feuerstein TEST, MUL-CULT, PSYCH, H RIGHTS

- ARTHUR COHEN. STEV 3046 "Become Streetwise!" A Women's Guide to Personal Safety G, H CON
- **DONALD HATCHER**..... DAR 137 Grading the Ennis-Weir Critical Thinking Essay Test TEST, G
- WENDY OXMAN STEV 3026 The THORP Game MUL-CULT, G

Making Connections K-12	
VIRGINIA B. EPSTEIN Critical Reading and Popular Culture: Women as Heroes in Film FEM, K-12, H CON	. IVES 45
MICHAEL MCLAIN-MIDKIFF	TEV 3030
DIXON WRAGG	TEV 3077

PATRICIA B. CHEYNE..... NICH 166 Global Awareness Through Aesthetic Education MUL-CULT, K-12, SOC STUD, ART

the World HRIGHTS, SOCIOL, POL, H CON

PENNY HEASLIP, RICHARD W. PAUL IVES 76 Critical Thinking and Intuition in Nursing Practice HEALTH, COLL, CURRICULUM, POL, VIDEO

7:00 рм - 11:00 рм

WEDNESDAY

8:45 AM - 10:15 AM

- **GERALD NOSICH** IVES 119 Some Nuts and Bolts of Critical Thinking: Identifying People's Assumptions G, BEG
- M. NEIL BROWNE, STUART M. KEELEY ART 108 Getting Started as a Teacher of Critical Thinking: Planning Curriculum Materials, Assignments, and Evaluation COLL
- **R. SCOTT SMITH**..... STEV 3072 A Framework for Applying Critical Thinking to Inter-Cultural Encounters MUL-CULT, H CON
- KATY DAWSON IVES 35 Five, Six, and Seven Year Olds: Powerful Thinkers Right from the Start! ELEM, H CON, LANG, MATH, BL-LINGUAL

WEDNESDAY

8:45 AM - 10:15 AM Continued

PAUL J. BAKER, JUDITH LAWSON
MARK A. WILCOX ART 108 Did You Ever Have to Make Up Your Mind? Using Whole-Brain Thinking to Make Good Decisions BUS, HIGH, PSYCH
SUE Y. LUCKEY
LEROI DANIELS, SHARON BAILIN, ROLAND CASE, JERROLD COOMBS
HILDA CABANEL-EVANS
DR. NICKI HOYT IVES 78 Critical Thinking Teaching Strategies in Nursing and Health Sciences HEALTH, MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS, COLL
LOWELL COOPER IVES 79 Using Critical Thought as a Way Out of Negative Relationship Cycles PSYCH, H CON
ANNIE K. KOSHI NICH 173 Holistic Grammar Through Socratic Questioning Lang
CINDY L. LYNCH
DAVID FITZGERALD

12:00 PM - 1:30 PM

LUNCH DINING COMMONS Dorm residents between 11:30 – 1:30 only: Residence Dining Hall

1:30 PM - 3:00 PM

WRAP-UP IVES (WARREN)

Critical Talk: Developing Critical Thinking and Critical Consciousness K-12, LANG, ECON	-
RUTH M. LORING IVES 7. Critical Thinking and Professional Development: An Approach Consistent with "Communitarian Capitalism" TEST, STAFF DEV	8
WILLIAM A. HAYES	2
KIRK G. DADDOW	3
MARGARET N. TURNER, CLAUDETTE FRANKLIN, JUDITH B. SMITH	7
RENÉ TRUJILLO, JR	5
CHARLES V. BLATZ)
PETER HALL STEV 3036 Traps and Tools G. BUS	5

- BRUCE BORAAS STEV 3026 Education and Training for a Global Perspective — One Collective View from Industry BUS, G
- MARK R. STONER, LINDA MARTIN..... STEV 2083 Teaching as Therapy: Conveying Thinkers to Holonomy ADV, G, PSYCH

10:30 AM - 12:00 PM

RICHARD W. PAUL CAR 68 "Outcome-Based," "Cooperative," "Meaning-Centered," "Authentic," "Re-Structured," "Constructed," "Performance-Driven," "Multi-Cultural," "Self-Esteem," "Thinking," and "Learning" - Come Find Out What Is Right and Wrong with the Jargon of the Day G, TEST, BEG

Year 2000: Creating a Culture of Thinkers G, ELEM, MATH

SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS

SUNDAY, 7:00 PM

▲ N ORDER TO facilitate networking between colleagues with similar interests, special interest group meetings will be combined with the Sunday night social held in the Commons. Tables will be designated for various interest groups to meet and organize themselves. The nature and extent of the organization is dependent on the will of the members present. We suggest as a minimum that each group develop a sign-up list with addresses and phone numbers. To facilitate this, a sign-up form will be made available to each group and collected at the end of the evening. Free copies can be requested at the Student Union Copy Center (downstairs) beginning Monday afternoon.

Below is a list of the interest groups which were chosen based on information obtained from your registration forms. Additional groups may be added and impromptu groups will, of course, be welcomed.

CRITICAL THINKING IN THE DISCIPLINES

Critical Thinking in the Arts Critical Thinking in Business and Management Critical Thinking and Economics Critical Thinking and Education Critical Thinking and Gifted Education Critical Thinking and Informal Logic Critical Thinking and Language Arts Critical Thinking and Mathematics Critical Thinking in Nursing Critical Thinking and Philosophy Critical Thinking and Psychology Critical Thinking and the Sciences Critical Thinking and Social Studies and History

CRITICAL THINKING PEDAGOGY

Critical Thinking and Feminism Critical and Multi-Cultural Thinking Critical Thinking Staff Development

CRITICAL THINKING AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS

Critical Thinking and Elementary School Critical Thinking and Middle School Critical Thinking and High School Critical Thinking and the Community College Critical Thinking and the University

SELECTED SESSIONS LISTED BY AUDIENCE CODE

ADVANCED

\$

- ROBERT C. PINTO. MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3040 Can Learning Logic Help Students Improve Their Thinking? ADV, PSYCH, COLL
- BURTON VOORHEES. TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3040 Moral Orientation and Critical Thinking ADV, COLL, MATH/SCI

BEGINNERS

SELECTED SESSIONS

BEGINNERS

Continued

- EDWARD D'ANGELO..... Monday 8:45; STEV 1002 Critical Thinking in Law COLL, HIGH, H RIGHTS, H CON
- JANE WILLSEN...... Monday 1:30; CAR 68 Teaching High School Students How to Assess Their Own Thinking HIGH, TEST, BEG
- LORENZ BOEHM, MARK WEINSTEIN. MONDAY 3:15; IVES (WARREN) Balancing Acts: Working With Colleagues to Teach Critical Thinking STAFF DEV, COLL
- **RICHARD W. PAUL**..... TUESDAY 8:45; IVES (WARREN) How to Design Assignments and Activities (So That Students Learn How to Assess Their Own Performances) C, TEST, BEG
- **GERALD NOSICH** TUESDAY 8:45; SUMPR Some Nuts and Bolts of Critical Thinking: Interpreting What People Say C, BEG
- GERALD NOSICH TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 119 Learning to Think Critically Within a Discipline G, BEG

- GERALD NOSICH WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 119 Some Nuts and Bolts of Critical Thinking: Identifying People's Assumptions G, BEG

RUSINESS	

- **DEBRA M. MURPHY, FRAN TOOMEY** ... TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 3026 Learnership/Leadership Model: "Traveling into the 21st Century" BUS, COLL
- VINCENT RYAN RUGGIERO..... TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3008 Critical Thinking and Total Quality Management BUS, C, STAFF DEV

COLLEGE

THE SUBJECT OF THE SUBJECT. SUBJECT

- JAMES P. MARSHALL..... Sunday 3:15; IVES 78 Practicing Democracy in the Classroom Through the Application of Critical Pedagogy COLL, H CON, MID/HIGH, SOCIOL
 - FRAN TOOMEY...... SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3036 Community Centered Learning: A Model for Creating a Thinking Community COLL, PSYCH, SOCIOL, HIGH
- JACKIE A. GIULIANO MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Critical Textbook Selection — A Fundamental Prerequisite for Teaching: Watching Out for Subtle Gender Bias FEM, COLL, TEST, SOCIOL

SELECTED SESSIONS



Continued

CONSTANCE DEVEREAUX,

WILLIAM G. MUNN TUESDAY 10:30; DAR 112 Is There a Problem Here? A Policy Analysis of Critical Thinking in California Community Colleges COMM COLL, STAFF DEV, TEST

COMPUTER ASSISTED

GEORGE COLLISON. SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 1040 Visiting the Rainforest Via Computer Simulation and Linking up for Awareness of Global Problems MID/HIGH, ENV, COMPUTER ASST ED

- **ERNEST ROSENBERG** MONDAY 10:30; STEV 1040 What Are the Most Relevant Science and Social Science Curricula for the Future? COMPUTER ASST ED, ENV, ECON, COLL, HIGH
- **TED LINDEN** Monday 12:15; STEV 2083 Toward a New Generation of Educational Software to Teach Critical Thinking COMPUTER, MID/HICH
- JEFFREY REED, SCOTT SCHOEPP TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 1040 Illustrations and the Information Age: Using Visuals to Stimulate Critical Thinking COMPUTER, MID, SCI, SOC STUD
- GEORGE COLLISON TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 1040 Project BioQUEST: New Tools for Critical Thinking and Constructionivist Pedagogy in Life Science Education G, SCI, ENV, COMPUTER ASST ED

CONFERENCE THEME

- **BONNIE BAKER THORNE, ANN JERABEK..... SUNDAY 1:30; IVES 35** Developing Strategies That Use Critical Thinking to Infuse a Global Perspective into the Curriculum K-12, SOC STUD
- **ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL..... SUNDAY 3:15; EPT** "The Relentless, Ubiquitous Pressure for Change:" How Do We Protect the Public Good G, CONF THEME

- JUAN MIGUEL FERNANDEZ-BALBOA MONDAY 8:45; DAR 139 Educational Reform for Social Transformation and Environmental Renewal ENV, SOC STUD, CONF THEME
 - GEORGE H. HANFORD MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3046 How to Save the World: Through Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, CONF THEME
- **ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL** MONDAY 10:30; EPT Robert Reich's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Do We Need Workers Who Can Think Critically? How Broadly and Well Must Citizens Learn to Think? G. CONF THEME
- HENRY BUSCHER, LIANNE SCHNEIDER. ... MONDAY 10:30; DAR 139 Environmental Ethics in the New Global Economy: A Critical Thinking Approach for Secondary Students MID/HIGH, ENV, SOCIOL, ECON
- THOMAS TOMINAGA...... MonDay 10:30; STEV 3026 Agenda of the "Middle-Way" Logic of Buddhist Economics for Economic Realities and their Implications ECON, CONF THEME, MUL-CULT
- **ROBERT HEILBRONER, RICHARD W. PAUL** MONDAY 3:15; EPT Lester Thurow's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Can We Develop a First-Rate Economy and First-Rate Standard of Living, if Citizens Learn Merely Work-Related Skills and Cannot Think Critically Within Alternative Points of View? C, CONF THEME

JOHN R. FEARE, SANDRA PARKS,

- LISA SMITH, JERALDINE C. DAY TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 35 U.S. Tobacco in the World Market: A Global Economic and Social Dilemma HEALTH, ECON, BUS, MEDIA, POL

ECONOMICS

ECONOMICS

Continued

- THOMAS TOMINAGA...... Monday 10:30; STEV 3026 Agenda of the "Middle-Way" Logic of Buddhist Economics for Economic Realities and their Implications ECON, CONF THEME, MUL-CULT
- PETER F. BELL MONDAY 12:15; STEV 3026 Integrating Race and Gender into the Economics Curriculum: Theory and Classroom Practice ECON, MUL-CULT, FEM, COLL
- JOHN ENRIGHT. Tuesday 8:45; DAR 139 Economology: Managing the Earth (and Us) with Wisdom ENV. ECON. PSYCH
- HILDA CABANEL-EVANS..... TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Thurow's Head to Head: An Exercise in Critical Thinking ECON, ADV, G

ELEMENTARY

- RICHARD POPE...... SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 3008 The Debating Process Instills Critical Thinking in Your Elementary School Students and Makes You Thinner. Sexier, and Attractive to Movie Stars! ELEM. BEG
- UDITH COLLISON Monday 8:45; DAR 122 Overcoming Math Anxiety of Elementary School Teachers MATH, ELEM, TEST

DAN WEIL Monday 10:30; SUMPR Critical Thinking, Critical Writing, and Literature-Based Whole Language Instruction ELEM

DAN WEIL Monday 3:15; SUMPR Reasoning Within Different Cultural Points of View: Using Language Instruction for Early Childhood Social Studies ELEM

- JANIS L. SILVERMAN Tuesday 8:45; STEV 2065 Economics for Kids ECON, K-12, SOC STUD
- Critical Thinking and Elementary School Mathematics ELEM

JUDITH COLLISON Tuesday 1:30; STEV 3049 Multiple Perspectives in Curriculum Development for Teacher Education ELEM, MUL-CULT

Constructing a Critical Multi-Cultural Curriculum ELEM. VIDEO

- Elementary School Language Arts and Critical Thinking -The Process for Generating a Nation of Active Learners ELEM, LANG
- KATY DAWSON WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 35 Five, Six, and Seven Year Olds: Powerful Thinkers Right from the Start! ELEM, H CON, LANG, MATH, BI-LINGUAL

ENVIRONMENT

- Traditional Indigenous Knowledge and Western Science: Cross-Cultural Perspectives on Environmental Knowledge ENV. MUL-CULT
- GRADY E. WILLIAMS SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 139 A Role-Playing Model for Introducing Critical Thinking and Creative Concept Structuring in Environmental Science ENV. SCI. G
- GEORGE COLLISON. SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 1040 Visiting the Rainforest Via Computer Simulation and Linking up for Awareness of Global Problems MID/HIGH, ENV. COMPUTER ASST ED
- JUAN MIGUEL FERNANDEZ-BALBOA MONDAY 8:45; DAR 139 Educational Reform for Social Transformation and Environmental Renewal ENV, SOC STUD, CONF THEME
- HENRY BUSCHER, LIANNE SCHNEIDER, ... MONDAY 10:30: DAR 139 Environmental Ethics in the New Global Economy: A Critical Thinking Approach for Secondary Students MID/HIGH, ENV, SOCIOL, ECON
- Teaching Environmental Ethics Through Various Critical Thinking Methods ENV
- Economology: Managing the Earth (and Us) with Wisdom ENV, ECON, PSYCH

DON WAXMAN, J. THEODORE STANLEY,

Restoration of the Natural Landscape: Issues and Examples ENV

- Thinking Critically About Nature: Using Critical Theory ENV, SOCIOL, SOC STUD
- ROBERT MCCONNELL, DANIEL C. ABEL . . . TUESDAY 3:15; DAR 139 Enhancing Critical Thinking Through Quantification of Population/Environment Issues ENV, MATH/SCI, G

SELECTED SESSIONS

FEMINIST ISSUES

- NOREEN FACIONE, CAROL SANCHEZ, PETER FACIONE Monday 8:45; STEV 3036 Gender and Critical Thinking — A Look at the Data FEM, PSYCH, COLL, ADV
- JACKIE A. GIULIANO MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Critical Textbook Selection — A Fundamental Prerequisite for Teaching: Watching Out for Subtle Gender Bias FEM, COLL, TEST, SOCIOL
- RENEE RUDERMAN Monday 3:15; STEV 3030 Reading the Spaces Between Words: A Critical Inquiry into Toni Morrison's Use of Language in The Bluest Eye FEM, LANG, COLL
- CAROL M. ELLIS TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3049 Critical Thinking as Controversy FEM, LANG, COLL, MUL-CULT

HEALTH

- PETER FACIONE, NOREEN FACIONE..... SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 2049 Assuring Critical Thinking in the Professional Nurse: A Response to NLN Criterion 20 HEALTH, TEST, COLL
- MACGREGOR EDDY SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 2049 From Novice to Expert in the Era of the Information Overload HEALTH, COLL

- LYNDA BROWN, SANDRA JONES..... Monday 12:15; STEV 2049 Critical Thinking: A Super-Ordinate Concept for Teaching Nursing HEALTH, TEST
- NOREEN FACIONE, CAROL SANCHEZ.... TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 2049 Critical Thinking Research and the Health Professions HEALTH, PSYCH, TEST, ADV
- MARYBETH YOUNG TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 2049 Developing Critical Thinking Abilities as a Basis for Nursing Practice HEALTH, COLL
- **PENNY HEASLIP, RICHARD W. PAUL..... TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 76** Critical Thinking and Intuition in Nursing Practice HEALTH, COLL, CURRICULUM, POL, MIDEO
- NICKI HOYT WEDNESDAY 10:30; IVES 78 Critical Thinking Teaching Strategies in Nursing and Health Sciences HEALTH, MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS, COLL

HUMAN CONFLICTS

JIM POLLARD Monday 8:45; STEV 3008 Who Is the Boss? (An Empowerment Workshop) COLL, BUS, H CON

- GEORGE H. HANFORD MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3046 How to Save the World: Through Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, CONF THEME
- WILLIAM K. MAREK Monday 10:30; STEV 3046 Reason (Unreason), Thought (Rational and Irrational), and Human Conflict PEACE, H CON, PSYCH
- RICHARD KELDER. TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3028 Teaching Critical Thinking and Argumentation from Global Perspectives ADV, H CON, H RIGHTS, COLL
- HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3046 Critical Thinking: Catalyst for "Fairminded" Change H CON, PSYCH, BUS

HUMAN RIGHTS

- EDWARD D'ANGELO..... Monday 8:45; STEV 1002 Critical Thinking in Law COLL, HIGH, H RIGHTS, H CON
- **RENÉ TRUJILLO, JR..... WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3046** The Debate Over Human Rights and Social Justice After the Spanish Discovery of the "New" World MUL-CULT, POL, H RIGHTS, LANG

LANGUAGE ARTS, ENGLISH

- FLORENCE FAY PRITCHARD MONDAY 10:30; NICH 166 Negotiating and Using Frames to Develop Specific Critical Thinking and Writing Skills LANG, G
- FRANCINE MALDER JAMIN Monday 12:15; IVES 45 A Small Band in a Circle of Light — Teaching Writing and Reasoning in a "Quality Circle" LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

- PETER FACIONE, JOANNE GAINEN MONDAY 3:15; NICH 173 Are New College Students Disposed to Think? LANG, COLL, TEST

- GAIL A. KENDALL, DIANE WHEELER TUESDAY 8:45; NICH 173 Project Think: An Integrated Language Arts Approach to Critical Thinking LANG, MID/HIGH, H RIGHTS, ENV
- NORMAN J. UNRAU..... TUESDAY 12:15; IVES 78 Critical Thinking in the Narrative Mode: The Force of Stories LANG, SOC STUD, G

- JAMES HENRY QUINA TUESDAY 12:15; NICH 173 Teaching Conflict Resolution Through Metaphor LANG, H CON, H RIGHTS, SOC STUD
- KIRK G. DADDOW, WEDNESDAY 8:45; NICH 173 Teaching Critical Thinking in the Advanced Writing Course LANG, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD
- ANNIE K. KOSHI. WEDNESDAY 10:30; NICH 173 Holistic Grammar Through Socratic Questioning LANG

MATH

JOHN LOASE, SHERRON SARGENT SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 122 Sigfluence Our Positive Influence Over Time: A Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis MATH/SCI, PSYCH, TEST

- JUDITH COLLISON Monday 8:45; DAR 122 Overcoming Math Anxiety of Elementary School Teachers MATH, ELEM, TEST

MEDIA

- WILLIAM DORMAN, RALPH JOHNSON SUNDAY 12:15; IVES 119 Media Logic MEDIA MID/HIGH, COLL
- PETER FACIONE TUESDAY 8:45; IVES 78 Teaching Critical Thinking Using TV Drama LANG, COLL, MEDIA, MID/HIGH

MIDDLE SCHOOL

RON MCBRIDE, GLENDA BEAMON MONDAY 10:30; STEV 2065 Preparing the Future Critical Thinker: Structuring the Middle School Learning Environment for Critical Thinking MID, G

JOHN EDWARDS, TIMOTHY MELCHIOR TUESDAY 8:45; IVES 35 The Researcher and the Practitioner MID/HIGH, STAFF DEV, BUS, G

MULTI-CULTURAL

- YEHUDI WEBSTER Monday 8:45; IVES (WARREN) Multi-Culturalism and Critical Thinking: Compatibility or Competition? G, MUL-CULT

- PETER F. BELL...... Monday 12:15; STEV 3026 Integrating Race and Gender into the Economics Curriculum: Theory and Classroom Practice ECON, MUL-CULT, FEM, COLL

- WILLIA L. NWA TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3072 Cultural Diversity: What Should Educators Do About It? MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS, COLL, MID/HIGH

- **R. SCOTT SMITH..... WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3072** A Framework for Applying Critical Thinking to Inter-Cultural Encounters MUL-CULT, H CON
- **RENÉ TRUJILLO, JR. WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3046** The Debate Over Human Rights and Social Justice After the Spanish Discovery of the "New" World MUL-CULT, POL, H RIGHTS, LANG

PEACE

KATHERINE SMITH,

- HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3046 Global Peace Games: A Role-Play Using Lawrence Kolberg's Stages of Moral Development PEACE, POL, PSYCH, H CON
- EDWARD RIPPY Monday 12:15; STEV 3046 The Multiple Costs of "Defense:" Spending Money, Freedom, and Blood to Protect "Our" Vital Interests Around the Globe PEACE, MEDIA, ECON, PSYCH

ROBIN SKEWES-COX,

BENNET SKEWES-COX. TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3046 How to Think About War and Peace, Part I H CON, PEACE, G

BENNET SKEWES-COX,

PSYCHOLOGY

- JOHN F. LOASE, SHERRON SARGENT SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 122 Sigfluence Our Positive Influence Over Time: A Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis MATH/SCI, PSYCH, TEST
- STUART M. KEELEY MONDAY 12:15; IVES (WARREN) What Can Psychotherapists Tell Us About How to Cope with Resistance to Critical Thinking PSYCH, COLL

PSYCHOLOGY

Continued

- SUSAN HALES TUESDAY 3:15; SUMPR Uncovering the Connections Among Self-Esteem, Critical Thinking, Moral Behavior, and Educational Achievement, Part II K-12, PSYCH
- LOWELL COOPER WEDNESDAY 10:30; IVES 79 Using Critical Thought as a Way Out of Negative Relationship Cycles PSYCH, H CON

SCIENCE

- JOHN F. LOASE, SHERRON SARGENT SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 122 Sigfluence Our Positive Influence Over Time: A Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis MATH/SCI, PSYCH, TEST
- MARK WEINSTEIN..... MONDAY 8:45; CAR 68 Critical Thinking and the Goals of Science Education sci, COLL, HIGH
- MAURICE A. FINOCCHIARO MONDAY 3:15; ART 108 Galileo and Critical Thinking COLL, SCI, H CON, H RIGHTS
- **OBED NORMAN..... TUESDAY 8:45; DAR 122** Critical Thinking and the Education of Science Teachers: Building a Community of Meaning Makers SCI, MUL-CULT, G
- JUDY FISHEL. TUESDAY 10:30; DAR 122 Benchmarks in Critical Thinking: What Skills at What Age? The Comet Is Coming! SCI, MATH, K-12
- **GEORGE COLLISON** **TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 1040** *Project BioQUEST: New Tools for Critical Thinking and Constructionivist Pedagogy in Life Science Education* G, SCI, ENV, COMPUTER ASST ED

SOCIAL STUDIES

EDWARD D'ANGELO..... MONDAY 8:45; STEV 1002 Critical Thinking in Law COLL, HIGH, H RIGHTS, H CON

- LARRY TOMLINSON TUESDAY 1:30; IVES 45 Critical Thinking and Cultural Bashing POL, SOC STUD, MEDIA
- MICHAEL MCLAIN-MIDKIFF..... TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3030 Levels of Thoughtfulness in Fifth Grade History and Social Science Lessons: An Examination of Teacher Practice K-12, SOC STUD, TEST

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

- MARY E. DIETZ, BOB VAN ZANT SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 3036 Professional Development Portfolio: A Constructivist Approach for Professional Development K-12, STAFF DEV, TEST, ADV
- RAQUEL HENRY, NELLIE THOROGOOD, ROSE AUSTIN SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Classroom, Curriculum, and Leadership Reforms: Developing Critical Thinkers in the Community College COLL, STAFF DEV
- DIANE D. CHEATWOOD SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 2065 Thinking Across the College: The Integrated Thinking Skills (Faculty) Project Expands HIGH, COLL, STAFF DEV
- JOSEPHINE NAEHRBASS, GAIL KENDALL . MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3049 "Putting It all Together:" An Integrated Staff Development Model G, STAFF DEV
- VIRGINIA O'KEEFE..... Monday 12:15; IVES 78 Empowering Students and Teachers Through Critical Thinking Research STAFF DEV, MID/HIGH, LANG
- RICHARD OGNIBENE Monday 1:30; IVES 35 Thinking Critically About the Total Quality Movement in Education STAFF DEV, K-12

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Continued

- LORENZ BOEHM, MARK WEINSTEIN . MONDAY 3:15; IVES (WARREN) Balancing Acts: Working With Colleagues to Teach Critical Thinking STAFF DEV, COLL

- RICHARD W. PAUL WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 1002 Staff Development: If It Is Not Long-Term and Comprehensive, It Won't Work! C, STAFF DEV, BEG
- RUTH M. LORING WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 78 Critical Thinking and Professional Development: An Approach Consistent with "Communitarian Capitalism" TEST, STAFF DEV

TESTING AND ASSESSMENT

- PETER FACIONE. SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 137 Classroom Critical Thinking Assessment — The Basic Ways and Means TEST, SOC STUD, COLL, MID/HIGH
- **ROBERT SWARTZ..... MONDAY 8:45; STEV 2049** Assessing the Quality of Student Thinking: Techniques for Classroom Teachers TEST, G

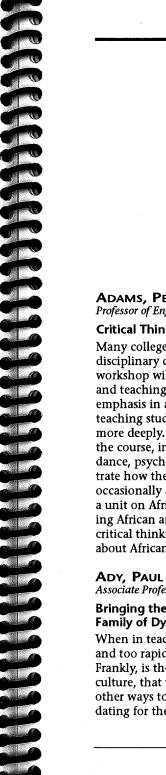
- JOANN CARTER-WELLS, CINDY LYNCH.... TUESDAY 8:45; DAR 137 Adult Development and the Assessment of Critical Thinking TEST, PSYCH, COLL

- RICHARD W. PAUL TUESDAY 10:30; IVES (WARREN) Pseudo-Critical Thinking: Beware! (How to Distinguish Authentic and Substantial Approaches to Critical Thinking from the Slick Counterfeits Now Sweeping the Educational Marketplace) G, TEST, BEG
- **RUBY TROW, MARILYNN FILBECK**..... **TUESDAY 10:30; DAR 137** Involving Students in Assessing Academic Performance TEST, G

FREEKKKK

THEORETICAL ORIENTATION

- **RALPH H. JOHNSON** TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3008 Argumentation: A Pragmatic Approach THEOR
- **CONNIE MISSIMER** **TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3040** Getting up to Snuff in Theorizing About Critical Thinking ADV, THEORY, MUL-CULT



ADAMS, PETER DOW Professor of English, Essex Community College

TUESDAY 10:30; IVES 78

Critical Thinking in the Core Classroom MUL-CULT, COLL, HUMANITIES, ART Many colleges and universities have moved toward the inclusion of interdisciplinary core courses in their general education requirements. This workshop will explore the differences between teaching in such a course and teaching an introductory course in a discipline. I will argue that the emphasis in a core course shifts away from covering specific "content" to teaching students how to read a text more perceptively and to think about it more deeply. I use the term "text" to refer to any work which is studied in the course, including examples from literature, philosophy, art, music, dance, psychology, anthropology, and many other disciplines. I will illustrate how these principles play out in the classroom by demonstrating (and occasionally asking those present to participate in) a series of activities from a unit on African masks and figure sculpture. A number of activities involving African art will be presented and discussed. Besides the consideration of critical thinking in the core classroom, participants will also learn a little about African art.

SUNDAY 1:30; IVES 45

Associate Professor of English, Assumption College

Bringing the Play Element into Critical Thinking Instruction: The Brutus Family of Dysfunctional Arguers LANG, MEDIA, G

When in teaching important terms in critical thinking do you too often and too rapidly induce MEGO (My Eyes' Glaze Over) in your students? Frankly, is the language sometimes so distancing, so removed from their culture, that they lose interest? Do you sometimes wish you could find other ways to make all this important material, well, less stuffy, less intimidating for them?

This workshop will discuss and demonstrate ways that we can employ playful strategies to teach argumentation analysis and evaluation. In sharing his own techniques in making such instruction more intriguing to our student culture, the session leader will introduce participants to a "family" that has made argument analysis and the teaching of fallacies more engaging: The Brutus Family of Dysfunctional Arguers (Brutus, his dim bride Edith, their two sons Slick and silent Darryl, daughter Annie, Sprocket the dog). The troubled couple (false analogy) Dick and Jane will show up, too. Arguments encoded in visual media included.

AGNEW. PRISCILLA Professor of Philosophy, Saddleback College

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 2065

Sex, Death, Advertising, and Children in Our Changing World MEDIA

Every person is exposed to about 1000 advertisements daily. The number of ads seen by children will increase with the proposed introduction of commercial educational programs (together with advertisements) into the classrooms. Sex and death images are found in advertising in the form of subliminal messages which are not readily available to us on a conscious level, so that we are unable to critically evaluate these advertisements. In this slide presentation, we shall look at some of the techniques used by advertisers, and then shall focus on ads which depict children and also use subliminal images of sex and death. We will discuss some of the troubling questions which are raised by the use of these images.

ANGELETTI, CHARLES Professor of History, Metropolitan State College of Denver

MONDAY 10:30; IVES 79

Relics, Letters, and Walk-Abouts: Creative Expression Through Critical Thinking COLL, SOC STUD

In this participatory workshop attendees will closely examine three specific writing assignments, as handouts, which challenge college students to think and write critically and creatively in the Social Sciences/Humanities. Participants will be asked to write short responses to a select number of exercises contained within the three writing assignments. Each assignment has an experiential component which can utilize information from a variety of disciplines. Select student papers will also be given out (with permission of authors, of course). Small and large group discussion will focus on an evaluation of these writing exercises, the critical thought processes involved, and the transformative learning emanating from a creative, critical and experiential approach to studying American society and thought.

ARETZ, DOUGLAS B.

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 2083 M-TEC Program Coordinator, Tech Prep Department, Milwaukee Area Technical College

School-to-Work Transition (Tech Prep) in Metro-Milwaukee G, BUS

Milwaukee Area Technical College is in the process of assisting schools with educational reform by implementing Tech-Prep principles in classroom lesson units and teacher curricula. The goal is to transform skills, abilities, and knowledge of the student so that he/she is able to adequately perform in the workplace after high school or in a college setting. Through visual and hands-on demonstrations, the audience will experience the Tech-Prep model that schools are experiencing in Southeastern Wisconsin.

AWBREY, SUSAN M. Associate Professor of Education, Oakland University

MONDAY 8:45; IVES 35

Educating Critical Thinkers for a Democratic Society COLL, MUL-CULT, POL, SOCIOL Today we are faced with conditions that demand a resurgence of the vision which was expressed in the writings of John Dewey and C.S. Pierce and which was implicit in the ideals of Greek citizenship if we are to meet the challenges necessary to maintain and enhance our democratic way of life. Our society is undergoing dramatic upheaval and we must respond politically and economically. Philosopher Nicholas Maxwell states that "We urgently need a new, more rigorous kind of inquiry [which] would have as its basic aim to improve. not just knowledge, but also personal and global wisdom ... the capacity to realize what is of value in life." This session will consider how such wisdom can be taught, why it is the role of the university to teach wisdom, and changes that may be necessary to create a university environment that fosters the development of wisdom. The presenters argue that inquiry and critical thinking form the process for discovering meaning in our lives. Participants will be invited to visualize the critical thinking university of the future.

BAKER, PAUL I. TUESDAY 12:15; STEV 3036 Professor of Educational Administration, Illinois State University

Critical Thinking in Social Science and Social Studies: Authentic Work and Authentic Assessment HIGH, SOC STUD, SOCIOL, TEST

This workshop addresses the fundamental problem of helping students read and think at the same time. Students are taught to bring reading and thinking together as an integral process. Making this connection is the authentic work of those who hope to understand the civic culture of their day. Several thinking frames are integrated in a systematic critical thinking model that can be applied to a wide array of case materials: newspaper items, political speeches, popular magazines, articles from learned journals, and books. This workshop also examines the importance of developing various strategies of authentic assessment that are appropriate for the authentic work of critical literacy.

BAKER, PAUL I.

WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 2049 Professor of Educational Administration, Illinois State University

UDITH LAWSON

Graduate Student in Educational Administration, Illinois State University

Developing Thinking Programs in Three K–8 Schools: Lessons from the Field K-12

This session examines crucial issues in the development of school-wide programs that foster opportunities for all teachers and students to be involved

in higher order reasoning. We present an ethnographic report from three successful endeavors to make systematic changes on behalf of critical and creative thinking. Each school developed a distinctive approach to the critical thinking agenda as well as a particular strategy of planned change that maximized broad participation and ownership. We share observations and insights from these innovators and consider lessons to be learned for others who hope to develop schools of thought.

BAKER THORNE, BONNIE

Professor of Library Science, Sam Houston State University

ANN JERABEK

Reference Librarian and Coordinator of Inter-Library Loan, Sam Houston State University

Developing Strategies That Use Critical Thinking to Infuse a Global Perspective into the Curriculum K-12, SOC STUD

Recognizing the growing social, economic, and civic need for citizens who are proficient in reasoning through the problems and issues facing the world, a model was developed to be used to infuse a global perspective into the curriculum. The model consists of five overall goals: 1) to help students accept people as individuals while appreciating both ethnic and cultural diversity and similarities among Americans; 2) to help students develop into environmentally responsible citizens; 3) to help students understand the economic interdependence of communities; 4) to help students understand and evaluate various political systems and processes in order to acquire the skills necessary to participate fully as responsible citizens and 5) to help students understand the technological interconnection of the world systems and to develop the technological capability to cope with a rapidly changing society. Using the model as a basis for discussion the participants of this workshop will be asked to develop additional strategies.

BARELL, JOHN

MONDAY 10:30; IVES 119

SUNDAY 1:30; IVES 35

Professor, Curriculum, Montclair State College

Toward Antarctica: Autobiography, Narrative, and Critical Inquiry c, LANG

Narrative is a way of knowing about ourselves and others that is too often overlooked in deference to scientific, logical reasoning. Our minds construct meaning and store information in memory with narrative structures and the imaginative processes we use (generating possibilities, visualizing, empathizing) are fundamental to how we learn. The stories we tell with our lives are reflected in the ways in which we teach and the curricula we design. This session uses the presenter's pursuit of Antarctica as a metaphor for reflecting on the stories our lives tell. Within our own autobiographies, our own stories, there are also models of critical inquiry which we draw on today. Participants will be encouraged to reflect on their own autobiographies as a means of understanding current pedagogical and curricular practice and then to consider how narrative structures can be used to enhance opportunities for all of us to become the authors of our own stories, not merely the readers of others' narratives.

BARELL, JOHN

Professor, Curriculum, Montclair State College

TUESDAY 10:30; IVES 119

Crew Members on Santa Maria: Problem-Based Learning, Inquiry, and the Pursuit of Deep Understanding G, SOC STUD

What if you had been a member of Columbus' crew during that eventful journey in 1492? How would you have responded to the challenges of the elements and the unknown? This is one of several intellectually complex challenges that this session will explore in history, literature, math, and science as models of problem-based learning. These experiences provide opportunities for students to take more active control of their own learning by posing question (using KWHL) and imagining themselves as participants in problematic situations that encourage critical inquiry. Participants in this workshop will engage in problem solving, decision making, and reflecting on their own experiences as means of considering the extent to which their own pedagogical and curricular practices enhance students' deep understanding of significant concepts and ideas.

BARNES, CYNTHIA A.

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3077

Dean of Educational Development, Community College of Aurora

Mapping: Getting Students, Not Faculty, to "Cover the Material" G

This "brains-on" session will acquaint participants with mapping: a tool learners can use to process what they think, see, read, hear, and compose. After a brief mapping fundamentals discussion, including right brain/left brain theory, mapping formats, and real-life examples, self-managed groups of participants will "map" various teaching-for-thinking strategies. Participants will then "map" discipline specific strategies for infusing both mapping and teaching-for-thinking strategies into their courses.

Through participation in this session, teachers will see how mapping can be used to get students themselves to "cover the material." Someone once said that much of what we call teaching involves, "the notes of the professor getting into the notes of the student without going through the minds of either." Mapping forces information through the mind. As a tool for mental discipline and mental organization, mapping, inherently, empowers learners to think and organize for themselves.

BARNES, CYNTHIA A.

TUESDAY 12:15; IVES 35

Dean of Educational Development, Community College of Aurora

Developing Teachers: "When the Student Is Ready" g

Educational reform without educator reform is folly! It is ironic that while the word "education" comes from "educare," which means "to draw out," much of what we do in schools today attempts to "jam in". Education has

become synonymous with knowledge acquisition instead of people transformation. This occurs, in part, because we make fallacious assumptions about who teaches what and whom and who learns what and from whom in our classrooms. Who is the teacher and who is the learner in our classrooms?

The answer may be that every teacher is a learner and every student is a teacher. Teaching for a change — and that is what teaching for critical thinking is all about — requires an understanding of the developmental "waves" teachers go through as they evolve from novice to master teachers-as-learners. Through a dramatization of these developmental "waves" and small-group activities focused on the needs of teachers at each, participants will explore when, how, and whether teachers are ready to teach for critical thinking.

BECIJOS, EANNE Language Arts Teacher, Castle Park High School

MONDAY 3:15; NICH 166

In the MUD: A Critical Reading Strategy HIGH, LANG, MEDIA, SOC STUD

This workshop demonstrates a critical reading strategy developed to be used with non-fiction text. The theory behind the strategy and its success in classroom research will be examined. The strategy was developed for high school students in order to provide an organized overview of the main factors involved in critical reading. Once the students have received an overview of critical reading, then the teacher may go into depth in regards to the numerous skills and dispositions that relate to critical thinking. The strategy is based on mnemonics and organization. The acronym MUD refers to the idea that a student analyzes a text as to whether it is "in the MUD" (M=meaningless, U=unsupported, D=deceptive) or it is written clearly, logically, and with support. Materials analyzed during the workshop include an editorial, movie review, and National Enquirer article.

BELL, PETER F.

MONDAY 12:15; STEV 3026 Executive Director, New York State Council on Economic Education, S.U.N.Y., Purchase

Integrating Race and Gender into the Economics Curriculum: Theory and Classroom Practice ECON, MUL-CULT, FEM, COLL

This paper will discuss recent research on the theory and pedagogy of integrating race and gender into the economics curriculum. It seeks to build a race and gender centered approach to course development in both college and high school economics. It draws on the National Science Foundation funded workshop (May 22-26, 1993) which was devoted to this issue.

BETZ, NORMAN I.

TUESDAY 12:15; STEV 3030 Associate Professor of English and Philosophy, Central Missouri State University

Classroom Materials and Methods for a Critical Thinking or Writing Course COLL, LANG, MEDIA

In this participatory workshop, attendees will practice critical thinking about current issues in newspapers and magazines and on television ("Juice Bars," "Religion in Adrian Public Schools," "A Gentle Way to Die," "Forfeiture Law"). Participants will see how an awareness of claims, evidence. assumptions, definitions, analogies, etc., should underlie classroom discussion of current events. Participants should be able to use these processes and the handouts from a college writing course to generate some critical thinking skills, some sharper classroom discussion, and more thoughtfully focused writing in their students.

BLAIR. KAY

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3030 Training Specialist for Supplemental Instruction, University of Missouri

Improving Critical Thinking Through Supplemental Instruction coll

Supplemental Instruction (SI) is an academic assistance program that targets historically difficult courses and offers to all enrolled students regularly scheduled, out-of-class, peer facilitated sessions. SI study sessions are informal seminars in which students compare notes, discuss readings, develop organizational tools and predict test items. Students learn how to integrate course content and reasoning skills. The SI leader (a student) acts as a model student of the discipline. This provides a non-threatening environment for students to interact and appreciate one another. Research consistently documents that students from non-Caucasian ethnic groups participate in SI sessions at higher percentages than their representation in the overall student population.

National research over the past decade from 49 institutions document the following benefits for SI attenders: higher course grades for matched populations (one-half to one full letter grade), lower percentages of course withdrawals (one-fourth to one-half), higher semester re-enrollment rates, and higher graduation rates.

BLATZ, CHARLES V. MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3026 Associate Professor and Chair of Philosophy, University of Toledo

Critical Thinking and the Sovereignty of Political and Economic Communities ADV. BUS, ECON, POL

Robert Reich in *The Work of Nations*, challenges state sovereignty by urging that our nation's corporations are "global enterprise webs" having exclusive allegiances to their stockholders and customers, not national institutions having allegiances in part to the work force and economy of their home state. Such a view contains just one of the contemporary challenges to the sovereign power of states to order their political and economic affairs of their citizens. In this paper I want to suggest that viewing critical thinking as pragmatic at its foundations, and constructive as well as multi-logical in its practice, allows us to understand both innovations in the rules ordering political and economic associations, and also the limits on such innovations.

BLATZ, CHARLES V. WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3040 Associate Professor and Chair of Philosophy, University of Toledo

Critical Thinking and the Sovereignty of Epistemic Communities ADV, BUS, ECON, POL

Parallel to challenges to state sovereignty, contemporary multi- and cross disciplinary studies challenge the sovereignty of established disciplines and

PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

CONFERENCE ABSTRACTS

their canons. At stake is the legitimate self-determination of groups of inquirers — epistemic communities, with respect to background assumptions, common bodies of knowledge, and strategies of inquiry. I will explore how taking critical thinking as pragmatic at its foundations, and constructive as well as multilogical allows us to understand the possibilities, nature and limits of innovation in epistemic communities.

BOEHM, LORENZ Professor of English, Oakton Community College

SUNDAY 1:30; STEV 1002

Natural Allies: Teaching, Learning, Writing, and Critical Thinking, Part I COLL, TEST, MID/HIGH

This two part workshop will introduce specific, practical ways teachers can use writing to help students learn course content and help them develop and strengthen their ability to think critically. While I'll pay some attention to standard, formal writing (essays, reports, and research papers), the sessions will emphasize "short writes," "mid writes," freewriting, journals, and "microthemes." Sample assignments, designed to foster critical thinking and independent learning, which were created by faculty members from a variety of schools and disciplines, are featured.

BOEHM, LORENZ Professor of English, Oakton Community College

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 1002

Natural Allies: Teaching, Learning, Writing, and Critical Thinking, Part II COLL, TEST, MID/HIGH

In this half of the session we'll continue to explore ways in which writing can be used to teach and assess CT.

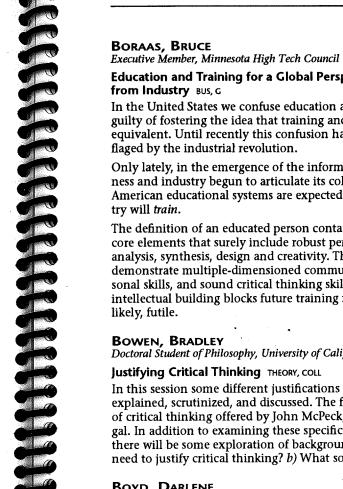
BOEHM, LORENZ MONDAY 3:15; IVES (WARREN) Professor of English, Oakton Community College

MARK WEINSTEIN

Associate Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

Balancing Acts: Working With Colleagues to Teach Critical Thinking STAFF DEV, COLL

Working with colleagues in order to get critical thinking taught across the curriculum can be a powerful, rewarding, invigorating, delightful experience. It can also be incredibly frustrating, unpleasant, and downright painful. In this session we will offer brief descriptions of how our institutions have addressed this work, and we will explore many of the key issues in faculty development in critical thinking instruction.



WEDNESDAY 8:45: STEV 3026

Education and Training for a Global Perspective — One Collective View from Industry BUS, G

In the United States we confuse education and training, and have been guilty of fostering the idea that training and education are synonymous and equivalent. Until recently this confusion has been quite effectively camouflaged by the industrial revolution.

Only lately, in the emergence of the information age, has American business and industry begun to articulate its collective understanding that the American educational systems are expected to educate. Business and indus-

The definition of an educated person contains many nuances, but there are core elements that surely include robust performances of competency in analysis, synthesis, design and creativity. The educated person must also demonstrate multiple-dimensioned communication skills, strong interpersonal skills, and sound critical thinking skills. Without at least these three intellectual building blocks future training may be cumbersome, costly and likely, futile.

BOWEN, BRADLEY

MONDAY 1:30; STEV 3040

Doctoral Student of Philosophy, University of California at Santa Barbara

Justifying Critical Thinking THEORY, COLL

In this session some different justifications of critical thinking will be explained, scrutinized, and discussed. The focus will be on the justifications of critical thinking offered by John McPeck, Richard Paul, and Harvey Siegal. In addition to examining these specific defenses of critical thinking. there will be some exploration of background issues such as: a) Why do we need to justify critical thinking? b) What sort of justification is needed?

BOYD, DARLENE

MONDAY 8:45: IVES 45

Director, Pre-College, Education and Community Program, University of California, Irvine

Teaching: A Conceptual Analysis G, ADV

This session will offer a reading of a paper followed by discussion, activity and interchange.

The act of "teaching" is sometimes compared with terms such as "indoctrinating" or "propagandizing" or "preaching". A research paper will serve as the focus of this session. It will offer consideration of a study concerned with a conceptual analysis of teaching. More specifically, this study is an attempt to present a rational reconstruction of the concept of teaching so that it is, hopefully, more suitable for research. In the spirit of "Every person a teacher - Every teacher a learner," a very basic question will be considered for session discussion. What do we mean when we use the term "teaching"?

BROWN, LYNDA N. MONDAY 12:15; STEV 2049 Associate Professor of Nursing, University of Kentucky

SANDRA A. IONES Dean of Nursing, Aurora University

Critical Thinking: A Super-Ordinate Concept for Teaching Nursing HEALTH, TEST

A participatory workshop which will focus on teaching strategies and selected assessment techniques relevant for nursing education. Critical thinking will be conceptualized as a super-ordinate concept under which problem solving (nursing process) is subsumed. Critical thinking is defined as analyzing complex meanings, critiquing solutions, exploring alternatives, and making contingency-related value judgments.

BROWNE, M. NEIL

TUESDAY 12:15; ART 108 Distinguished Professor of Economics, Bowling Green State University

Tensions Between Democracy and Critical Thinking: Implications for Our Teaching SOC STUD, MID/HIGH, COLL

As teachers of critical thinking, we presume we are contributing to the democratic spirit. We speak of critical thinking as empowering. However, both the acquisition of critical thinking competencies and the evaluation of their use may be quite inconsistent with democracy.

This session begins by my presentation of as strong an argument as I can create, moving toward the conclusion that in important ways the teaching of critical thinking must be antagonistic to democracy. What we as teachers are encouraging through the actual process of teaching critical thinking, as well as in our assignments and evaluation techniques, contain anti-democratic elements.

The bulk of the session will consist of our interaction concerning the argument. My hope is that you can persuade me of my error. Is there a critical thinking pedagogy that is both democratic and effective?

BROWNE, M. NEIL

WEDNESDAY 8:45; ART 108

Distinguished Professor of Economics, Bowling Green State University STUART M. KEELEY

Professor of Psychology, Bowling Green State University

Getting Started as a Teacher of Critical Thinking: Planning Curriculum Materials, Assignments, and Evaluation coll

Now that you are committed to teaching critical thinking, how can you best achieve your intentions? This session is designed to share experiences and lessons from over 20 years of teaching critical thinking. The presentation will proceed logically through the entire teaching process from the creation of course objective through assessment of student performance. Emphasis of the presentation will be on the practical. Numerous handouts will be provided to serve as stimuli for thinking about typical problems and

PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

CONFERENCE ABSTRACTS

options. Experienced members of the audience will be given the opportunity to spell out which of our approaches and strategies that they have found especially effective.

BUSCHER, HENRY N. MONDAY 10:30; DAR 139 Chairman, Department of Science, Monsignor Kelly High School

LIANNE K. SCHNEIDER Chair, Department of Theology, Monsignor Kelly High School

Environmental Ethics in the New Global Economy: A Critical Thinking Approach for Secondary Students MID/HIGH, ENV, SOCIOL, ECON

This session is a participatory workshop in which the cultural, political, and educational obstacles to the transformation of thinking about new global realities in regard to economics, ethics and the environment are explored. Participants will be invited to undertake several small group exercises in critical reading, concept identification, and implication analysis using graphic organizers which are designed to foster interdisciplinary learning at the secondary level in order to overcome these obstacles

BYRD, OHN

MONDAY 1:30; NICH 173

Chair of English Department, Seoul Foreign High School

Metaphorical Thinking in the 21st Century: Frill, Option, or Sina Qua Non? LANG, SOC STUD, MID/HIGH

This participatory workshop will examine the crucial role of the metaphor in human communication and thought. The metaphor - more than merely words — is a way of thinking which extends far beyond the province of poets and literature teachers to the language of pre-kindergartners, to politics, business, and psychology, and to virtually every area of discourse. The paramount role of language in the new world of the 21st Century requires that we develop an awareness of, and sensitivity to, the metaphor. Since metaphors allow us to understand ourselves and our world in unique ways, we must give attention in our teaching to this crown jewel of imaginative/logical expression.

CABANEL-EVANS, HILDA

MONDAY 12:15; STEV 3072 Professor of Philosophy, Humanities, and Foreign Languages, Rio Hondo College

Ethnic Multi-Culturalism: Not for the 21st Century MUL-CULT

Although the diversity that multi-culturalism has brought into the classroom is a most welcome antidote to previous ethnocentricity, its implementation has distorted global realities for the understanding of race, gender, ethnic background, culture and variety in United States history and society. Our multi-cultural classroom further warps an authentic world view, since it is primarily the inhabitants from dysfunctional societies, rather than satisfied citizens, who tend to emigrate.

The socioeconomic, political and cultural realities of the future have to deal with a global village wherein ideals were fostered by both East and West, North and South, in proportions unrelated to the curriculum, a point on which I will elaborate. I will also contend that a multi-cultural ideology should emphasize foreign language acquisition for all students, beginning at the elementary level and continuing through higher education. A foreign language, by mirroring a different culture and expressing different forms of thought is also a boon to the development of critical thinking.

CABANEL-EVANS, HILDA TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Professor of Philosophy, Humanities, and Foreign Languages, Rio Hondo College

Thurow's Head to Head: An Exercise in Critical Thinking ECON, ADV, G

The purpose of this presentation is to suggest a model for the type of analysis we want from our students. Based on the Foundation for Critical Thinking's elements, standards and (I hope) abilities for reasoning, *form* will be at least as important as *content*. Thurow's assessment of the economic landscape of the twenty-first century, as one of the recommended readings to be used as a point of departure for this conference, provides a natural springboard for an intellectual exercise of this kind.

Since the reconstruction of the author's tacit assumptions and the determination of implications and consequences is (to some degree) drawn from the reviewer's frame of reference, the analysis will be broadened and enhanced by a discussion that will include other viable points of view and an evaluation of the model under consideration. The end result should be a fair-minded appraisal of both the contents of the text, its proposals and predictions, and a possible paradigm for text analysis, synthesis and evaluation.

CABANEL-EVANS, HILDA

Professor of Philosophy, Humanities, and Foreign Languages, Rio Hondo College

WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 3049

Classification Skills: Essential Yet Over-Looked G

The ability to mentally organize by means of the principles of classification is a most important thinking tool that has largely been neglected in the classroom. Useful and relevant all across the curriculum (not only in science, as some believe), the ability to classify provides a framework from which intellectual standards and reasoning abilities can be attained, and is a springboard for meaningful analysis, synthesis and evaluation. It even spills into everyday life by providing better patterns from which to rank preferences. Enhancing and rectifying these skills is all the more urgent because numerous social factors contribute to distort them. Yet the essential underpinnings of these skills are relatively easy and brief to acquire, as this workshop on the basics will attest. It will be followed by a discussion on how to best implement them in all levels and areas of instruction. TUESDAY 8:45; DAR 137

MONDAY 8:45: STEV 3030

CARTER-WELLS, JOANN

Coordinator, Reading Program, Cal State University, Fullerton

CINDY L. LYNCH Assistant Coordinator, Higher Education, University of Denver

Adult Development and the Assessment of Critical Thinking TEST, PSYCH, COLL

Participatory workshop focused on recent research related to the assessment of various aspects of critical thinking and problem solving in adults. Relevant background information will include theoretical perspectives and national outcomes assessment issues. Particular emphasis will be placed on the assessment measures and research linked to two current adult development theories — Learning Environment Preferences (William Moore and William Perry) and Reflective Judgment (Patricia King and Karen Kitchener). Open discussion on the teaching/learning/workplace implications and further research issues will provide a forum for networking opportunities beyond the conference.

CATSOULIS, JEANNETTE M.

Lecturer of Philosophy, University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Gender Conflict: Images of Women in Advertising MEDIA, FEM, SOC STUD If cooperation is to be the watchword of our future, its presence is perhaps most essential in the relationship between the sexes. Increasingly today our cultural messages stress gender conflict and hostility, from television "sitcoms" to rock music videos. Some of the most disturbing examples of these messages occur in advertising, which continues to depict women in degrading and offensive ways, in spite of the critical attention paid to its methods by the women's movement. Many recent campaigns show men and women openly fighting; and while no one would suggest that these campaigns bear sole responsibility for rising divorce statistics, crimes against women, or the inability of many people to have authentic relationships, a critical examination of the cultural force of these messages does suggest a link between the images of women in advertisements and society's attitudes and behavior toward women in general.

CAVINA, KRISTAN

SUNDAY 3:15; NICH 173

Instructor of English and ESL, Fullerton College

Teaching Critical Thinking in the Writing Class LANG, COLL

In this workshop, the presenter will demonstrate a method of writing instruction based on the principles of critical thinking. Students, through this method, learn to limit a topic and focus on a controlling idea. They organize their ideas logically, experimenting with levels of support, distinguishing generalizations from details, and eliminating non-relevant information. They examine the variety of meanings achieved through the use of transitions and sentence combining. The relevance of point of view, purpose, and audience in the writing process is studied. The function of

grammar in the expression of meaning is examined. Writing is analyzed for various possible interpretations. Students, working by this method, come to see a composition as an orderly exposition of a clearly defined thesis.

CHAFFEE, OHN

SUNDAY 3:15; IVES 119 Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Language Learning, LaGuardia College

Teaching and Evaluating Critical Thinking in the Disciplines COLL, MID/HIGH

This interactive session will present a comprehensive model for teaching and evaluating critical thinking in a variety of disciplines. Workshop participants will explore practical strategies for fostering critical thinking; assess the level of critical thinking evidenced in sample curricular materials; and engage in critical thinking activities that can be applied to teaching their courses. The workshop will also explore an interdisciplinary critical thinking program which involves 30 faculty and 900 students annually. The program, originated in 1979, integrate an independent Critical Thinking course with an initiative for infusing critical thinking across the disciplines through faculty development and curriculum redesign.

CHAFFEE, JOHN

MONDAY 8:45: IVES 119

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Language Learning, LaGuardia College

Designing an Effective Course in Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH

Teaching an effective course in critical thinking is an aspiring journey of unanticipated challenges and unexpected triumphs. The prospect of expanding students' thinking implies redefining who they are as human beings, a transformational process that is education at its best. This interactive session will address every phase of designing and teaching a successful critical thinking course: topical content, structural organization, teaching strategies, student activities, and evaluation. Workshop participants will engage in sample activities drawn from several units of the LaGuardia Critical Thinking course, and will analyze excerpts of a provocative critical thinking videotape, Thinking Towards Decisions.

CHAFFEE, JOHN

MONDAY 3:15; IVES 119

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Language Learning, LaGuardia College

SANDRA DICKINSON

Chairman, Department of Linguistics and Speech Communication, LaGuardia College

Critical Literacy and Critical Thinking: Partners in Education LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

The development of sophisticated thinking abilities is closely tied to the development of complex language abilities, a relationship captured in Lev Vygotsky's comment, "A thought may be compared to a cloud shedding a shower of words." Participants in this workshop will explore a conceptual model for understanding the intimate connections between thought and language and will engage in a variety of activities designed to foster effective



TUESDAY 8:45: IVES 119

critical thinking and language abilities. This integrated approach to language and thinking forms the basis of an interdisciplinary LaGuardia program in which students enrolled in a Critical Thinking course linked to writing, reading and oral communication courses have consistently demonstrated impressive gains in both language skills and thinking abilities.

CHAFFEE, JOHN

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Language Learning, LaGuardia College

Critical and Creative Problem Solving G

Solving challenging problems effectively involves an integrated set of critical and creative thinking abilities. This workshop will introduce a versatile approach useful for analyzing complex problems in an organized and creative fashion. Individually and in groups participants will work through a sequence of diverse problems that will allow them to critically reflect on and discuss the problem solving process. They will also explore ways of incorporating problem solving approaches into the courses that they teach at every educational level.

CHAMBERLAIN, HARRIET

JUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3046

Educational Consultant, Thinking Possibilities

Critical Thinking: Catalyst for "Fairminded" Change H CON, PSYCH, BUS

Most people agree that change in education, health care, and in our current economic, social and political policies is necessary. However, in the process of bringing about desired change, there is natural opposition that we are forced to confront in others — and even in ourselves. In addition, all of us must often deal with changes that are unsought, and sometimes beyond our control, both at home and in our work. In short, change is inevitable.

This discussion will focus on three aspects of change: presentation of evidence from various domains acknowledging the need for change; the natural physiological and psychological resistance to change; application of principles and practices of "fairminded" critical thinking as catalytic agents for facilitating desired, and/or necessary valued change.

A variety of approaches will be introduced that can be used by all persons interested in applying critical thinking in the "strong sense" to facilitate change at home, at work, and in the causes they serve.

CHEATWOOD, DIANE D. SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 2065 Faculty Development Specialist, Community College of Aurora

Thinking Across the College: The Integrated Thinking Skills (Faculty) Project Expands HIGH, COLL, STAFF DEV

Faculty success with the Community-College of Aurora's Integrated Thinking Skills Project (ITSP), combined with an institutional philosophy of a community of learners supporting both personal and professional growth,

enabled staff for the first time to join faculty in a year-long project with outstanding results.

Thinking Across the College, modeled after the ITSP, included workshops in which participants practiced proceduralizing, problem solving, decision making, and mapping and determined how to apply these skills in their work or class situations. Interdisciplinary teams also collaborated on content/process objectives, designed evaluative strategies, and implemented peer coaching.

Participants in this workshop will 1) analyze how this format could be adapted at their schools, 2) try a workshop activity which has helped students and staff use thinking skills, and 3) develop transfer applications for thinking skills in their courses.

CHEYNE, PATRICIA B. Instructor of Art, Colorado State University **TUESDAY 3:15: NICH 166**

Global Awareness Through Aesthetic Education MUL-CULT, K-12, SOC STUD, ART To enhance our ability to think critically about other cultures, we must begin to understand how different peoples process the world. Aesthetic education enables the learner, in a tangible way, to begin to understand peoples in other parts of the globe. This workshop will begin with a brief presentation about the use of aesthetic education as an important tool to increase the understanding of a global perspective and to enhance the learner's sensitivity to cultures and environments other than his or her own. After this presentation, the workshop participants will have an opportunity to experience what it is like to be a part of a different culture by creating a work of art based on another culture's aesthetic. Finally, participants will gather together to exchange ideas and discuss, in a critical way, the experience of working within a different cultural context. No previous artistic experience is required for this workshop. Both the "artistic" and the "untalented" will benefit greatly.

COHEN, ARTHUR President, Target Consultants International

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3046

"Become Streetwise!" A Women's Guide to Personal Safety G, H CON The "Become Streetwise" workshop begins with a member of the audience participating in a street confrontation. The group will learn to analyze the options of the "mark" or "target" and that of the criminal. The visual program uses a variety of slides i.e. news headlines, street pictures, cartoons, etc., and audience interaction. The program will cover rape and other crimes against women. A Color Coded System of alertness will be presented. A variety of additional solutions will be presented including use of body language, mental alertness and passive resistance. Audience involvement is stressed throughout the program. The program attempts to motivate people to take action and promote crime and rape prevention education in their schools and community.

COLLISON, GEORGE

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 1040 Assistant Professor of Math/Science Education, University of Massachusetts, Dartmouth

Visiting the Rainforest Via Computer Simulation and Linking up for Awareness of Global Problems MID/HIGH, ENV, COMPUTER ASST ED

Two new exploratory simulations, A Field Trip to the Rainforest and Eco-Rainforest offer children environments to visit and learn about these fascinating biomes. Kids explore at their own pace with well planned lesson guides. Topics in both science and mathematics are included in these activities. Save the Planet and Eco-notes offer educators another source of information and hands-on activities for students to learn about earth's fragile ecosystems. Students navigate through a hypercard interface to find information about environmental issues as well as up to date voting records and addresses of all Senators and Representatives. A word processor linked to the database is included. Mac and MS/DOS.

COLLISON, GEORGE

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 1040 Assistant Professor of Math/Science Education, University of Massachusetts. Dartmouth

Project BioQUEST: New Tools for Critical Thinking and Constructionivist Pedagogy in Life Science Education G. SCI, ENV, COMPUTER ASST ED

Funded by the Annenberg Foundation and PBS, the BioQUEST Project under John Jungck of Beloit College offers educators new and very exciting software with which to explore concepts in the life sciences. This hands-on workshop focuses on new ways to incorporate critical thinking in life science education using computer simulations in ecology and physiology. Featured will be sample student centered explorations using John Jungck's "3-P's", Problem Posing, Problem Solving, and Persuasion. We will view Environmental Decision Maker, and the Cardiovascular Construction Kit from among the dozen programs in the BioQUEST series. BioQUEST is available on CD ROM from the University of Maryland in Mac and Mac formats. [MS/DOS in prep]

COLLISON, JUDITH

MONDAY 8:45; DAR 122

Instructor, Teacher Education, Marist College

Overcoming Math Anxiety of Elementary School Teachers MATH, ELEM, TEST

Self-esteem of students is very closely correlated with ability to do well in math and science. A large percent of elementary school teachers are victims of math anxiety. Unless these teachers come to enjoy and understand the concepts, the value and the beauty of mathematics, they will pass on these negative attitudes to their students. The NCTM (National Council of Teachers of Mathematics) Standards for Curriculum and Evaluation, and Professional Standards provide excellent guidelines for improving math education. This presentation explores ways the Standards can be used in teacher education programs to help overcome math anxiety in future teachers.

COLLISON, UDITH Instructor, Teacher Education, Marist College

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3049

Multiple Perspectives in Curriculum Development for Teacher Education ELEM, MUL-CULT

Educational reform depends on the classroom teachers. If critical thinking is to be an integral part of the curriculum at all levels and in all disciplines, it has to be a major component of teacher education programs. Constructivist approach to learning requires a constructivist approach to curriculum development. Curriculum development in general, and lesson planning in particular, must integrate teaching techniques, learning theory, and the requirements of specific disciplines. In this session we will discuss how to teach curriculum development and lesson planning to include multiple points of view, multi-embodiment of ideas, consideration of multiple intelligences or learning styles, authentic assessment, multi-cultural issues, and equity in the classroom.

COODLEY, LAUREN

TUESDAY 12:15; STEV 3028

Professor of Psychology, Napa Valley College

Psychology as a Critical Thinking Requirement: How to Do it PSYCH, COLL I will present the psychology course which I developed to meet the Critical Thinking requirement for CSU transfer from the community college system. Several years ago, I began researching how many, if any, psychology courses addressed critical thinking and I found no more than five. I developed my course, "Learning and Problem-Solving" (Psychology 100) specifically to address this need.

I would like to share both the course outline and the texts I have chosen to use. I will describe the skills developed by the course, and how it places critical thinking within the domain of psychology. In the workshop, we will do some activities done in the class, such as working with left and right hemispheres and the development of logic and spatial skills to address math anxiety. The course also involves a rethinking of students' previous educational experiences and an introduction to "paired thinking" assignments; these will also be demonstrated.

COOPER, LOWELL Professor of Psychology, California School of Professional Psychology

WEDNESDAY 10:30; IVES 79

Using Critical Thought as a Way Out of Negative Relationship Cycles PSYCH, H CON

This is a participatory workshop intending to go through a series of selfanalytical steps in thinking one's way out of a relationship dilemma. Each participant will be asked to focus on one relationship issue they are currently struggling with. We will then go through a series of questions intending to direct and focus thought from emotional and psychological confinement of a recurrent cycle, to a more open space for creative and critical relationship molding. Each participant will start his or her process with a

definition of the problem. We will then take on questions, such as: what is personally compelling about the confining pattern? What is the personal price of staying in the pattern? What does the open space look like? And, ultimately, how can an individual experiment in a freer space? This workshop is a guided thought exercise involving a challenge to self-critical, selfanalytic abilities. Each member will work privately, following their personal process and narrative. We will share questions that arise about the process.

COTTON, WEBSTER E.

MONDAY 8:45; DAR 137 Professor of Educational Foundations, California State University, Los Angeles

Thinking, Language, and the Human Project: Re-Discovering the Meaning or Significance of Plato's Allegory of the Cave PSYCH, SOCIOL, H RIGHTS, COLL

What is the relationship between thinking, language and the Human Project? This question is explored in a most illuminating way in Plato's Allegory of the Cave. The prisoners have "fallen into" a non-reflective way of using their minds which, in effect, keeps them chained in the Cave. It is only as they are willing to question, to be reflective and "do therapy" on their current language-meanings (Wittgenstein) that they can begin the liberating process. It is my contention that the multiple crises we are experiencing in our society are rooted in our "everyday" (non-reflective, non-critical, mechanical) way of thinking. Engaging in a dialogue with the Allegory can open up our understanding of what it means to be thinking, to be involved in the educational process, to be fulfilling our unique Human Project. In my analysis of the Allegory, I will be drawing primarily on the perspective of Existential Phenomenology. This session will be in the seminar format, with an initial 20-25 minute presentation.

D'ANGELO, EDWARD

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 1002

Professor of Philosophy, University of Bridgeport

Critical Thinking in Law COLL, HIGH, H RIGHTS, H CON

A presentation of various critical thinking skills and their application to legal cases. An analysis will be made of the arguments used by the U.S. Supreme Court to justify certain decisions. The cases presented will be geared toward the interests of secondary school and college students (abortion, pornography, compulsory male draft registration). A participatory workshop will enable attendants to use critical thinking in the analysis of Baby M (surrogate motherhood) and Bowers v. Hardwick (sodomy).

DADDOW, KIRK G. Director of Extended Learning, Ames High School

WEDNESDAY 8:45; NICH 173

Teaching Critical Thinking in the Advanced Writing Course LANG, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD

While all composition teachers actively seek the well written piece which shows evidence of higher order thinking, many times our courses seem almost to discourage this type of thought. This presentation will focus on strategies which can be utilized to enhance thinking skills in narrative, descriptive, and the various types of expository writing commonly assigned in the public schools. A variety of handouts will be distributed and the focus will definitely be on practical methods which can be employed on a day-to-day basis.

DALAL, MEENAKSHI (MEENA) Associate Professor of Economics, Wayne State College

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3046

Economic Reality and Human Conflict ECON, CONF THEME

A fundamental economic problem for any nation on earth is scarcity of resources. As we approach the 21st century, economic problems will have international dimension. In this day and age of global economy, markets are broadened by trade, movement of capital from developing countries. and formation of free trade zones. Economic problems in a global economy will not be confined to national boundaries. Simple economic tools will be used to explain the problems of scarcity, choice and trade off, and how a free market system resolves the problem of scarcity.

The main objective of this paper is to show how the economic system is linked to human conflict of a global scale. Handouts will be given so that the participants can use them in their classroom teaching to improve critical thinking. The education system as well as the market is a part of the bigger framework of the society. In this session a new way of thinking will be proposed. Participants will be challenged to think beyond national interest to establish peace and prosperity in the world in the 21st century.

DAMER, T. EDWARD

SUNDAY 3:15: STEV 3040

Professor of Philosophy, Emory and Henry College A Positive Approach to the Teaching of the Fallacies: A Simple Method

for Distinguishing "Good" Arguments from "Bad" Ones G, ADV This workshop will demonstrate how a basic understanding of the nature of a fallacy can provide a simple and effective means of evaluating the quality of an argument. A fallacy is defined by the workshop leader as a violation of

one of the four criteria of a good argument. A handout of common fallacies (violations committed so frequently that they even have their own names) from the workshop leader's Attacking Faulty Reasoning will be distributed to workshop participants. Sample arguments that deal with current social, business, and economic issues will be evaluated as a part of the workshop. Participants are encouraged to bring their own arguments (preferably written) for this purpose.

DAMER, T. EDWARD Professor of Philosophy, Emory and Henry College

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3040

How to Construct Effective Moral Arguments G, ADV

It is primarily moral issues that engage our most serious intellectual attention. Yet many critical thinking courses give little focus to the peculiar char-

acter of moral arguments and the part that they play in persuading us toward moral commitment or action. This workshop will suggest a model for constructing persuasive moral arguments, with particular attention given to the task of formulating clear moral premises. Participants will construct and share their own moral arguments that deal directly with the social and economic issues that disturb and divide us.

DAMER, T. EDWARD

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 3008

Professor of Philosophy, Emory and Henry College

A Code of Conduct for a Critically Thinking Citizenry: A Proposed Method for Effective Resolution of Conflicts G. H.CON

Much of the focus in the critical thinking movement has been on the construction and evaluation of arguments and on pedagogical techniques. This session, however, will focus upon the rules of intellectual behavior that a concerned citizenry might be reasonably expected to follow in a healthy discussion of divisive issues. The suggested code of conduct can be construed as both normative and descriptive in character. In so far as a spirit of fair-mindedness demands of all participants in rational discussions a commitment to the same minimal standards of intellectual behavior, these rules clearly take on an ethical or normative dimension. However, the rules also come close to describing our actual behavior in those discussions which we regard as having been the most successful in resolving conflicts. Part of the workshop will be devoted to demonstrating the effectiveness of the method by attempting to "resolve" a social or ideological conflict found between workshop participants.

DANIELS, LEROI

WEDNESDAY 10:30; IVES 35 Professor of Social and Educational Studies, University of British Columbia

SHARON BAILIN Associate Professor of Education, Simon Fraser University

ROLAND CASE

Professor of Social and Educational Studies, University of British Columbia

JERROLD COOMBS

Professor of Social and Educational Studies, University of British Columbia

Operationalizing Critical Thinking: A Curriculum, Instruction, and Assessment Model (Project OPCRIT) ADV

The Ministry of Education for British Columbia intends to carry out a province-wide assessment of student abilities and dispositions vis-a-vis critical thinking. The Ministry has commissioned a group to, in the Ministry's words: "Provide an 'operational definition', in plain language, of critical thinking that can be used across all curricula, and at all age levels in the public school system..."

A writing team is drafting a response to this request. In this session we will present and discuss the paper we have written outlining a model which we

believe can accomplish what the Ministry wants. The model is based on the following definition of critical thinking: critical thinking is 1) reflective thinking 2) aimed at making reasoned judgments 3) about what to believe or do. The model views critical thinking as what we do when faced with reflective challenges of different types and enunciates the reflective resources which people draw upon in critical thinking. The paper sketches the model and explains the major implications adopting the model would have for educators.

DAWSON, KATY

WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 35

Bilingual Teacher, George Mayne School

Five, Six, and Seven Year Olds: Powerful Thinkers Right from the Start! ELEM, H CON, LANG, MATH, BI-LINGUAL

Change the atmosphere of the primary classroom (kindergarten-second grade) to one where learners tackle projects "too big" for them, learn to value their own problem-solving styles, learn to resolve conflicts and take responsibility for their own actions. Learn how to provoke thinking across the curriculum using everyday situations as problem-solving opportunities in math, in a language arts program that teaches pre-literates how to write by writing, and uses literature (in English and Spanish) to raise important issues: homelessness, gender equity, children and political action, and the human cost of technology replacing human labor. This is a participatory workshop on steps that can be taken to put building children's autonomy at the center of the primary curriculum.

DE CAPITE, CONNIE

SUNDAY 1:30; STEV 3072 Staff Development Program Specialist, Santa Ana Unified Schools

Critical Thinking for All Students LANG, SOC STUD, SCI

In this workshop the audience will work through a unit of study which uses critical thinking strategies to help students master content and become more proficient in reading, writing and discussion while mastering content. This unit was originally prepared and used with both GATE and Chapter I students at Carr Intermediate School. However, the strategies are applicable at any grade level.

DE LA ROCHE, ELISA Assistant Professor, Curriculum and Teaching, Montclair State College

MONDAY 3:15: IVES 35

Drama, Critical Thinking, and Social Issues DRAMA, H CON, SOC STUD, G

Understanding from a global perspective requires imagination and empathy in addition to knowledge of information. Educational drama can provide an active environment to develop critical thinking on social issues which incorporates the affective and cognitive domains. Role play, simulation, and scene development will be featured in the workshop as a method of exploring contemporary sociopolitical concerns. The "Holistic" and "Exemplary" Stages of teaching and learning will be modeled, and active participation is an integral component. Come and enjoy the experience of dramatic improvisation!

TUESDAY 10:30; DAR 112

DEVEREAUX, CONSTANCE Executive Director, Institute for Socratic Research

WILLIAM G. MUNN Research Assistant, Center for Politics and Policy

Is There a Problem Here? A Policy Analysis of Critical Thinking in California Community Colleges COMM COLL, STAFF DEV, TEST

The session will present the results of policy research on the design and implementation process of the Title V "critical thinking mandate" as it pertains to the California Community College System. The object of the analysis is the 1986 changes in Title V regulations of the California Education Code. Focus will be on discussion of critical thinking as a tool in "academic excellence," and the process of implementation of the critical thinking requirement as it is stipulated by the Code. Discussion will include assessment of the "success" or "failure" of the policy in its implementation. Handouts will be provided to aid discussion. This session should be of interest to faculty and administrators at any level who are concerned with incorporating critical thinking into course curriculum.

DIETER, LYNN P., PH.D. English Teacher, Maine Township High School East MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3028

A Model to Teach Ethical Decision Making MID/HIGH, COLL, H CON, LANG

How can schools help students learn to make fair and just choices in valuecentered areas? How do we teach the future chemist not to make designer drugs, the CPA not to hide profits to avoid taxes, and the manufacturing company not to dump toxic waste in the water because it's cheaper? Ethical decision making is a thinking model which begins by equipping the student with a critical thinking process which enables him/her to separate knowledge or truth from falsehood. This process is then applied to ethical dilemmas inherent in every discipline to encourage the student to progress from totally self-centered choices to those which consider the good of the social group as well. The demonstration workshop will teach the model for thinking, its applications to value-laden issues, and assist the teacher in framing questions which lead to discussions of the ethical choices faced by the citizens in a democratic society.

DIETZ, MARY E.

SUNDAY 12:15: STEV 3036

Education Consultant and Founder of Frameworks

BOB VAN ZANT

Assistant Principal, Central Union High School

Professional Development Portfolio: A Constructivist Approach for Professional Development K-12, STAFF DEV, TEST, ADV

The professional growth of teachers is critical to the process of positive change in our schools. The Professional Development Portfolio provides a framework for designing and measuring the impact of professional development programs while engaging teachers with constructivist teaching prac-

tices. The workshop design uses experience-based learning and inquiry to build knowledge while supporting the process of change, as teachers transfer a reverence for thinking, giving and receiving feedback, and performance based assessments. Participants will have an opportunity to become familiar with the concepts and theoretical underpinnings of the Portfolio, as they experience constructivist teaching practices. After they have built an initial understanding of how these concepts contribute to the Portfolio process, they will begin the process of developing their own Portfolio. A status report from the pilot sites and research projects involving the Portfolio will be shared with the participants.

DITZHAZY, HELEN E. R.

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3077

Professor of Educational Leadership, Eastern Michigan University

Who Eventually Pays? MID/HIGH, PSYCH, ECON

In this participatory workshop, attendees will, after a brief overview, write their reactions to seven questions, based on the first of six dilemmas which perennially confront middle, junior and senior high school administrations and staff. Using strands from psychology, philosophy, and Richard Paul's critical thinking and moral reasoning, participants will help to determine whether or not moral education can impact the economy of a local school, the district and the community.

After this introduction, one segment of a soon to be completed research study, which involved students from three southeastern Michigan senior high schools, will be shared. This research uses as references, the work of Kohlberg and his critics, work of the ethicists, work of some of the moral educators and works from critical thinking. Each of these fields of study has a piece, without which, one could not be so definite as to state that the world could be a better place, where money could be spent more wisely, if this particular small dilemma could be resolved.

DORMAN, WILLIAM A.

SUNDAY 12:15; IVES 119

Professor of Journalism/Government, CSU Sacramento

RALPH IOHNSON

Professor of Philosophy, University of Windsor

Media Logic MEDIA, MID/HIGH, COLL

The concept of "media logic" implies that the mass media encourage a way of thinking about the world that is at odds with the rules and standards of other forms of logic. Dorman and Johnson will explore the way media logic may be at work, its consequences for the classroom, and the role critical thinking may have to play in helping students recognize and cope with its influence in their lives. The workshop will leave time for others to share their definitions, perspectives, and strategies.

DORMAN, WILLIAM A.

Professor of Journalism/Government, CSU Sacramento

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 1002

CONFERENCE ABSTRACTS

In Galileo's Garden: Thinking Critically About a Changed and Changing World PEACE, POL, ECON

There ought to be little doubt that critical thinking is *the* competency for the 21st Century. But critical thinking for what? Yearning to once again be above other nations is one thing, while discovering ways to take our place among them is quite another. This presentation will focus on the dangers of an econocentric impulse to educational reform, and will suggest that the very first task for critical thinking — and perhaps its most important one — is not to help students become more productive workers but rather to explore the large value questions concerning global cooperation that loom before us. The presentation will consider the four books that serve as a common point of departure for this conference (by Paul, Thurow, Reich, and Heilbroner) together with Paul Kennedy's new work, Preparing for the Twenty First Century. I will make certain there is ample time for discussion.

DORMAN, WILLIAM A.

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 1002

Professor of Journalism/Government, CSU Sacramento

Perceptions, Misperceptions, and Damned Nonsense: The News Media and World Affairs MEDIA. POL. COLL. MID/HIGH

The decisions that most of our students will make about how to view and meet the challenge for the U.S. posed by a new world order, to a considerable degree, will be based on perceptions gained through the news media. This presentation will examine how the American press covers global affairs and consider the forces that shape the news. Emphasis will be on developing in students a critical awareness of the power of representation and an understanding of how the news process can be affected by the subtle and not-so-subtle influences of nationalism, cultural bias, and flawed professional practice. I will describe some of the methods I use in the classroom to get at these issues. There will be plenty of time available for discussion.

DOWNS, JUDY R.

SUNDAY 3:15; ART 108

Assistant Professor, English and Education, University of Tampa

A Mini-Workshop in Critical and Creative Thinking K-12, COLL, LANG

This participatory workshop will be particularly helpful for newcomers to the conference or beginners in the field of critical and creative thinking. An overview of critical and creative thinking concepts and strategies will be given, as well as helpful resources and ideas to explore. Emphasis will be placed on practical, useful applications of critical and creative thinking at a variety of levels. Participants will leave the session with a fuller understanding of the range of ideas they will encounter at the conference and in academic settings.

EDDY, MACGREGOR Educational Consultant, "MacGregor Eddy Presents..."

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 2049

From Novice to Expert in the Era of the Information Overload HEALTH, COLL

This workshop will explore how nurses develop thinking abilities along Benner's five stages of skill acquisition. In continuing education and staff development, professional nurses move from novice, advanced-beginner, to competent then proficient and finally expert. We live in the age of information overload. The nurse must be able to transfer ideas to new contexts, assess apparent facts, and explore possible consequences. Nursing decisions are made under stressful conditions and require clear, accurate reasoning that is grounded in clinical experience. In this demonstration, complex patient care situations will be used to explore thinking ability in solving problems.

EDWARDS, JOHN

TUESDAY 8:45; IVES 35

Associate Professor of Education, James Cook University TIMOTHY MELCHIOR

Principal, Memorial Jr. High School

The Researcher and the Practitioner MID/HIGH, STAFF DEV, BUS, G

The establishment of more enlightened relationships between professional groups in the community offers the potential for growth of all involved. Links between the research community, schools, and business have seldom been used for mutual benefit. This workshop will explore the relationships possible through the experiences of a researcher and a headmaster. As well as their particular relationship, the presenters will report on their experiences in interacting with the business world at both theoretical and practical levels. Workshop participants will be involved in generating creative new relational possibilities.

EDWARDS, JOHN

TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 78

Associate Professor of Education, James Cook University

Action Thinking for Change BUS, STAFF DEV, G

The creative management of change in schools, companies, and governments is a critical issue that lies ahead. This workshop will introduce a powerful new model of human action and change. The model has been used with great success in both educational and business settings. It has led to the development of action thinking approaches where students or workers learn through their own actions, through tapping into their own personal practical knowledge and their world views, and reflecting on their current practice. The thoughtful individual change that results is deeply rooted and can comfortably generate further growth.

ELLIS, CAROL M. TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3049 Assistant Professor of Writing and Literature, University of Redlands

Critical Thinking as Controversy FEM, LANG, COLL, MUL-CULT

My presentation is a discussion of the following issues in critical thinking: What is critical thinking? Why should one want to think critically, when there are so many other ways to think, e.g., creative thinking? Why has critical thinking become such an esteemed way of thinking in academia? Is critical thinking a male-dominated way of thought? A gender determined linear form of thought? Does critical thinking express a political agenda? A closed system devoid of dance? A catchword for the frightened? What does thinking critically accomplish? I intend to involve the audience in active and opinionated responses.

ENRIGHT, JOHN

TUESDAY 8:45; DAR 139

Professor of Psychology, John F. Kennedy University

Economology: Managing the Earth (and Us) with Wisdom ENV, ECON, PSYCH Attempts to manage the Earth (Eco-Nomos) without first Understanding it (Eco-Logos) are failing, resulting in terrible stress to the Earth's bio-systems. In my work and travel throughout the world, I have seen how our separative, fragmented thinking has gotten us into this state of danger. In this presentation I would like to lead the audience in an experiential as well as cognitive critical re-evaluation of some of the very basic — and sacred concepts that have led us into this crisis: such concepts as Wealth, Free Trade, National and Personal Security, the GNP, and Science.

Why, you might ask, is a psychologist butting into economics? To be too close to a system is to be blind to its paradigms. ("What is this 'Ocean'?" asked the students of the philosopher fish.) While "experts" are needed to study the details within a system, when the fundamental assumptions that support a system are in question, the experts are those who can think critically from a perspective outside the system. In this presentation, we will seek to do just that together.

EPSTEIN, VIRGINIA B. Associate Professor of Education, Regis College of Regis University

Critical Reading and Popular Culture: Women as Heroes in Film FEM, K-12, H CON

When examining women's roles in popular films there seems to be little consideration of ethical issues, particularly the ethics of the exploitation of women for economic purposes. The recent emphasis in films on the pathological career woman intent upon brutal murder for the love of another woman's man (the "Fatal Attraction" genre) can be juxtaposed with films in which women are cast as the hero: the ones who move the action rather than act in support of the male hero. In this workshop we will dialogue about the story possibilities in these films. For example, are there ethical positions available for women in these films? Are women still portrayed as crazy? Can they only behave as men? Such films as "Thelma & Louise", "Aliens", and "Fried Green Tomatoes" will be used to raise these and other questions about gender in our culture. Patterns of questions will be suggested to teach the reading of films and other media across grade levels and curricula for ethically responsible interpretations.

ESFORMES, ROBERT

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 2083

Editor of Inquiry, Montclair State College

Critical Thinking Journals and Newsletters MEDIA, LANG, COLL

This session is for the purpose of networking and exchanging information on the production of journals and newsletters in the field of critical thinking. We will talk about the practical concerns of soliciting manuscripts and subscribers, keeping up with the news, publication and editing styles and an assortment of other issues relevant to editors of critical thinking periodicals. We will also consider the possibilities of various kinds of collaboration between different extant journals and newsletters. In addition, we welcome those who are interested in starting a new publication and need basic information and/or encouragement. Participants are asked to bring copies of their publication, ideas and questions.

FACIONE, NOREEN C. MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3036 Regents Fellow Nurse Researcher, Physiological Nursing, University of California, San Francisco

CAROL A. SANCHEZ Professor of Psychology, University of California, Riverside

PETER FACIONE Dean, College of Arts and Sciences, Santa Clara University

Gender and Critical Thinking --- A Look at the Data FEM, PSYCH, COLL, ADV

Although women and men might be equally capable of critical thinking and equally disposed toward using critical thinking, are there differences between the genders regarding specific critical thinking dispositions or abilities? This presentation will examine the results of three separate research studies using the California Critical Thinking Skills and Dispositions instruments to explore possible gender differences in critical thinking skills and dispositions in college students. The three studies address 1) possible differences in critical thinking skills by gender, possible correlations with SAT verbal, SAT math, and college GPA; gain scores by gender after one course in critical thinking 2) common profiles by gender on critical thinking dispositions, and 3) possible correlations between critical thinking skills and dispositions by gender. Participants in this presentation will interpret these new data and suggest their implications for educational policy and pedagogical strategies.

FACIONE, NOREEN C.

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 2049

Regents Fellow Nurse Researcher, Physiological Nursing, University of California, San Francisco

CAROL A. SANCHEZ

Professor of Psychology, University of California, Riverside

Critical Thinking Research and the Health Professions HEALTH, PSYCH, TEST, ADV New research illuminates the strong theoretical connections between critical thinking skills and dispositions and successful practice in the health care SUNDAY 12:15 ; STEV 2049

professions. This presentation will outline several of these research findings: 1) descriptions of how critical thinking dispositions might impact professional practice; 2) an empirical study of the convergent validity between critical thinking dispositions and a number of key psychological indicators associated with mental health and divergent validity with personality disorder measures; 3) empirical data describing the most common critical thinking dispositional profiles; and 4) correlational studies relating critical thinking dispositions and critical thinking skills. These studies suggest fruitful avenues for future research regarding the relationship between critical thinking and successful job performance in the health professions. They also have important implications for curriculum development in programs designed to prepare health professionals.

FACIONE, PETER

Dean, College of Arts and Sciences, Santa Clara University

NOREEN C. FACIONE

Regents Fellow Nurse Researcher, Physiological Nursing, University of California, San Francisco

Assuring Critical Thinking in the Professional Nurse: A Response to NLN Criterion 20 HEALTH, TEST, COLL

The nursing profession is among the leaders in demanding critical thinking ability in its developing professionals. This interactive and collaborative presentation will employ critical thinking pedagogy to achieve its two outcomes: *a*) that the participants will encounter a robust, theory-based, critical thinking construct capable of guiding the integration of critical thinking skills and dispositions into the curriculum of nursing preparation, and *b*) that the participants will outline a multi-modal program assessment plan by which they can generate sophisticated and meaningful baseline and longitudinal data regarding the students' critical thinking development during their nursing education. The result of this session will be an outline on how to integrate critical thinking education and assessment into nursing curriculum that is consistent with the vision of the professional nurse and rigorous enough to support the development of the advanced nursing professional.

FACIONE, PETER

SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 137

Dean, College of Arts and Sciences, Santa Clara University

Classroom Critical Thinking Assessment — The Basic Ways and Means TEST, SOC STUD, COLL, MID/HIGH

This session describes the fundamentals of classroom level assessment of students' critical thinking skills and dispositions. Our chief focus here will be on grass-roots assessment projects which are designed and carried out by individual faculty and teachers. However, the basic ways and means of assessment described here have application at the larger scale levels of program and institutional assessment as well. All who are new to assessment are most welcome. We will start with the basics, like identifying a robust, clear, and operational concept of critical thinking. Then we will identify and critique specific examples of classroom assessment strategies (such as projects, self-reports, performance observations, essay tests, and multiplechoice tests). We will examine a variety of commercial critical thinking assessment instruments such as the Watson-Glaser, Ennis-Weir, Cornell X, Cornell Z, California Critical Thinking Skills Test, and the California Critical Thinking Dispositions Inventory. And, we will have fun experimenting with novel classroom assessment strategies such as team testing.

FACIONE, PETER

MONDAY 3:15; NICH 173 Dean, College of Arts and Sciences, Santa Clara University

JOANNE GAINEN

Director, Teaching and Learning Center, Santa Clara University

Are New College Students Disposed to Think? LANG, COLL, TEST

Writing and communication teachers at the high school and college levels seek to develop student's CT ability and dispositions. During freshman orientation for the 1992/93 entering college students at Santa Clara University were studied to determine the CT dispositions with which they began college level studies. This study of over 600 students yielded profiles of the dispositional strengths and weakness of these newly graduated high school students who were about to embark upon their college careers. This presentation will describe the seven CT dispositions, or habits of mind, which were surveyed. They include inquisitiveness, cognitive-maturity, analyticity, CT self-confidence, systematicity, truth-seeking, and open-mindedness. Using composite samples of student profiles, participants will be invited to assist in interpreting these samples and drawing out the implications for writing and communication assignments and classroom activities at both the college and high school levels.

FACIONE, PETER Dean, College of Arts and Sciences, Santa Clara University

TUESDAY 8:45; IVES 78

Teaching Critical Thinking Using TV Drama LANG, COLL, MEDIA, MID/HIGH.

The development in students of those abilities and dispositions we associate with good critical thinking requires opportunities for guided practice using meaningful and engaging material. For good or for ill, perhaps nothing in popular culture captures the attention and interest of today's learners as completely as does dramatic commercial television. Hence, the careful use of commercial TV materials to teach and reinforce critical thinking should advance the quality of education and cause of rationality in our democracy. This session is an on-site demonstration of the use of such media in the typical college classroom. The participants will be selected randomly from those attending the session. Although we will reflect from time to time on the pedagogical or theoretical dimensions of teaching critical thinking this way, the chief activity of this session will be to illustrate the use of a recently aired clip from a TV drama to teach critical thinking.

FEARE, JOHN R. Educational Consultant

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3008

SANDRA PARKS Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

ROBERT SWARTZ Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

Critical Thinking and Global Economics Within a Theological Dimension CONF THEME

For those who live in any industrial society, especially capitalist, the primary preoccupation must be the production, distribution, and consumption of goods and services if that society is to survive.

The argument will be presented that human life exists for a nobler purpose: "helping out the birth throes of creation and the continuation of life ... furthering the life pulse of the universe itself" (E. Becker). This purpose is the ultimate referent against which all human behavior is evaluated. It originates in the creative spirit (or God, life force...), the source of all life and purpose. Implementation of this theological perspective would necessitate the development of a communitarian society dedicated to the protection, unification, and enhancement of life. In any case, the absolutely serious question of the meaning of life must be raised at all levels of education, and that inquiry must be grounded in individual experience informed by soulsearching and rational and empirical criticism i.e., critical thinking.

FEER, MICHAEL

SUNDAY 1:30; STEV 3046 Mediator for the Victim Offender Program, Cal State University, Dominguez Hills

Decision Making and the World Market-Place ECON, CONF THEME

The session will focus on a fragmented global economic system, the international agencies most responsible for this system, and the reforms in structure and process which would be helpful in integrating the system. Fractiousness, agencies, and reform will be knit together by consideration of decision-making as a cognitive and social process. It is the contention in this presentation that it is in effective decision-making that world marketplace issues can be best addressed. The structure and process of decisionmaking can be studied and taught and then applied to extant institutions to promote integrative and collaborative economies. The aim will be to present specific and useful decision tools and to apply them to recommendations for education and the economy.

FERNANDEZ-BALBOA, JUAN MIGUEL MONDAY 8:45; DAR 139 Associate Professor of Kinesiology, University of Northern Colorado

Educational Reform for Social Transformation and Environmental Renewal ENV, SOC STUD, CONF THEME

In this paper, I argue that schooling is quite irrelevant to our great environmental and social crises because education, far from being neutral, is affected by powerful economic and political forces with little interest in society and

the environment. Nevertheless, we are at a point in history where the social problems and environmental conditions are reaching alarming proportions which threaten our existence. Hence, my argument is that educational reform must redirect its priorities toward solving and preventing further social and environmental decay. I propose alternative educational solutions related to the content, process, and orientation of schooling. Namely: a) emphasizing curricula centered around human subjects and environmental issues in order to develop social and ecological literacy and action; b) adopting critical pedagogy as a philosophy and praxis of education; and c) designing and implementing instructional programs intended to educate learners as active democratic citizens and social "transformative intellectuals."

FINOCCHIARO, MAURICE A. MONDAY 3:15: ART 108 Chairman and Distinguished Professor of Philosophy, University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Galileo and Critical Thinking COLL, SCI, H CON, H RIGHTS

Galileo's is well known for his contributions to physics, astronomy, instrumentation, and methodology. Equally well known is his martyrdom in the struggle for freedom of inquiry, due to his persecution by the Inquisition; the "Galileo affair" is instructive partly because it brings us face to face with the importance, the difficulty, and the risks of being a critical thinker in the "strong sense." Less well known is the fact that Galileo was also a critical thinker in the sense of being an explicit practitioner of such micro-skills as argument analysis, evaluation, and construction. I am currently working on an elementary guide to the critical reading, analysis, and evaluation of Galileo's Dialogue on the Two Chief World Systems, his mature scientific synthesis which triggered the trial; I plan to use this session to lecture on the background of this project, give a progress report, and try to involve a general audience in that type of critical thinking consisting of the critical reading of a classic scientific text.

FISHEL, JUDY

TUESDAY 10:30; DAR 122

Science Teacher, Bristol High School

Benchmarks in Critical Thinking: What Skills at What Age? The Comet Is Coming! SCI, MATH, K-12

Here is an opportunity to make a real difference. Project 2061 of AAAS has published the first Draft of their "Benchmarks for Science Literacy". One strand in this work includes Critical Thinking Skills and the age levels at which they should be mastered. These "Benchmarks" will be used in many schools across the United States to help develop new curricula in Science, Math, and Technology. We will compare their work to Richard Paul's Dimensions of Critical Thinking and share ideas about what skills children really can and should master at various ages. If you have used or plan to use critical thinking strategies K-12, please come and share in this effort. (Halley's Comet returns in the year 2061.)

FITZGERALD, DAVID Ph.D Research Student, The Open University

WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 3030

Integration of Reflective Thinking into the Curriculum COLL, PSYCH, BUS, TEST

This research evaluates an educational program taught separately to management studies and psychology degree students in their first year at university. The program deals with engaging the students in critically reflecting upon the course learning activities and epistemological constructs in their studies. The design, implementation and evaluation of the course are carried out by the researcher. In this paper I intend to comment upon emergent themes coming from this program based on reflections as a researcher and practitioner. The paper will comment upon and explore issues that promote or inhibit critical thinking for the student in the classroom. Secondly, it will look at the broader setting beyond the classroom and examine how institutional structures come to inhibit or promote the incorporation of reflective thinking into the curriculum. The paper will comment on the research findings followed by participatory exploration of the above two issues and from this a discussion of the implications for incorporating it into the curriculum.

FOLEY, JEAN ANN TUESDAY 10:30; NICH 173 Research Associate, School of Education, University of Tulsa

Teacher Ethos: A Veil of Perception That Precludes Critical Thinking STAFF DEV, ELEM, MATH/SCI

This paper contends that efforts to reform science education in elementary schools have failed because reformers ignore the teacher ethos that drives the teacher in the elementary science classroom. The argument is presented in three steps. First, the elements that build teacher perspective are described and suggestions are made on how teacher ethos may interfere with the teacher's ability to problem solve, analyze, and interpret science education reform initiatives. Next, the dichotomy of the scientific perspective that is rooted in critical thinking and the teacher ethos is discussed and illustrated by research conducted on a teacher enhancement program for elementary teachers for teachers who teach science. The argument concludes with an example of how the teacher ethos that precludes critical thinking has the power to reinterpret reform initiatives.

FORREST, BARBARA

MONDAY 8:45: STEV 3077

Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Southeastern Louisiana University

Back to Basics: The Use of Newspapers and Other Print Media to Teach Analytical Reading, Writing, and Reasoning MEDIA, LANG, G

The workshop will be divided into three segments. The first will begin with a paper which provides a rationale for incorporating the use of newspapers and other print media into the teaching of critical thinking, and recommends combining E.D. Hirsch's emphasis on "accumulating shared sym-

bols and... information" with Richard Paul's emphasis on teaching students "to think critically ... about their use of language [and] information" Next, the audience will participate in a "Hirschean Reading Exercise" which demonstrates the importance of information for intelligent reading. The second segment will be spent examining the critical thinking booklet composed of selections from the print media which I compiled for my university critical thinking classes. The audience will be taken through the criteria for choosing editorials, analyzing the arguments they contain, and grading students analyses. The third segment will be devoted to demonstrating a convenient procedure for critiquing editorial arguments once they are identified and reconstructed.

GAMBRILL. EILEEN

MONDAY 1:30: DAR 112 Professor, Social Welfare, University of California at Berkeley

Behavioral Analysis: A Complement to Thinking Critically About Global Problems ENV, PSYCH, COLL

Global planning involves the behavior of individuals. Drawing on what is known about how behavior is influenced by the environment (how it is "selected") helps us think critically about global planning. Without this knowledge, recommendations about how to resolve problems may violate what we know about how behavior is influenced by the environment. Behavioral analysis involves the systematic exploration of variables that influence behavior within a scientific model of inquiry. This has yielded information about the disadvantages of relying on coercive methods (use of punishment to influence behavior) as well as a wide range of successful applications to outcomes of social concern including participation of citizens on community boards, energy use, and finding jobs. This workshop will introduce participants to this area of knowledge and describe the relationship of behavioral analysis to thinking critically about global planning. A bibliography of related readings will be provided and practice exercises will be used.

GAVENTA, HARRY

TUESDAY 8:45: STEV 3036

Associate Professor of Curriculum and Instruction, McNeese State University, Ryan Street

Reconstruction of Classroom Climates: Operations in Skepticism and Scrutiny COLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD

In a workshop format, the audience and the presenter will examine classroom climates that condition the roles of teachers and students, with particular attention to radical reduction of four principal obstructions to critical thinking. Analysis of vital control factors, symbolically represented in handouts for the audience, will be conducted through critical thinking processes in which group consensus and independent thought will be used as variables. Keys to the four major "road blocks" are: 1) The Arno Bellack study, The Language in the Classroom, 2) The bandwagon syndrome in school

reform, 3) Convergence commitment, and 4) Evangelical zeal for products and performance, incidental attention to process. Role reversals for teachers and students and how such roles can impact on critical thinking experiences will be given special focus. Handouts, providing for periodic reaction by participants, will be distributed.

GEIGER, JAMES

SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 112

Attorney-at-Law, Adjunct, Lynn University

Toward a Philosophy of Critical Thinking H CON, POL

This paper suggests reconstructive surgery for the global village as it struggles to restructure its thinking for the changing realities of the twenty-first century. The problem is compounded by the "destruction" of traditional values and the "deconstruction" of modern values, but nothing has filled the resulting "value vacuum." The proposal is a "general theory of value" that produces a radical reconstruction for other theories regarding the nature of value. It affirms the existence of standards, but reinterprets them in the context of a changing frame of reference. Absolute systems and dogmatic ideologies are destabilized, providing an opening for a new kind of thinking. Uniformity/non-uniformity provide an inclusive communications model which complements the changing frame of reference. Finally, the proposal is value-based. Acknowledging pluralism, it provides a prototype for intellectual standards which eliminates the specter of relativism.

GIBSON, CRAIG

MONDAY 1:30; NICH 304

Head of Library User Education, Washington State University

Critical Thinking in the Research Process LIBRARY SCIENCE, G, SOC STUD

This workshop will illustrate the application of critical thinking principles to the library research process. Preliminary discussion by the presenter focuses on constraints against critical thinking in the electronic information environment as well as in the traditional "print environment." Critical thinking principles are applied to a model of the research process in four stages: considering the nature of the information problem; developing search strategies; evaluating sources; and examining one's own research processes. These critical thinking principles are developed by participants in discussion groups, using scenarios of typical student research problems.

GILBERT, ROBERT N.

MONDAY 12:15; STEV 3030

Instructor of Social Sciences, Palatine High School

Doing Survey Research in the Intro Social Science Course: Putting Science Back into Social Science, an Example of Critical Thinking soc STUD, HIGH

The Doing Survey Research participatory workshop will enable participants to put science back into social science. Doing Survey Research actively engages students in developing a social science hypothesis, a survey to test it, an

easy logical way to organize and analyze data, and an easy logical format for written presentation. This is a unit students do not forget: ten years later, students can recall their hypothesis! *Doing Survey Research* teaches students to 1) survey the background literature, 2) develop a social science hypothesis using the *if* (there is a cause), *then* (there is an effect) format. 3) develop a survey to test it, 4) administer the survey, 5) organize the data into tables using cross tabulation, a simple but logical format for organizing data, 6) analyze the tables in terms of cause and effect to determine the level of support for the hypothesis, and 7) write up the results: Abstract, Introduction, Method, Results, Discussion, References.

GIULIANO, JACKIE A.

SUNDAY 12:15; ART 108

Adjunct Professor of Environmental Studies, Antioch University

The Introduction of Feminist Philosophy and Spirituality into the Classroom Through Environmental Studies FEM, ENV, COLL, MATH/SCI

In this workshop we will examine the justification for and methods of remodeling a curriculum to include elements of thought, inter-disciplinarity, and social relevance. Using Environmental Studies as an example, it will be shown how a curriculum that focuses on science, technology, and other "linear" fields can be remodeled to include inter-disciplinarity and ties to feminist thought and spirituality in a social context. Participants will explore how they could remodel their own curriculum along the lines discussed, and share experiences in developing strategies for infusing feminist philosophies and spirituality into the classroom.

GIULIANO, JACKIE A.

MONDAY 8:45; ART 108

Adjunct Professor of Environmental Studies, Antioch University

The Development of Social Responsibility and Environmental Awareness Through Techniques in Critical Teaching — A Community Involvement Approach ENV, TEST, MATH/SCI, SOC STUD

This workshop will present an approach to student involvement that focuses on action-oriented projects that involve the student in current issues before the community. Participants in the session will be asked to develop an action-oriented project of their own, thus identifying with the process and excitement experienced by the student. Techniques will be shared to help the instructors to develop the framework for the course project and to help explore techniques for the implementation of this approach in the classroom. The discussion will include presentation of a variety of ways to develop intellectual standards, hold students accountable when traditional testing techniques are not used, and use the action-oriented project as a means to develop intellectual standards for thinking and self assessment.

GIULIANO, JACKIE A. Monday 3:15; STEV 3049 Adjunct Professor of Environmental Studies, Antioch University

Critical Textbook Selection — A Fundamental Prerequisite for Teaching: Watching Out for Subtle Gender Bias FEM, COLL, TEST, SOCIOL

In this session, we will discuss the significance of establishing critical textbook selection criteria and the importance that each criterion plays in teaching critically. Participants will be asked to speculate on how they would "remodel" their current textbook according to the criteria presented. In this workshop, participants will share their own criteria for textbook selection and go away with a set of selection methods that can be applied to any field.

GIULIANO, JACKIE A. TUESDAY 8:45; ART 108 Adjunct Professor of Environmental Studies, Antioch University

Gender and Science: The Impact of the Absence of a Feminist Voice — Putting the Human Spirit Back into Science Education FEM, MATH/SCI, SOC/STUD, ENV

In this workshop, we will examine the question of whether or not successful women scientists have developed approaches and theories different from those used by traditional male scientists and the importance of developing and using inclusionary theories and methods to involve more women in science. We will discuss the deep ties between science and war-making, and how science has become a business and a tool for proliferating the Western notion of power and control throughout the world. Using the experiences of the group as a focus for the discussion, we will examine the questions that are posed by Evelyn Fox Keeler in her book, *Reflections on Gender and Science.* She asks: How much of the nature of science is bound up with the idea of masculinity, and what would it mean for science if it were otherwise? What might it mean to call one aspect of human experience male and another female? How do such labels affect the ways in which we structure our experiential world? The author is exploring these questions in his doctoral program.

GLAUBINGER, DAVID Mon Instructor of Disaster Services, American Red Cross, Bay Area

Monday 1:30; STEV 3028

Don't Worry! We'll Teach You Everything You'll Need to Know ADULT EDUCATION

The Critical Thinking method of instruction is extremely useful in adult education in the non-academic setting, especially in situations with time constraints and single session settings. In this workshop we will engage in learning a new concept as a way of demonstrating that the Critical Thinking method draws out "native intelligence" as well as instills self-confidence in the learner. The first portion of a class, "Introduction to Disaster Services," a prerequisite basic training for American Red Cross Disaster Services (ARCDS) volunteers, will be presented. Participants will then share and evaluate their experience in learning "foreign" concepts and using the Critical Thinking methodology.

In ARCDS, it is important to develop confidence and self-esteem in the volunteers because they are asked to perform in chaotic and stressful situations. There is limited time for training and a large amount of information must be presented. Using the questioning technique and group discussion, a mode of thinking is developed so the volunteers can act independently and knowledgeably with minimal supervision.

GLOCK. NANCY C.

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3072 Specialist in Transfer & General Education, California Community Colleges

Towards a More Powerful Model of Critical Thinking: Reclaiming Inter-Cultural Ways of Knowing MUL-CULT, H CON, ADV

Embedded in human interaction, critical thinking is an extension of our caring for one another, useful primarily for a) building mutual understanding and often consensus and b) testing the merits of an emerging consensus against the risks and constraints of empirical reality. Neither victory in argumentation nor critique of practical judgment adequately encompasses all of these functions.

Albeit time-honored and fruitful, logic with it syllogisms and fallacies is but one of a number of structures we "lay over" the fluidity of discourse to uncover relationships and test their soundness and utility. Inter-culturalism suggests other such structures, allowing the methods and structures of visual, practical, feminine, tribal, and spiritual ways of knowing to inform this human discourse. A model of critical thinking that systematically incorporates these complementary structures is rendered thereby both more powerful and more fulfilling.

GOTTESMAN. LES

SUNDAY 12:15: NICH 204

Assistant Professor of English and Communications, Golden Gate University

Asking Dumb Questions G

Have you ever heard, or yourself said, "There's no such thing as a dumb question"? Wrong! There are lots of dumb questions: they're the one that have already been answered to everyone's "satisfaction". Rather than insisting our students ask the "right" questions (i.e., the ones that satisfy us), perhaps they should be asking more dumb ones. In this vein, I have some ideas and exercises to share.

GOTTESMAN, LES

TUESDAY 1:30; CAR 68 Assistant Professor of English and Communications, Golden Gate University

Toon Logic G

Back by popular demand: cartoons that demonstrate everything you need to know to think critically, deductively, inductively, hypothetically, non-fallaciously, morally, and even post-modernistically!

PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

GRAVES, BILL

TUESDAY 10:30; NICH 166

Lecturer of Philosophy, Sonoma State University

The Reader, the Participant, the Social Order, and the Subversion of Critical Thinking: Teaching Shirley Jackson's "The Lottery" for Real PSYCH, PEACE, LANG, H CON

Shirley Jackson's "The Lottery" is a study of the (personal and social) collapse of critical thinking. The story, laden with clues to its own conclusion, presents a smorgasbord of fallacies, positionings, and self-deceptions both announced and demonstrated --- by its characters. Yet, for most of us, our initial reading of the story failed - until extraordinarily late, and, for some, completely — to prepare us for the story's conclusion.

Why these peculiar lapses in clear thinking? Among the secrets of this story is the fact that, in important ways, the reactions of readers parallel the reactions of the story's characters. Part of "The Lottery's" significance is that the very reactions which lead us, as readers, to miss what is really taking place would likely lead us to participate in the lottery much like the story's characters do.

Using group exercises, we will discuss the story and critical thinking issues it suggests. We will practice reading, interpreting, and discussing with analytic care; reasoning to likely consequences; discovering and resisting the tendency to self-deception; and relating what we discover to our own experience.

HALES, SUSAN

TUESDAY 1:30; SUMPR

Associate Professor of Psychology, Saybrook Institute

Uncovering the Connections Among Self-Esteem, Critical Thinking, Moral Behavior, and Educational Achievement, Part I K-12, PSYCH

In part I of this two part workshop, theory and research in psychology, sociology, and philosophy are used to show the relationship among critical thinking, self-esteem, moral integrity and educational achievement. Moral integrity (defined as the congruence between one's internalized beliefs about what is right and wrong and one's actual behavior) is shown to be as important to self-esteem as the more commonly studied components of competence and achievement. Critical thinking is shown to be crucial for self-esteem because it largely determines the degree of our achievements in both the competence and moral domains of self-esteem; it allows autonomous, rational self-evaluation; and it is the mechanism through which individuals can change themselves, their lives, and thus their selfesteem. Understanding why and how critical thinking is an effective treatment intervention for low self-esteem will assist teachers in motivating their students to learn.

HALES, SUSAN Associate Professor of Psychology, Saybrook Institute

TUESDAY 3:15; SUMPR

Uncovering the Connections Among Self-Esteem, Critical Thinking, Moral Behavior, and Educational Achievement, Part II K-12, PSYCH

Part II focuses on the development of self-esteem by identifying the early childhood experiences and parental socialization practices associated with self-esteem, competence, moral behavior, and critical thinking skills. Several currently popular self-esteem enhancement strategies are critically examined in terms of whether they are helpful or harmful to the development of self-esteem. Ways to change the feelings of incompetence and unworthiness that develop within a dysfunctional family environment are described. Knowledge of the nature and dynamics of self-esteem covered in part I is necessary for the understanding and successful application of the interventions covered in part II.

HALL. PETER Manager, Pace Training

WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3036

Traps and Tools G, BUS

When you choose to add critical thinking to your thinking process you introduce it into a mental environment created by a lifelong experience of using conventional or "coping" thinking. This long use has formed patterns operating below awareness threshold which serve as traps to effective critical thinking. This workshop, first through lecture/demo and then, primarily, through hands-on "Problem Solving", using cut-outs, displays the nature of the traps and pitfalls. The student having experienced the traps can then be helped to generate the questions to ask (the Tools) to avoid the traps in the future. The simple physical/mental processes employed in this workshop can be used over a wide age range. The group activity and participative "game" nature of the "problem solving" result in a high level of commitment by most students.

HALL, RICHARD S., PH.D

SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 3026 Manager of Research and Development, Dale Carnegie and Associates, Inc.

The Impact of Critical Thinking on Corporate Training BUS

Much of corporate training in the U.S. (and the world) is conducted at the didactic stage of teaching, using the university model that requires little more than passive learning from the trainees. This session will explore, in a workshop environment, current practice, identify some exceptions, and them generate solutions that may help participants better incorporate critical thinking precepts into their training and development programs.

HALUZA, HERMAN English Instructor, Ohlone College

SUNDAY 1:30; STEV 3077

Critical Thinking, the Narrative, and the Post-Modern Condition COLL, H CON, LANG, SOC STUD

Many academicians have labeled our times as postmodern, an antithetical reaction to the so-called modernistic era. The purpose of this session will be to examine these concepts in order to come to a better understanding of critical thinking in this so-called postmodern world. More-so, how (what?) does it mean to think in this postmodern condition? Is meaning necessary for thinking? Do we need a narrative for a critical thinking base? Has the narrative erased itself? Through the reading of a paper on this subject and discussion thereafter, we will hopefully attempt to answer some of these questions. The relevance of all this will be to make us better teachers of critical thinking in a world where many of our students have forgotten the concept of time.

HANFORD, GEORGE H. President Emeritus, The College Board

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3046

How to Save the World: Through Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, CONF THEME This session, half didactic and half Socratic, will address the proposition that an education grounded in critical thinking will be needed by tomorrow's adults in their search for solutions to the world's problems ... problems that are ecological, environmental, economic, cultural, and transnational. The first, lecture half will be used to argue that, because those problems are not going to be solved through ignorance and because critical thinking is essential to effective teaching and learning, education infused with critical thinking is today's best rational hope for peace and progress on the planet. The second half of the session will be devoted to discussion of whether that assertion is a) reasonable, b) presumptuous, c) simplistic, d) insightful, or e) misguided. Come, join in the discussion, and make your own choices among the adjectives ... or offer your own!

HARPER, GLEN

SUNDAY 3:15: STEV 3028

Principal, C.O. Bastian High School

Come Think With Me: Assumptions, Backing Up to the Start H CON, K-12, BEG The workshop is designed to help novice critical thinkers identify, assess, and utilize their logic processes. This is done by developing their awareness of assumptions in a logic syllogism and then applying the concept to real situations. Since assumptions dictate the outcome of the argument, participants will be guided in analyzing the foundations of some of the major problems in our world. Participants will work in small groups and together. Recognizing that thought requires time, the exercise is designed to expose participants to a method of introducing unbiased thinking skills to a large group in a specified time frame. It is not designed to be a complete exercise, but we will learn about our own biases, assumptions, and thought patterns.

HARPER, GLEN Principal, C.O. Bastian High School

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3028

Come Think With Me: Dealing With Real Problems by Thinking HCON, K-12, ADV

This session is directed towards experienced teachers or facilitators as well those participants who have attended the previous session entitled "Come Think With Me: Assumptions, Backing Up to the Start". After a brief review of philosophical shifts (10 Minutes), participants will be guided in analyzing the foundations to some of the major problems in our world. Participants will work in small groups and present their thoughts to the group so we can analyze assumptions, thoughts and arguments. We will look at our present position and defend an opposing viewpoint. Rather than talk about thinking, we will think together!

The exercise is designed to expose participants to a method of introducing unbiased thinking skills to an experienced group in a specified time frame. It is not designed to be a complete exercise, but we will learn about our own biases, assumptions, and thought patterns.

HATCHER, DONALD

MONDAY 8:45; DAR 112

Director, Center for Critical Thinking, Baker University

Thinking Critically About Public Policy Issues CONF THEME

Even with a global economy and interdependent multi-national corporations, it is the governments of individual nations that remain the ultimate power. It is individual governments, not multi-national corporations, that set the policies for corporate behavior and technological development, e.g., worker safety regulations, mandatory wage levels, and pollution standards, to name but a few.

If we assume that democratic governments are responsive to the demands of their citizenry, then concerned, well-educated citizens can have a positive impact on what policies their government adapt. Since any policy helps some, while harming others, questions of fairness and the ethics of specific public policies are always present. For citizens to evaluate proposed policies, not only do they need to understand the technological and economic issues involved, but they must understand how to evaluate the ethical ramifications of the proposals. To do this, knowledge of general ethical principles and their application to complicated issues is essential.

HATCHER, DONALD Director, Center for Critical Thinking, Baker University

TUESDAY 3:15; DAR 137

Grading the Ennis-Weir Critical Thinking Essay Test TEST, G

Whether we like it or not, we live in a time when great emphasis is placed on outcomes assessments. Granting and accrediting agencies tell teachers that it is essential that those who claim to teach critical thinking be able to demonstrate the truth of their claims. If we define critical thinking so that it includes being able to read, understand, and evaluative arguments, and articulate and defend one's position, then the Ennis-Weir Critical Thinking Essay Test is an excellent tool for assessing student critical thinking abilities. Unfortunately, because it is an essay test it is not easy to attain grader reliability without some formal training. This workshop provides instruction and practice in grading the essay exam. For two years, graders at Baker University, including work-study students, have achieved inter-grader reliability of 89% as we use the test to evaluate our two-semester freshmen course that combines instruction in critical thinking and written composition with the study of primary texts.

HAYES, WILLIAM A.

WEDNESDAY 8:45; DAR 122

Director, Center for Creative and Critical Thinking, Delta State University

Designing Effective Thinking Activities in Science: Principles, Theories, Attitudes, Habits, and Skills sci, MID/HIGH, COLL

This is a participatory workshop for high school and college science teachers. Most examples will be drawn relative to college level introductory biology but applications relate directly to all science disciplines at secondary and college levels. I will present a practical approach to the design of lecture and laboratory activities which effectively integrates the principles, theories, and concepts of a particular course with student practice in building scientific attitudes, habits and skills. The approach emphasizes developing materials to teach students to think as scientists by creative discovery and critical application of scientific standards to their thinking. This model encourages the integration of a number of current, practical classroom and laboratory approaches. Background materials will be discussed, examples will be examined and participants will form small interest groups to produce one or more activities. A large packet of materials will be distributed to participants.

HAYNES, JARED

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 2065

Lecturer, English Department, University of California, Davis

Cultivating Critical Thinking in Classroom Discussions cou

In any classroom, students display a variety of levels of cognitive development and, therefore, different abilities to think critically. Such disparities can mean that some students participate more and get more out of a class discussion than other students, who thereby lose this opportunity for exercising and improving their critical faculties. Small-group discussions that precede full-class discussions can allow more students to participate, but the tasks given to these small groups must be constructed carefully to keep students thinking about the object of discussion and to ensure that several levels of cognitive development are challenged.

This participatory workshop will begin with participants collaborating in model small group discussions. The topic of discussion will focus on an element of the conference theme. The session will end with an examination of the theory underpinning this model of classroom discussion and with suggestions for adapting the model to different courses, class sizes, and topics.

HEASLIP, PENNY Instructor, University College of the Cariboo

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 2049

Shifting Paradigms in Education and Health Care Reform: A Nursing Perspective HEALTH, COLL, CURRICULUM, POL

The realities of competing in a world economy have implications for the reform of national social programs such as health care. Government spending priorities for health and education impact societal views of how the nurse should be educated, what role the nurse should have in a "new" health care delivery system and how curriculum can be designed to meet these challenges given shrinking financial resources. This interactive session critically examines key stakeholders perspectives on health care delivery and the education of nurses. The presentation explores the paradigm shift that has resulted in the development of innovative, collaborative programs and the progress of educational reform in infusing critical thinking and emancipatory learning into nursing curricula. Discussions will focus on how educators can best prepare health practitioners for a restructured health care system through the development of critical thinking and reasoning abilities necessary for the complexities of health care delivery in the 21st Century and beyond.

HEASLIP, PENNY

TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 76

Instructor, University College of the Cariboo

RICHARD W. PAUL

Director, Center for Critical Thinking, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Critical Thinking and Intuition in Nursing Practice HEALTH, COLL, CURRICULUM, POL, VIDEO

In this paper, we analyze how critical thinking and intuitive practice are related to expertise in nursing. We examine how intuitive practice when performed automatically, without care, vigilance, and criticism can result in prejudice and patterns of practice which are misinformed. We show that the student nurse develops intuitive, skillful performance in nursing by reasoning about nursing knowledge and applying reflective, critical thought, in practice situations; thereby gaining greater, and greater expertise in reasoning as a safe professional to ensure quality client care. The elements of thought necessary for sound reasoning in clinical practice are explored. Finally, we suggest educational strategies and tactics which promote the development of the intellectual capacities of student nurses as independent critical thinkers.

HEILBRONER, ROBERT

SUNDAY 3:15; EPT

Professor of Economics, New School for Social Research Graduate Faculty of Political and Social Science

RICHARD W. PAUL

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

"The Relentless, Ubiquitous Pressure for Change:" How Do We Protect the Public Good G, CONF THEME

This is the first of three sessions presented by Robert Heilbroner and Richard Paul that will focus on the social, political, and educational implications of impending global changes. Robert Heilbroner argues in 21st Century Capitalism that one of the most profound world social realities emerging is the "relentless, ubiquitous pressure for change", "the continuous remaking of the social environment", continual "creative destruction", and "revolution". The market forces underlying this dynamic change bring "negative side effects": large scale inequality, economic instability, unemployment or inflation, pollution, disease, over-cutting of forests, global warming, over-fishing, crime, and other social disorders. Assuming this continues, how can we use the mind's resources to counterbalance and minimize the damage that results? Heilbroner and Paul will focus on this issue from both historical and contemporary perspectives, exploring its implications in a variety of directions.

HEILBRONER, ROBERT

MONDAY 10:30; EPT

Professor of Economics, New School for Social Research Graduate Faculty of Political and Social Science

RICHARD W. PAUL

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Robert Reich's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Do We Need Workers Who Can Think Critically? How Broadly and Well Must Citizens Learn to Think? c, CONF THEME

This is the second of three sessions presented by Robert Heilbroner and Richard Paul that will focus on the social, politiçal, and educational implications of impending global changes. Robert Reich argues in *The Work of Nations* that as corporations become increasingly international, they increasingly move their capital to nations with the most highly skilled workers, the most "symbolic analysts", the most "critical thinkers". The strongest basis for national wealth and well-being is, therefore, the large scale development of citizens who can think for a living, the natural "magnet" attracting capital from around the world, leading, in turn, to more development of thinking abilities, and hence to increased capital and value. Capital, then, is increasingly "intellectual" rather than "material", "knowing" rather than "possessing". Richard Paul and Robert Heilbroner will analyze this issue, exploring implications in various directions.

HEILBRONER, ROBERT

MONDAY 3:15; EPT

Professor of Economics, New School for Social Research Graduate Faculty of Political and Social Science

RICHARD W. PAUL

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Lester Thurow's Vision of the New Global Economic Realities: Can We Develop a First-Rate Economy and First-Rate Standard of Living, if Citizens Learn Merely Work-Related Skills and Cannot Think Critically Within Alternative Points of View? G, CONF THEME

This is the third of three sessions presented by Robert Heilbroner and Richard Paul that will focus on the social, political, and educational implications of

impending global changes. Lester Thurow argues in Head to Head: The Coming Economic Battle Among Japan, Europe, and America that all capitalistic economies today are either "individualistic" (everyone for himself) or "communitarian" (the well-being of the whole comes first). The U.S. and Great Britain are the former, Europe and Japan, the latter. Communitarian forms of capitalism, Thurow argues, are much better suited to the emergent world economy. For the U.S. to maintain a first-rate economy and standard of living, it must abandon its commitment to "individualistic" capitalism and undergo an intellectual paradigm shift. Unfortunately, Thurow does not explain how this shift is to be democratically effected, how Americans can be "persuaded" to abandon deeply ingrained thinking. Richard Paul and Robert Heilbroner will analyze this issue, exploring implications in a variety of directions.

HENRY, RAQUEL

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3049 Vice-President for Student & Organizational Development, Kingwood College

NELLIE THOROGOOD

Vice-Chancellor of Educational Affairs, North Harris Montgomery Community College District

ROSE AUSTIN

Assistant to Vice-Chancellor of Education, North Harris Montgomery Community College District

Classroom, Curriculum, and Leadership Reforms: Developing Critical Thinkers in the Community College COLL, STAFF DEV

Improving students' thinking skills has been an objective of community college educators for years. This participatory workshop focuses on how classroom strategies, curriculum designing, and leadership can aid in this improvement. The presenters are administrators who teach, assist in design curriculum, and provide leadership. Strategies will be given for facilitating critical thinking skills in the classroom, curriculum, and in leadership. Discussion and questions from the audience are encouraged. The presentation will focus on applications of critical thinking in the planning, development, and implementation processes for student and community development of a multi-college community college system. Emphasis will be provided on the skills needed by leaders, values needed for leaders as continuous learners, and applications processes integrating critical thinking to be practiced for fulfilling student and community needs.

HIRSCH, JUDI Resource Specialist, Oakland Public Schools

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3072

The Dynamic Assessment of Learning Potential: Combining the Theories of Freire and Feuerstein TEST, MUL-CULT, PSYCH, H RIGHTS

An overwhelming proportion of our nation's students are not being taught to think at school. Furthermore, many are being tested, labeled, and tracked into underachievement. This is especially true of working class people and people of color, although our more affluent students are not being taught to think either; rather, they are being trained to perform on command. This

workshop will present a revolutionary way of looking at students which enables them to become powerful learners. Theory will be presented as well as a case study. We will also discuss ways of enhancing cognitive skills by using mediated learning experiences. There will be ample time for questions.

HITCHKO, BARBARA I.

Director, C.A.R.E., (Children at Risk in Education)

TUESDAY 10:30; IVES 45

DAN BURRITT

Teacher, and Co-Director, C.A.R.E., (Children at Risk in Education)

Teaching for the Future and Preparing Students for the Educational Demands of the 21st Century: Problems, Strategies, and Solutions K-12

This presentation will focus on problems with, and solutions and strategies for, teaching children to become active participants in their own learning as well as productive, socially responsible citizens. We will examine how to empower children to make responsible decisions by using the Thinking Skills Format and by looking at logical consequences of their own behavior. Children can't be forced to think and learn, they must be invited and motivated. As Richard Paul said in his opening remarks at last year's Critical Thinking Conference, "We must reach the student's hearts as well as their minds."

We will demonstrate how creating a classroom environment that encourages creative critical thinking and responsible decision making will provide students with the coping skills and strategies necessary for academic success. Rather than concentrating on self-esteem, the heart of C.A.R.E. encourages student self-empowerment and self-actualization by guiding them in becoming responsible, cooperative and successful learners and citizens.

HOAGLUND, JOHN

MONDAY 1:30; ART 108 Director, Center for Critical Thinking, Christopher Newport University

Pre- and Post-Testing a College Critical Thinking Course COLL, TEST Three-hundred and seventy one students completing critical thinking courses from Fall 1985 to Spring 1992 showed modest (7.3%) post-test gains, while a control group of 92 showed no gain (-1.5%). Characteristics of the students, pre and post-test, organizing principles of the course, and its role in the curriculum will be sketched. Sample teaching materials, exercises, test questions, and projects will be presented for working and comments by workshop participants.

HOYT, DR. NICKI

WEDNESDAY 10:30; IVES 78

Director of Health Occupations, College of the Redwoods

Critical Thinking Teaching Strategies in Nursing and Health Sciences HEALTH, MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS, COLL

This interactive session is designed to provide nursing and health science faculty with hands on experience in the selection and design of critical thinking teaching strategies. Educational reform through critical thinking praxis (theory in practice) is the focus of the session. A short video of

vignettes role modeling critical thinking praxis is presented. Actual classroom scenarios for both lecture and laboratory courses in nursing and health sciences are utilized for designing teaching techniques. Multi-culturalism, ethical decision making, and the development of critical thinking skills for health care and other social reform are explored in representative exemplars from community colleges across the state of California.

HUGO, JANNA LEE

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3030 Director of Education Dialogues, University of Phoenix, Colorado Campus

Teaching to the Brain K-12

Critical Thinking is an appropriate human expectation, for comparing, patterning, and categorizing are natural functions of the brain. For this to happen, students need to discuss, think, and reflect to reach a desired performance outcome. Then by "showing," an assessment of their usable "knowing" is possible.

You can learn how to apply the vast knowledge now available on how the brain, our organ of learning, really operates. By working with the brain, a discuss/think/reflect/show learning formula can bring exciting, meaningful, higher order thinking into every classroom in all subject areas. When you leave this participatory workshop, you will have ready-to-use lesson plans.

JAMIN, FRANCINE MALDER Professor of English/ESL, Montgomery College

MONDAY 12:15; IVES 45

A Small Band in a Circle of Light --- Teaching Writing and Reasoning in a "Quality Circle" LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

This presentation describes and models an interactive technique of teaching writing. It establishes structured

conversations in a circle which are an alternative to the standard collaborative groups and an analog to

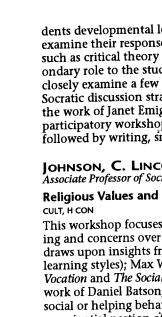
W. Edwards Deming's "quality circles." Through engaging in dialogues, students come to recognize that writing begins not with a set of grammar rules, an outline, or a topic sentence, but with an idea. In the "circle of light" ideas emerge, evolve, and ultimately are tested. In a supportive environment, students overcome some of their anxiety about hearing their own "voices" (aloud and on paper) and begin to assess their own thinking, as well as that of others, using standards of critical judgment.

IOHNS, DONALD Lecturer, English Department, University of California, Davis

MONDAY 8:45; NICH 173

Literature, Empathy, and Critical Thinking LANG, COLL, MUL-CULT, MID/HIGH

The rationale for this session rests on four ideas: 1) Empathy is an essential element in critical thinking. 2) The study of literature can promote greater empathy with people living in diverse circumstances. 3) Introductory courses should begin with carefully constructed activities appropriate to stu-



PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

dents developmental levels, activities encouraging students to articulate and examine their responses to literature. 4) Specialized disciplinary knowledge such as critical theory and terminology, while important, should play a secondary role to the study and development of student response. We will closely examine a few short poems, synthesizing elements of Richard Paul's Socratic discussion strategies with reader-response activities suggested by the work of Janet Emig, Peter Elbow, and Louise Rosenblatt. This will be a participatory workshop beginning with a brief presentation of the rationale followed by writing, small-group work, and general discussion.

SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 3030 IOHNSON, C. LINCOLN Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Notre Dame

Religious Values and Critical Thinking: The Quest Dimension SOCIOL, MUL-

This workshop focuses on the dynamic relationship between critical thinking and concerns over beliefs, values, and commitment. The workshop draws upon insights from David Kolb (tolerance for ambiguity is a subset of learning styles); Max Weber, the classical sociological theorist (Science as a Vocation and The Social Psychology of World Religions); and the more recent work of Daniel Batson, a psychologist whose studies in religiosity and prosocial or helping behavior has been prevalent in contemporary research. The experiential portion of the workshop will focus on the instrument developed by Batson, who posits a Quest dimension of religiosity. Quest is an extension of Allport's "Means"/"Ends" religious dimensions, and is viewed as the "mature" dimension of religious development. There is an affinity between the Quest dimension of religiosity and principles of critical thinking.

JOHNSON, RALPH H.

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3008

Professor of Philosophy, University of Windsor

Argumentation: A Pragmatic Approach THEOR

Following the lead of some argumentation theorists and logicians who emphasized pragmatic aspects of argument, this paper proposes further steps in the pragmatization of argumentation. After explaining what I understand by a pragmatic approach to argumentation, I discuss the principal features that come to the fore in this approach. They are first, argumentation as teleological; second, argumentation as dialectical; third, and most important, argumentation as manifest rationality.

JOHNSTON, LETITIA M. Professor of Humanities, Rose State College MONDAY 12:15: STEV 3077

CONNIE CANTRELL Professor of Humanities, Rose State College

Risk Taking and Real Issues: A Perspective of the Teacher as Learner c, CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

This presentation will consider the theory underlying the use of current issues as a means of enabling the instructor to join students in analyzing important multilogical issues. We encourage teachers to step outside their fields of expertise and join with their students in applying critical thinking strategies in analyzing real world issues. We will share our experiences in developing projects that use current multilogical issues in lesson redesign, course content redesign, innovative course development projects, and team teaching projects.

Seminar participants will be given outlines and suggestions for practical applications for the preparation, implementation, and assessment of program designs incorporating critical thinking instruction. These applications will be paralleled in theory with Richard Paul's criteria for thinking and reasoning strategies. Participants will have an opportunity to examine a few selected current issues in order to experiment with creating applications suitable for their fields of interest.

KEELEY, STUART M.

Monday 12:15; IVES (WARREN)

Professor of Psychology, Bowling Green University

What Can Psychotherapists Tell Us About How to Cope with Resistance to Critical Thinking PSYCH, COLL

Teachers embracing critical thinking as a classroom objective must face a major obstacle: student resistance to change. The typical learner feels the need for change, yet wishes to remain as is when faced with a learning approach that threatens his/her present attitudes and behavior. How can teachers overcome student resistance? The psychotherapy literature gives us some important insights, because therapists must address analogous kinds of resistance and have written extensively about efforts to do so.

This workshop illustrates how insights borrowed from the psychotherapy literature can help teachers overcome student resistance to critical thinking. Workshop participants will be asked to generate kinds of resistance they have encountered in their own classrooms. I will then share a list of ideas about how to overcome resistance, which is stimulated by investigating the psychotherapy literature on resistance. Then participants will be asked to share anti-resistance strategies that they have found to be helpful.

KELDER, RICHARD

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3028

Curriculum Coordinator, S.U.N.Y. College at New Paltz

Teaching Critical Thinking and Argumentation from Global Perspectives ADV, H CON, H RIGHTS, COLL

My session will examine an alternative paradigm of argumentation based on teaching critical thinking for the purpose of minimizing conflict and building consensus in a changing world. Most formal theories of argumentation support the conventional belief in the individual's ability to state a position in opposition to others or a given state of affairs. However, this methodology must be re-evaluated to allow for intentions, situations and contexts that support inter-dependencies unique to new organizational structures and systems as indicated by Thurow in *Head to Head*.

This session will offer a theoretical and practical analysis of this topic. In addition, it will examine the role of cultural differences, e.g., Japanese and American, in teaching critical thinking, and the function of argumentation in "high context" and "low context" cultures. Instructional models and assignments will be discussed.

KENDALL, GAIL A. TUESDAY 8:45; NICH 173

Director of Chapter 1 Services, Agua Fria UHS/Rio Salado College

DIANE WHEELER

Director of Special Education Services, Agua Fria Union High School District

Project Think: An Integrated Language Arts Approach to Critical Thinking Lang, MID/HIGH, H RIGHTS, ENV

Project Think is an integrated, language arts based program, which uses thematic units, combined with a critical thinking focus, to ensure that all students meet the demands of the 21st century. These demands include but are not limited to: making informed decisions, solving problems effectively, and becoming contributing democratic members of the global community. In this session, participants will discover the process of aligning a critical thinking hierarchy with thematic units, creating a process model for critical thinking and learning techniques that promote transfer.

KERWIN, ANN

SUNDAY 3:15; IVES 35

Philosopher-in-Residence, Department of Surgery, University of Arizona

MARLYS H. WITTE Professor of Surgery, University of Arizona, College of Medicine

CHARLES L. WITTE Professor of Surgery, University of Arizona

"The Unanswered Question" Meets "The Ultimate Learning Center" G, HEALTH

The lament "a mind is a terrible thing to waste" is achingly apt today. As "knowledge factories" generate more information than learners can ingest, we "under-utilize" our ultimate learning centers: our musing, exploratory minds. In this participatory workshop, Marlys and Charles Witte M.D. and Ann Kerwin Ph.D., of the innovative Curriculum on Medical Ignorance at the University of Arizona College of Medicine, focus on the "unanswered question" — as motive, lure, and source of learning. Participants will wonder, ponder, question, and discover. Presenters have no pat answers to urgent questions about education in the U.S.; no "magic bullets" for national ills. Rather *The Unanswered Question* is a powerful, provocative catalyst for accessing the ultimate learning center. Participants will use their abundant, selfrenewing power sources — their inquiring minds and unanswered questions — to produce needed answers, and deeper, richer questions.

KIM, JOHN C. S. Professor of Philosophy, Rio Hondo College

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 3077

Creative Critical Approaches to Educational Reform COLL, MID/HIGH, MUL-CULT, LANG

In 1989, Lamar Alexander, secretary of education under the Bush administration laid down six objectives for U.S. Education Reform which he called "revolutionary," one of which states: "Every school will be free of drugs and violence and will offer a disciplined environment conducive to learning." By following these objectives, our children were to be number one in the world in both math and science by the year 2000. But we are continuously failing on both counts, and metal detectors used on students do not stop violence on the campuses or in the classrooms. There is no quick fix for educational failure. A fundamental reform is needed to reverse the trend. This requires a long term but determined and brave new approach to education. Below are my agenda for the reform: 1) Overhaul today's shallow and faulty educational goals which have been primarily for science and profiteering at the sacrifice of the study of humankind. 2) Incorporate moral training into the curricula. 3) Learn and adapt the educationally successfully systems of the Asian nations.

KLEIN, DONALD R. Professor of Philosophy, Gavilan Community College

SUNDAY 3:15; NICH 204

Critical Thinking and the Committee Process G, H CON, STAFF DEV

All of us spend much time working in committee structures. What is the level of productivity and satisfaction? This workshop will allow participants to look at the basic committee process, the infusion of critical thinking principles and components, some specific reasons for dysfunction, and some specific strategies for success. The workshop includes some formal presentation, questions, answers, and clarifications, full audience participation, and it concludes with an exercise which allows the participants to put the material to work.

KNOTT, TARA D. Director, Evaluation Resources, Inc.

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 2065

The Thoughtful Use of Distance Education Technology TECHNOLOGY, G

Distance Education (DE) removes the constraints of time and place, giving students everywhere the potential to acquire needed knowledge from any place, at any time. These constraints, however, are trivial if the more serious problem of vestigial thinking about the use of DE remains. Current educators seem to believe that simply putting together a student and the technology — without any changes in curriculum or pedagogy — will result in learning. Such anachronistic thinking will constrain DE to underuse and uninventive uses, and may actually cause harm. DE technology per se, however, is not the cause of these concerns. The problem lies with educators' failure to critically consider students' present and future needs and resources and the role DE can play in reforming education. However, if educators are willing to abandon such paradigmatic thinking and begin to critically consider DE's potential in interactive workshops such as this, DE can offer a plethora of previously unimagined educational experiences.

KOEP, MONICA M. C. MONDAY 8:45; NICH 204 Teaching and Learning Facilitator, University of Namibia

On the Need for Critical Thinking About Democracy in Namibia MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS

At independence in 1990, Namibia emerged from a unique position of colonial apartheid which determined social, socioeconomic, economic, political and educational structures in very particular ways. As an emergent democracy in Africa, the country subscribes to an exemplary constitution and has introduced formal democratic structures and procedures. What needs to be established, nurtured and maintained is a culture of reason, democratic values and thinking that will underpin these structures. A multi-level and culturally sensitive infusion of critical, constructive and creative thinking concepts and strategies into all domains is required if Namibia is to develop optimally, deal with the legacy of the past, and face the challenges of the future.

KOSHI, ANNIE K. WEDNESDAY 10:30; NICH 173 Associate Professor of E.S.L., The City College of New York

Holistic Grammar Through Socratic Questioning Lang

Followers of the acquisition/learning theory, postulated by Krashen, believe that explicit teaching of grammar is not helpful to second language learners. However, there are others, such as Celce-Murcia, who believe that formal classroom teaching of grammar has an important role in second language learning. As a result of this controversy, pedagogians are looking for the most effective methodology of teaching grammar to second language learners. Holistic teaching of grammar by exposing learners to critical reading of discourse level prose is a successful approach. Socratic questioning aimed at form-meaning analysis is a very useful technique in adopting this approach. It helps learners critically analyze the input, form and test hypotheses, and in the process, evolve themselves as critical thinkers and learners, taking the responsibility of their own learning of grammar.

This paper will examine the theoretical framework of holistic grammar and discuss how Socratic questioning helps learners "discover" and arrive at conclusions about the "rules" of grammar.

LASSEK, YUN JA MONDAY 3:15; DAR 139 Managing Director, Greater Philadelphia Philosophy Consortium

Teaching Environmental Ethics Through Various Critical Thinking Methods ENV

Whether we believe in the Gaia hypothesis or the equilibrium of a self-sustaining ecosystem, or neither, ecological problems will remain as long as

human beings inhabit the earth. The well-being of future generations depends on how we educate the young to be conscious of environmental ethics today, and a liberal democratic society calls for a particular kind of education which will promote the young to think for themselves and make sound decisions according to their own understanding and critical judgments. After introducing two dialectical views of ecological theory, and after exploring the connection between environmental ethics and many methods of critical thinking, the workshop participants will engage in a sample miniworkshop based on an original environmental ethics text, Mul Bang Ul.

LAUGHLIN, RICHARD L. TUESDAY 1:30: STEV 3036 Superintendent, Clatsop County Educational Service District

JANET LAUGHLIN Teacher, Consultant, Astoria School District

An Educational Paradigm Shift g

Today's student is a global creature, not by conscious choice, but rather by mere existence in the world order. Today's teachers, parents - all citizens must face the complexity of preparing this new student to compete and succeed, to think creatively and critically, and to solve problems effectively in all areas of education as well as in successful life experiences. It will require visioning, changing people, and changing past practices. The workshop will focus on administrative involvement in elements of change for early childhood education, early intervention, multi-phasic screening and administrative paradigms. It will include interactive demonstrations of the teaching of critical thinking skills in the classroom with research based activities integrated at all age levels and all curriculum areas.

LAZERE, DONALD

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 2049

Professor of English, Cal Poly State University

Literature for Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH

This repeat of a well-received workshop at the 1988 conference will demonstrate how literature courses can be organized around critical thinking topics and will apply the following criteria of critical thinking to the study of world literature at the college and high school levels.

- Connecting the abstract and concrete, the ideal and real.
- Connecting the personal and the impersonal.
- Connecting the past and the present.
- Understanding irony, ambiguity, multiple meanings and viewpoints.
- Transcending psychological blocks to critical thinking.
- Monologic and dialogic thinking in literature.
- Understanding ideological viewpoints in literature.

LAZERE, DONALD

TUESDAY 3:15: NICH 173

Professor of English, Cal Poly State University

Teaching the Political Conflicts in Writing Courses LANG, SOC STUD, POL, MEDIA

In the past few years the introduction of political controversies in college writing courses has itself become a source of controversy both within and outside the English profession. One reason for this controversy is that little basis has been established within the discipline of composition delineating either a critical thinking framework or practical and ethical guidelines for dealing with political controversies in the writing classroom. This workshop will apply critical thinking categories and dispositions to these problems, as well as generating units of study and assignments that can be integrated into the established structure of basic and advanced writing courses. The breadth of topics and pedagogical issues addressed will make the workshop of interest not only to teachers in English but in all other fields of the humanities and social sciences, in college and high schools.

LESHOWITZ, BARRY

SUNDAY 3:15; IVES 45

Associate Professor of Psychology, Arizona State University

ELAINE YOSHIKAWA

Graduate Student of Psychology, Arizona State University

How to Reduce Cognitive Bias and Promote Critical Thinking COLL

Rarely given explicit instruction on how to apply principles of reason in addressing everyday problematic situations, students often rely heavily on emotion-based thinking when making decisions. They also accept information at "face value," indicating passive, non-questioning attitudes. Recognizing these deficiencies, the first author has developed an instructional intervention that is designed to promote critical analysis of evidence and insights into the distorting effects of personal bias. In this collaborative learning workshop, a problem based learning format is used to enable participants to discover for themselves their current ways of thinking in an effort to facilitate "reasoned knowing" and healthy skepticism. The first participatory exercise will examine the marketing of a "questionable" consumer product from the perspective of the company, consumer, and regulatory agency. A second problem will focus on the legal, ethical, and medical ramifications of distributing untested drugs for AIDS.

LEWIS, ANNE I.

TUESDAY 8:45; NICH 304

Lecturer in Education, Sonoma State University

KEVIN FELDMAN

Lecturer in Education, Sonoma State University

Activating and Organizing Thinking: Scaffolded Instructional Strategies for the Heterogeneous Classroom K-12, SPECIAL ED, LANG

Current reform and restructuring movements in education call for significant changes in instruction and curriculum if we are going to create access for all students. This presentation will explore research based instructional enhancements that "water-up" the curriculum and assist diverse learners such as limited English proficient (LEP) and mainstreamed special education students in activating, organizing, and reflecting about their thought processes. The specific classroom techniques presented are based on current research in cognitive psychology and include a cognitive literacy strategy, graphic organizers, and processes for activating and connecting prior knowledge.

LEWIS, RICHARD B.

MONDAY 1:30; DAR 122

Associate Professor, Civil Engineering, Louisiana Tech University

Critical Thinking in All Engineering Classrooms Engineering, MATH/SCI, COLL

This session will concentrate on several critical thinking skills that have been incorporated into a typical Statics class in the engineering curriculum. Participants will identify with the "standard approach" used in the teaching of beam analysis; after a short critique, a remodeled lesson plan will be demonstrated and discussed to show how to wean the student away from the teacher and foster those skills necessary to survive in the engineering world of the 21st Century. Emphasis will be on critical reading, critical listening, critical writing, critical speaking, and Socratic questioning. Some techniques will be demonstrated, but only to show how the critical thinking skills can more easily be developed by the facilitator, and mastered and used by the student.

LINDEN, TED Consultant

MONDAY 12:15; STEV 2083

Toward a New Generation of Educational Software to Teach Critical Thinking COMPUTER, MID/HIGH

This session evaluates the extent to which a new generation of educational software can teach critical thinking. Once software that encourages critical thinking becomes feasible, cost effective, and fun, it can be replicated easily and result in widespread improvement of thinking skills. The paper presented in this session describes how results of recent research in computer science and artificial intelligence can lead to dramatically new education software modules. Very flexible simulations can enable holistic learning experiences where students pursue goals, seek out the information they need to make decisions, evaluate the relevance of information, question their assumptions and inferences, and deal with conflicting viewpoints. The simulation should emphasize cooperative problem solving and require social and interpersonal skills as well as subject-specific knowledge. Discussion during this session will evaluate the extent to which the proposed properties of future education software are necessary and sufficient to help teach critical thinking.

LIPMAN, MATTHEW

MONDAY 1:30; IVES 119

Director, Institute for the Advancement of Philosophy for Children, Montclair State College

Philosophy for Children as Critical/Creative Thinking K-12

This session will be part lecture, part workshop, part discussion. It will begin with a definition of critical/creative thinking, showing it to be based upon four criteria. In the second part, there will be a "community of inquiry" discussion of a text, in which reasoning about an ethical situation will be examined. The remainder of the session will consider the extent to which the workshop outcomes satisfied the original definition of critical/creative thinking.

LIPMAN, MATTHEW

TUESDAY 1:30; IVES 119

Director, Institute for the Advancement of Philosophy for Children, Montclair State College

Alternatives in Narrative Philosophy K-12

Philosophy for Children employs philosophy in a story form for presentation to children. But this format opens the way to its use in non-standard settings: with college students, pre-school children, adolescent alcoholics, perceptually impaired, AIDS sufferers and so on. It has shown itself especially useful in teaching English as a second language and in working with illiterates. Reference will be made to the way Philosophy for Children is taught in other countries around the world.

LITECKY, LARRY

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 2065

President, Minneapolis Community College Faculty Association

Active Learning, Critical Thinking, and Global Economics COLL, ECON, TEST

This presentation will focus on the practice of critical thinking in college classrooms through active learning strategies. The format of the session will involve two small group activities and discussion, as well as the presentation. The session will include one activity which uses global economics to model active learning and critical thinking. The presentation will move from a definition of critical thinking and the pedagogy of active learning through examples of active learning strategies to a focus on examples of teaching critical thinking in economics.

Four phases characterize this session. First, there is a presentation on the link between active learning strategies and critical thinking. Second, participants will identify and discuss activities done by students which promoted critical thinking. The third phase will examine sample active learning strategies in the humanities and social sciences. The final activity will use the three one-page summaries of Heilbroner, Reich and Thurow to model active learning strategies. LOASE, JOHN F. SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 122 Associate Professor of Mathematics, SUNY-Westchester Community College

SHERRON SARGENT

Associate Professor of Nursing, Kent State University

Sigfluence Our Positive Influence Over Time: A Quantitative and Qualitative Analysis MATH/SCI, PSYCH, TEST

The workshop will analyze sigfluence (significant, long-term positive influence) from the traditional academic perspectives of linguistics, education, psychology, and statistics. It will also feature a 30 minute video segment of a qualitative sigfluence session.

A discussion of the relationship between the quantitative and qualitative approach to sigfluence will complete the session.

Sigfluence was highlighted by the New York Times as one of the new concepts that emerged from Harvard University's 1984 International Conference on Thinking. According to Loase's emerging theories, sigfluence is a fundamental and widely neglected need of person. Sigfluence has applications to myriad domains such as education, counseling, politics, and most importantly to our individual lives.

LOFTHOUSE, LYNN J., PH.D Assistant Professor of Communications, Wesley College

TUESDAY 8:45; IVES 45

A Prescription for Building Critical Thinking Skills Through Persuasive Message Construction G

This workshop has as its objective to build critical thinking skills, and employs the construction and communication of a persuasive message as the vehicle for accomplishing this goal. The workshop will begin with a diagnostic to help participants determine how they critically think through the persuasive process. Next, a presentation will be given about the Monroe Motivated Sequence, a learning tool to build critical thought into persuasion. Participants will then individually construct and present a persuasive message. Messages will be video taped and replayed to the group for a critique and an analysis of how critical thinking was employed. Key techniques for developing important parts of the message will be discussed and explained. Based on feedback, participants will then revise their messages to employ higher levels of critical thinking and to reflect their greater understanding of the process.

LORING, RUTH M. Educational Consultant

WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 78

Critical Thinking and Professional Development: An Approach Consistent with "Communitarian Capitalism" TEST, STAFF DEV

Professional development which takes into account the implications of a 'communitarian capitalism' demands a structure which goes beyond traditional inservice workshops. In this approach to professional development,

teachers are led to clarify, analyze, evaluate, and reflect on 1) the content they are teaching, 2) the strategies they employ, 3) the value of their processes, and 4) the effectiveness of their communication. The structure of the professional development includes: direct teaching of critical thinking strategies in an interactive workshop setting, on-site consultation over a period of time, and follow-up visits to support implementation of individual growth plans and collaborative activities among colleagues. Participants will view and respond to a video-taped decision making lesson from a middle school classroom. Guidelines for the implementation will be described. Time for reflection and discussion will be provided.

LUCKEY, SUE Y. WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 3072 Professor of Information Sciences, Morehead State University

Active Learning Strategies That Enhance Critical Thinking COLL, TEST, ACTIVE LEARNING

To enhance critical thinking skills, college students must be actively involved in the learning process rather than passive recipients of lecture material. They must talk and write about what they are learning while relating it to past experiences and applying it to daily life. This dynamic participation in the learning process is called "active learning." Although college teachers generally see themselves as good lecturers, lecturing does not guarantee learning. Therefore, nineteen ways to alter the traditional lecture will be presented. These active learning strategies are designed to enhance student thinking and learning. Risks involved and barriers which prevent faculty from using an active learning approach will discussed.

LUCKEY, JR., GEORGE M.

SUNDAY 1:30; STEV 2065 Professor of Philosophy; Director, Center for Critical Thinking, Morehead State University

Critical Thinking and Active Learning Across the Curriculum G, TEST

The purpose of this presentation is to present a model for infusing critical thinking and active learning into the traditional content of any college course or public school classroom. The model consists of in-class activities and questions, and of outside assignments designed to accomplish two interrelated goals. 1) Student self-awareness and bonds of trust with the teacher and with class peers must be established. 2) Thinking skills and associated values and dispositions must be fostered throughout course content.

Specific examples of trust building and self-assessment strategies will be offered. Then, the presentation will focus on generic illustrations of questions, assignments, and activities related to: a) skills such as analysis, synthesis, and thinking about thinking; b) dispositions such as flexibility, persistence, and respect for opposing viewpoints; and c) values such as fairmindedness, intellectual honesty, and autonomy. Session participants will be invited to critique this workshop model.

LUCKHARDT, GRANT

MONDAY 10:30; NICH 304

Professor of Philosophy, Georgia State University

Criteria for Assessing Authorities COLL, TEST

In this paper some 25 criteria for assessing the credibility of authorities are developed, explained, and discussed. They range from the intuitively obvious (first-hand information is better than second-hand, for example) to many that are a result of recent research in psychology having to do with observation and memory. A discussion of the list that is developed will follow, and a small number of test examples will be evaluated and discussed.

WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 3026 LYNCH, CINDY L. Assistant Coordinator, Higher Education, University of Denver

Reflective Judgment in the Business Classroom COLL, BUS, STAFF DEV

This participatory workshop will allow participants a glimpse of the consultation occurring between reflective judgment researchers/educators and a small group of business faculty. The aim of the project is to help business faculty redesign coursework to more adequately encourage reflective thinking; it is part of a 3-year grant from the Fund for the Improvement of Post-Secondary Education (FIPSE). The project is based on the seven sequential stages of the reflective judgment model of cognitive development proposed by Patricia King and Karen Kitchener. Their work has suggested that the ability to solve ill-structured problems is strongly related to the development of increasingly complex assumptions about knowledge and how it is gained.

MAHARA, M. STAR

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 3028

Instructor of Nursing, University College of the Cariboo

S. DAWN PATTERSON

Instructor of Nursing, University College of the Cariboo

Writing to Learn: The Use of Journals to Teach and Evaluate Thinking COLL, TEST, HEALTH

Teaching and learning at the post-secondary level has traditionally focused on the acquisition rather than the understanding of course content. Educational efforts have seldom been directed towards teaching students to think and reason. Effective learning involves both the acquisition of new information or experience (content), and the individual's personal discovery of the meaning of the experience (understanding). Writing is an essential means of acquiring knowledge, a process through which an understanding of the content under study is developed and not merely memorized or reported. By reflecting on written material, students have the potential to see things more clearly. This reflection can then lead to new meaning. Journaling is one way of gaining clarity and perspective, of discovering the relationships of the event to the self, that is, of making meaning from our experiences.

MAREK, WILLIAM K. "MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3046 Staff Psychologist at the Federal Bureau of Prisons, FCI-Dublin

Reason (Unreason), Thought (Rational and Irrational), and Human Conflict PEACE, H CON, PSYCH

Is conflict inevitable? Are humans doomed never to learn their lessons, to repeat history (of an egregiously bad kind), to endlessly be mired in "police actions," disputes, wars, and carnage? Will humans ever improve their conflict resolution skills such that the inevitable disputes can be resolved amicably and reasonably?

This session will demonstrate how the building blocks of thought and belief underlie reason, emotion, and conflict. The nature of reason itself and the relationship between thought and emotion will be also investigated. Thought and belief are the cornerstones of human discourse and bind people and societies together ... or drives them apart. A reasoned mind cannot properly be cultivated and a reasonably conflict-free world cannot be achieved until this simple, yet complex, paradigm is understood.

MARSHALL, JAMES P.

SUNDAY 3:15: IVES 78 Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Northern Colorado

Practicing Democracy in the Classroom Through the Application of Critical Pedagogy COLL, H CON, MID/HIGH, SOCIOL

Alternative educational practices will play a crucial role as they influence the face of the future, especially in democratic societies. As a counter to traditional pedagogies, numerous alternative pedagogies have emerged attempting to improve the inter-relationship between educational experiences and democratic participation in society. This session focuses on critical pedagogy as one such alternative. Specifically, this presentation will include: an overview of critical pedagogy, the application of critical pedagogy in the form of collaborative learning groups in the university classroom, and a critique of the application of critical pedagogy. Audiotapes and videotapes will be shared to demonstrate the application of critical pedagogy and invite dialogue. This session will be participatory. A paper will be disseminated.

MARTINEZ, DENNIS

SUNDAY 1:30; DAR 139

Land Restorationist & Inter-Cultural Environmental Activist, American Indian Cultural Center

Traditional Indigenous Knowledge and Western Science: Cross-Cultural Perspectives on Environmental Knowledge ENV, MUL-CULT

Current land practices (forestry, agriculture, etc.) in the West are based on certain philosophical assumptions about nature which are peculiarly Western. These hidden assumptions cannot be brought to light without an "outside" or cross-cultural perspective, Traditional Indigenous Knowledge (TIK) provides an analytical tool by which to critique Western scientific assumptions. TIK also may offer a complete logical alternative to science, as well as

provide a model of land stewardship which can be adopted to present industrial society. A synthesis of ethics and Western science may resolve the current impasse between wilderness preservation and sustainable use.

MATTHIES, DENNIS SUNDAY 3:15; IVES 79 Lecturer, Center for Teaching and Learning, Stanford University

The New Economy, the New Pedagogy G

With the advent of a truly global economy and an onslaught of new technology, the college graduate may face four or five careers, with particular jobs lasting an average of only three or four years. What does this mean for today's students and for the old debate between careerism and intellectualism? What will provide our students with the best preparation for a meaningful and successful life in the new economic order: traditional pre-professional education? Traditional liberal education? Something new?

MATTHIES, DENNIS MOND Lecturer, Center for Teaching and Learning, Stanford University

MONDAY 1:30; STEV 3008

Plowing and Grinding vs. Working Reflectively G, BEG

Do our students simply "check off" their reading assignments? To what extent are they also experiencing significant improvement as readers? Do they plow through their writing projects one by one? Are they deepening as writers? Do they grind out their problem sets, or does their approach ensure that they are continually discovering wider lessons about problem-solving? In short, is there a way for us to work that guarantees a gradual evolution in our underlying skills? This workshop will demonstrate question-based strategies for teaching reflective learning to students at all levels. "Plow steady." Even though it's the sort of advice Ben Franklin might have given in Poor Richard's Almanac, it's no way to work.

MAYFIELD, MARLYS

MONDAY 10:30; ART 108

Professor of English, Vista College

Four Approaches to Conscious Problem Solving: A Critical Thinking Tool Kit for Classroom or Community Use G, H CON

The workshop will begin by distributing handouts on four approaches: 1) rational, 2)fact-finding, 3) lateral, 4) goals. The participants will choose one contemporary problem for study, then divide into four sub-groups to apply one of the four methods to it. After 45 minutes, a panel of representatives from each sub-group will report to the audience in order to compare and evaluate how each approach directed the group's thinking. The presenter will then demonstrate how problem solving instruction can make the value of critical thinking clear, not only to students of all age levels and in all subjects, but also demonstrates its meaningfulness to corporations, clinics, and city councils. Information will also be given about how to guide groups in collaborative problem-solving research writing.

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 2065

MCBRIDE, RON

Associate Professor of Kinesiology, Texas A&M University

GLENDA W. BEAMON Assistant Professor, College of Education, Elon College

Preparing the Future Critical Thinker: Structuring the Middle School Learning Environment for Critical Thinking MID, G

The purpose of this presentation is to discuss how the learning environment in today's middle school can be structured to prepare tomorrow's critical thinkers. Particular emphasis will be placed on how to make the classroom climate "safe" so that students will be predisposed to critical thinking. Cooperative learning, reciprocal teaching, and questioning are presented as viable teaching/learning strategies. An interdisciplinary approach to the topic is used to view critical thinking across the curriculum. This will be a participatory/demonstration presentation format.

McCallum, Richard J.

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3036

Assistant Professor, University of Missouri

Using Writing as a Method of Encouraging Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH, LANG

Have you ever asked yourself: "How can I teach someone to make critical thinking a routine part of their life?" Is it possible to encourage critical thinking to become a habit of the heart?

After teaching introductory critical thinking classes for seven years, I became concerned with the small number of college students who would actually transfer their awareness into practice. And so I wondered, how can I help encourage students to begin applying critical thinking concepts, skills and attitudes within their daily life. This question prompted me to design a new course entitled: "Critical Thinking as a habit of the Heart".

This will be a participatory workshop designed to share the content and format of this new course. I would like to establish a discussion forum which would permit me to share five different writing assignments and discuss the outcome of each.

McConnell, Robert

TUESDAY 3:15; DAR 139

Associate Professor of Geology, Mary Washington College

DANIEL C. ABEL

Assistant Professor of Biological Sciences, Mary Washington College

Enhancing Critical Thinking Through Quantification of Population/Environment Issues ENV, MATH/SCI, G

Critical evaluation of environmental/population issues relies in large part on the ability to structure and carry out simple mathematical calculations with confidence involving, among other things, "exponential" growth. Moreover, to understand the impact of pollution on the ocean and atmosphere, students need a quantitative appreciation of the mass and volume of

PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

CONFERENCE ABSTRACTS

these bodies, as well as the ability to understand and accurately manipulate units in the metric system. To this end we will present a number of step-bystep illustrations using pocket calculators to quantify 1) the impact of air pollution on the atmosphere, 2) the potential impact of pollutants such as PCBs on the marine environment, 3) the impact of rising living standards on the global ecosystem, 4) the issue of global population growth and 5) the extent to which incremental, small rates of ecosystem degradation (i.e., species loss) produce major impacts over time.

McLain-Midkiff, Michael

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3030

Principal, Tracy Public Schools

Levels of Thoughtfulness in Fifth Grade History and Social Science Lessons: An Examination of Teacher Practice K-12, SOC STUD, TEST

This session will consist of the sharing of a small scale, exploratory research effort in the area of educational thoughtfulness. The research was carried out with fifth grade students, but the model utilized is applicable K–12. The sharing will include an informal presentation of the paper, time for discussion, and a group activity utilizing the "Self-Concept as a Thinker" scale.

The practical model (Newmann, 1990) was utilized to *a*) discriminate between more and less successful subjects in the establishment of classroom thoughtfulness, and *b*) identify successful teacher practices related to classroom thoughtfulness. Specifically, six fifth grade teachers were observed teaching history and social science lessons. Ratings were made using Newmann's (1990) overall scale of classroom thoughtfulness. The subjects were then interviewed. Successful teacher practices and subjects in the establishment of classroom thoughtfulness were identified.

MELCHIOR, TIMOTHY M.

MONDAY 1:30; STEV 3036

Principal, Memorial Jr. High School

Connecting Learning Through Thinking Dichotomies: Memorial's (Valley Stream, New York) Polar Conflicts staff DEV, K-12

How can a school help students to make connections among their learning experiences? How can a school design such a program so that *all* of the adults in the school, including counselors, coaches and club advisors can participate in it? How can a school help students to become more abstract thinkers?

This participatory workshop will focus on an existing, practical program, which is based on the use of thinking dichotomies, that addresses these questions. Participants will learn how it works, how it can be locally adapted, and how it costs virtually nothing to implement. In addition, concrete illustrations from classroom lessons will be provided along with a holistic framework for connecting the dichotomies to thinking skills and study skills.

MENA, MANUEL

Associate Professor, Human Resources Management, State University of New York, Oswego TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3026

Bridging Academia and Business: A Reality-Based Curriculum BUS

The integration of elements from the work-place into a classroom setting is certainly not a new concept; but the manner in which they are operationalized invites new, innovative approaches to the teaching of courses. Three separate, yet interrelated, factors inherent in any given work-setting have been isolated and incorporated within a senior-level/capstone course in business policy and simulation. The factors being: 1) Technology (e.g. distance communication/learning; electronic mail; etc.); 2) Problem Solving (e.g., use of case analysis; etc.); and 3) Team Building (e.g., students working as management "teams" in decision-making; intra-group peer evaluations; etc.). Additional "closure" with industry is pursued through creative class-room projects with real world scenarios provided by business professionals.

MEYERS, CHET

MONDAY 3:15; CAR 68

Professor of Humanities, Metropolitan State University

Creating an Active Learning Classroom that Encourages Critical Thinking COLL, MID/HIGH

The term "active learning" is much in the news today on college campuses. This workshop offers a positive definition of actiye learning — instead of merely defining it in opposition to lecturing — and provides a practical framework as a guide to choosing sound teaching and learning strategies. We know that students learn to think critically by *practicing* thinking skills. This means creating meaningful activities in the classroom that engage students in their own learning. Yet the pressures teachers feel to "cover the content" seem to leave little time for activities that help students clarify their own thinking processes. Participants will work in small groups to develop or improve a small group exercise they can use with students in classes of any size that will clarify student thinking abilities.

MISSIMER, CONNIE Author

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3040

Getting up to Snuff in Theorizing About Critical Thinking ADV, THEORY, MUL-CULT

As theoretical endeavors go, from a historical perspective critical thinking is in its infancy, the term having been coined midway into this century. Thus it is not surprising that to date most claims about critical thinking have been descriptive, based on intuition and appeal to ancient authorities. But for critical thinking to epistemologically advance, it must approach as closely as possible the rigorous standards of theorizing in more developed fields: 1) theorists need to specify the phenomenon of critical thinking in such a way that they open their theories to "unliklification"; 2) the theories need to be as simple as possible; and 3) the theories should have empirical support. I

offer a theory that defines critical thinking as that phenomenon which drives the growth of knowledge, and which posits that the mechanism of critical thinking is the weighing of alternative theories in light of their evidence. The first half of the session will be devoted to making this case, the second half to group discussion critiquing it in light of alternatives.

MORSE, OGDEN

MONDAY 8:45; IVES 78

English Teacher, Joel Barlow High School

Points of View: The Application of Thinking Skills to Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL

Every subject matter teacher faces the same dilemma: too much material, too many skills, too little time. At the national level the debate between mastery of specific academic content and the development of intellectual and social habits leaves the classroom teacher wondering what the daily lessons should contain. What, in fact, is the curriculum: textbooks or skills?

This workshop is designed to suggest some practical methods by which teachers can integrate critical thinking skills with subject matter to produce a variety of student responses. Participants will be actively involved in the processes of a classroom as they work through a series of exercises, noting the methods employed and the cognitive skills required. There will be a handout containing excerpts from research, a theoretical learning model, a lesson plan, excerpts from student papers. And the group will view a videotape, the final project of a senior high school class.

MORSE, OGDEN

MONDAY 3:15; IVES 78

English Teacher, Joel Barlow High School

Literature and Problem Solving: The Integration of Thinking Skills and Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL

The solving of problems is a major part of a student's academic life, but most students associate this skill with mathematics or the sciences. Although students reading works of fiction recognize that the characters struggle to find solutions to complex problems, they fail to recognize any application of the text and its problems to their own lives. How is it possible to get students to understand that classroom activities have real life applications?

The purpose of the workshop is to demonstrate how this connection can be made through the use of higher order reasoning, communication and collaborative skills, and student creativity. By using the text, students try to answer important questions: What is a problem? Is there a process which will help to solve problems? Is more than one solution possible? During the workshop participants will engage in typical classroom activities that demonstrate the integration of many thinking and communication skills. There will be handouts and a demonstration video of a senior high school class.

MORSE, OGDEN English Teacher, Joel Barlow High School

TUESDAY 10:30; ART 108

Making Meaning in the Classroom: Skills, Perspectives, and Subject Matter MID/HIGH, COLL, LANG

What is the curriculum for the courses we teach today? Is it the subject matter in which most of us were trained, the texts, the laws, the traditions that were the canon of our schooling? Or is it those skills which students need in order to assimilate data that are important to their lives? This dilemma is compounded by the variety of learning styles which students bring to the classroom. Thus the teacher is faced with the task of helping students in the same class to make meaning of material which they may perceive and acquire very differently.

This workshop will begin with a learning styles assessment. Then participants will engage in a series of exercises which illustrate conceptual and practical approaches to student learning: the analysis of visual and written material, close reading of texts, interpretation of data, and the use of the dialectical notebook. There will be considerable emphasis on critical thinking skills, collaborative activities, and performance assessment.

MURPHY, DEBRA M.

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 3026 Director of Graduate Studies in Administration, Saint Michael's College

FRAN TOOMEY

Associate Professor of Education, St. Michael's College

Learnership/Leadership Model: "Traveling into the 21* Century" BUS, COLL Learning and leading are critical for future success in educational and industrial organizations as many have expressed, including, but not limited to, Argyris, Bennis, Senge, Weisbord. The Learnership/Leadership Model is built upon the concepts of development and interdependence. Development suggests that individuals can change only at their own pace, and organizations can change only as individuals change. Interdependence recognizes that success is dependent on a dialectic process between schools and workplaces, learning and leading. The Learnership/Leadership Model incorporates the contributions of both education and industry and integrates these contributions into a strategy for preparing today's students and workers to be tomorrow's learners and leaders. This is an interactive workshop where participants will problem solve in groups to learn, practice, and integrate the Learnership/Leadership Model.

NAEHRBASS, JOSEPHINE

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3049

Staff Development Coordinator, Agua Fria Union High School District

GAIL KENDALL

Director of Chapter 1 Services, Agua Fria UHS/Rio Salado College

"Putting It all Together:" An Integrated Staff Development Model c, STAFF DEV

At Agua Fria Union High School in Avondale, Arizona, a unique staff development program has been established whereby all teachers, administrators,

and classroom support personnel receive weekly training in critical thinking, academic self-esteem, and technology. The program recognizes the challenges that students will face in the 21st century and is responding to these challenges by discarding existing paradigms and restructuring the focus and curriculum to meet the needs of global inter-dependence. Encouraged and supported by the administration, the program has been designed, developed, and implemented by teachers in the district. Presenters will explain the step-by-step process, discuss the formation of inter-disciplinary teams, and share strategies and techniques that participants can use to create their own meaningful critical thinking staff development program. In addition, this program satisfies the requirements of the North Central Outcome-Based Assessment Model.

NORMAN, OBED Tu Assistant Professor of Science Education, University of Georgia

TUESDAY 8:45; DAR 122

Critical Thinking and the Education of Science Teachers: Building a Community of Meaning Makers sci, MUL-CULT, G

This paper will explore the relevance of critical thinking to the education of teachers in general and science teachers in particular. The first twenty minutes will be a formal paper presentation. Arguing from the perspectives of epistemology and the philosophy of science, the presenter will argue that the infusion of critical thinking into the education of science teachers will help them develop habits of mind that will *a*) enable them to present science in a meaningful way to their students and *b*) at the same time sensitize them to some of the core issues related to schools and schooling in a democratic society. The question and answer session after the formal presentation will be followed by the participants breaking up into small discussion groups that will explore vignettes related to points *a*) and *b*) above. A report back by the various groups and a final free discussion will conclude the session.

NOSICH, GERALD

SUNDAY 1:30; IVES (WARREN)

Professor of Philosophy, University of New Orleans

An Introduction to Critical Thinking: What Is It? Why Should I Teach for It? How Can I Teach for It? $_{\rm G,\,BEG}$

This session will provide a working, practical idea of what critical thinking is. The aim is not to provide a strict definition, but to describe it in a way that is usable — especially in the classroom — and to give a sense of how deep and robust the concept of critical thinking is.

Second, the session will make a case for how profoundly needed critical thinking is and — particularly when it is understood as the deep and robust notion it is — how profoundly lacking it is in education in general.

Finally, the session will provide some examples of how to teach for it and a basic model of how to rethink one's teaching to foster critical thinking at all educational levels. A question period will follow the presentation.

NOSICH, GERALD Professor of Philosophy, University of New Orleans

MONDAY 1:30; SUMPR

Critical Thinking in the Disciplines: The "Logic of" a Discipline G, BEG

"Learning a discipline" is not at all equivalent to remembering a large body of specialized information or learning to use a particular vocabulary. Rather, though both information and vocabulary are important, learning a discipline is more accurately considered an ability to think within the discipline. To "learn biology," at whatever educational level, is to learn to "think biologically"; knowing sociology is knowing how to "think sociologically"; and so on.

What does thinking within a discipline consist of? It clearly has many aspects, but one of the most central is grasping "the logic of" the discipline. Getting hold of the logic of the discipline and learning to reason in terms of it is essential for our students.

An important aim of the workshop is to elucidate the concept of "the logic of a discipline." The workshop's primary aim, however, is for participants to work out an analysis of the logic of their own disciplines and to take some steps toward redesigning their courses so as to promote a grasp of the logic of the field on the part of their students.

Nosich, Gerald Professor of Philosophy, University of New Orleans

TUESDAY 8:45; SUMPR

Some Nuts and Bolts of Critical Thinking: Interpreting What People Say G, BEG

In concentrating intently on making our teaching more effective, we sometimes lose sight of the fact that there are essential skills involved in critical thinking, skills which we must foster in our students. To think critically at all, it is necessary to get adept at thinking in terms of the basics, the central concepts or elements of good reasoning. One of the skills students have most trouble with is the ability to give a reasonable interpretation of what people say, one that is accurate and fairminded. In a very similar way, good thinking is built on being able to identify and evaluate assumptions — our own, or those of others.

The problem is getting students to see what to do in order to develop these skills. A person's assumption, after all, is not just anything I may wish to attribute to the person; an interpretation is not accurate just because it is what I believe the person means. How do I get better at using these skills? What can I do to be more accurate and fairminded? This session focuses on giving accurate and fairminded interpretations.

NOSICH, GERALD

TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 119

Professor of Philosophy, University of New Orleans

Learning to Think Critically Within a Discipline G, BEG

Thinking critically within a discipline encompasses a number of overlapping abilities, dispositions, ways of acting, values and standards. Among these is

what may be called "the vision of the field." Each discipline has as part of it a certain vision, a way of seeing the world and of interpreting what is seen. Thus a sociologist will tend to look at an assemblage of people and see groups, cultural roles, and social forces at work; a non-sociologist may see only an assemblage of people. There is a very real sense in which practitioners of a field see different things from those seen by non-practitioners.

The workshop will begin with an overview of what is involved in learning to think critically within a discipline, but the bulk of the activity will be focused on two tasks: 1) working out the vision of the field as it applies to participants' own field and courses, and 2) working out the fundamental concepts that underlie the teaching of a discipline at an educational level. Each of these will be done with an eye on *teaching*.

NOSICH, GERALD Professor of Philosophy, University of New Orleans

WEDNESDAY 8:45; IVES 119

Some Nuts and Bolts of Critical Thinking: Identifying People's Assumptions G, BEG

In concentrating intently on making our teaching more effective, we sometimes lose sight of the fact that there are essential skills involved in critical thinking, skills which we must foster in our students. To think critically at all, it is necessary to get adept at thinking in terms of the basics, the central concepts or elements of good reasoning. One of the skills students have most trouble with is the ability to give a reasonable interpretation of what people say, one that is accurate and fairminded. In a very similar way, good thinking is built on being able to identify and evaluate assumptions - our own, or those of others.

The problem is getting students to see what to do in order to develop these skills. A person's assumption, after all, is not just anything I may wish to attribute to the person; an interpretation is not accurate just because it is what I believe the person means. How do I get better at using these skills? What can I do to be more accurate and fairminded? This session focuses on identifying assumptions in an accurate and fairminded way.

NOWELL, LINDA

University

WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3049 Assistant Director, Center for Creative and Critical Teaching, Texas Wesleyan

Critical Talk: Developing Critical Thinking and Critical Consciousness K-12, LANG, ECON

14

Robert Reich contends that the United States, as a member of a global community, is at a crossroads. Economically, our success in the emerging global economy depends on the critical thinking and creativity that our citizens, all our citizens, contribute to that economy. But even more important, these creative and critical citizens must also have, in the language of Paulo Freire, a "critical consciousness."

The solutions offered by Dewey and Freire demand a critical discourse — a conversation that allows members of the community, whether local or global, to analyze and evaluate their experiences and come to reasoned judgments on what to think and how to act.

This participatory session will focus on how we can create that kind of discourse in our classrooms — in our society.

NWA, WILLIA L.

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3072

Educator of Secondary Education, Canton City Schools

Cultural Diversity: What Should Educators Do About It? MUL-CULT, H RIGHTS, COLL, MID/HIGH

Multi-cultural education involves an interdisciplinary approach that stresses teaching strategies that affirm the right of students to be different and the responsibility of students to appreciate and respect the differences of others. For multi-cultural education to be effective, an holistic, transformational approach must be instituted. This approach enables the learners to view concepts, ideas, issues, themes, and problems from various ethnic perspectives and points of view. In addition to critically thinking of solutions that foster multi-culturalism, this presentation will discuss and brainstorm activities educators can implement in the classroom. The rationale for recognizing cultural diversity and the impact of changes that have evolved in our society and in our schools will also be discussed.,

O'BRIEN, JOHN

SUNDAY 1:30: IVES 78

Lecturer in Education, James Cook University of North Queensland

Thinking in the Workplace HIGH, COLL, SCI, BUS

A significant issue facing many countries, companies, schools, and individuals is the importance of workplace thinking. This workshop will report on the thinking of a research scientist in the workplace as revealed by stimulated recall research techniques. The relation of scientific thinking in the workplace to scientific thinking in schools will be explored by comparison with the predominant thinking styles of a sixteen year old science student. The development of more effective student thinking in the classroom will also be discussed.

O'KEEFE, VIRGINIA

MONDAY 12:15; IVES 78 Adjunct Assistant Professor of Communication, George Mason University

Empowering Students and Teachers Through Critical Thinking Research STAFF DEV, MID/HIGH, LANG

This workshop describes a study conducted in an English Department of a suburban high school of diverse socioeconomic background. Members of the faculty and the researcher cooperated in the study's design to determine what communication behaviors engendered critical thinking in regular and gifted ninth grade classes. Participants in this session will learn how to set

up similar studies in their own schools, what the findings of the study reveal, and how to design practical techniques that encourage students' improved critical thinking. Hands-on activities allow participants to experience different kinds of communication strategies. It is hoped that participants will leave the session with a practical base to begin looking critically at their own goals and expectations for that vast majority of students in the regular, "average" class.

OGNIBENE, ELAINE R. Professor of English, Siena College

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3072

Stories About Schooling: Multi-Cultural Fictions that Challenge and Create MUL-CULT, COLL, FEM, MID/HIGH

I am proposing a paper that is interdisciplinary and multi-cultural in its research base and content, whose purpose is to promote a new way of thinking critically about moral and practical issues involved in teacher education and educational reform.

Contemporary literature often tells stories about female development within the world of diverse cultures. Examining works such as Mean Spirit (Hogan, 1990), The Bluest Eye (Morrison, 1970), Annie John (Kincaid, 1983). and The Lesson (Bambara, 1972), I will explain the role that schooling plays in the protagonist's story of moral growth and development. After critically analyzing that information in light of recent educational theory about learning as a social act, knowledge as a cultural artifact, and story as a central process in both teaching and learning, I plan to show how fictional stories can help us to raise pertinent questions about pedagogy, curriculum, and the process of learning in relation to gender, race, culture, and class in education.

OGNIBENE, **RICHARD** Professor of Educational Studies, Seton Hall University

MONDAY 1:30; IVES 35

Thinking Critically about the Total Quality Movement in Education STAFF DEV, K-12

This session will include three activities: 1) a paper discussing the implications of Total Quality Management (TQM) for K-12 education; 2) a discussion to clarify audience attitudes about this approach to educational reform: and 3) a focus group activity to elicit suggestions for educators who wish to explore or implement TQM in their schools.

The paper will briefly delineate the principles of TQM and discuss its spread from industry to healthcare and most recently to education. The author is concerned that there is almost no criticism of TQM as it has been applied in education and suggests several aspects of this approach which should be examined more carefully. The purpose of the discussion following the paper is to frame suggestions about a more thoughtful way in which the best components of TQM could be used without sacrificing educational aspirations that are higher than those ordinarily derived from a business perspective.

OTTERBACH, RENATE Education Consultant, Region IX Educational Service Center

MONDAY 3:15; IVES 45

EVA HONSA-HOGG Educational Consultant, Region IX Education Service Center

Cooperative Learning and Critical Thinking: A Winning Combination MID/HIGH, ADV, SOC STUD

Research tells us that cooperative, creative, and critical thinking skills are essential to success. The importance of these skills in business is steadily increasing. It is therefore logical that the higher the competence level of students in these areas the better adapted they will be to the economic market when they graduate. The implication of this research leads to the conclusion that teaching strategies should focus on these skills, and the teaching of those skills must become an integrated part of the curriculum. The focus of this session is on teaching strategies that can be used to accomplish the integration of cooperative, creative, and critical thinking skills without sacrificing content. The majority of the time in this session will be allocated to a simulation of these strategies using an inter-disciplinary unit. Modification to address specific subject areas will also be discussed.

OXMAN, WENDY

MONDAY 10:30; CAR 68

Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

Many Faces of Critical Thinking G

Critical thinking in educational practice can legitimately take many diverse forms. In this presentation, the goals of teaching for critical thinking will be discussed in the context of the taxonomy of educational objectives. Examples of different approaches to teaching for critical thinking, such as *a*) problem solving, b) creativity, and c) reasoning with probabilities, and a framework for planning for academic tasks toward critical thinking as an educational goal, will be presented and discussed.

OXMAN, WENDY

MONDAY 3:15: DAR 122

Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

Case Studies in Teaching for Critical Thinking MUL-CULT, G

This presentation will introduce participants to an approach to case study methodology, and share samples of case studies in teaching for critical thinking with a focus on social issues, collaboratively prepared by college and urban school faculty members.

OXMAN, WENDY Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3026

The THORP Game MUL-CULT, G

Participants in this session will engage in this popular simulation game, designed for use with groups of teachers, prospective teachers, and students, to illustrate the purposes and outcomes of teaching for critical thinking for all students. A total of 40 participants may be accommodated.

TUESDAY 3:15; CAR 68

PARKS, SANDRA Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

Using Graphic Organizers to Improve Thinking and Learning G

This presentation will demonstrate how the use of graphic organizers provides simple but powerful tools for achieving both thinking skills and content objectives in the K-12 classroom. A variety of graphic organizers used to organize information, guide student thinking, and evaluate learning will be distinguished and demonstrated. Samples of the graphic organizers used in the demonstrations, as well as lessons in which they are employed, will be provided to the participants.

PARNELL, SHANNAH

TUESDAY 8:45: NICH 166

Instructor of English and Rhetoric, University of Illnois at Urbana-Champaign

Re-Reading Hawthorne's 'A': Ideologies and Developing Critical Awareness in the Classroom LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

This workshop offers teachers of both secondary and college level literature courses a practical and dynamic approach to teaching literary texts and developing students' critical thinking skills at the same time. The first part of our presentation demonstrates how four interpretive strategies, each growing out of Marxist, feminist, deconstructive, or psychoanalytic theory. may be introduced to students. The second part of our presentation demonstrates methods by which such critical thinking skills as locating value conflicts and clarifying assumptions may be fostered. In this part of our workshop, we will propose at least ten specific methods for encouraging students to look at texts from new and varying perspectives and for stimulating nonteacher centered classroom debate. During the workshop, we will ask for participation in activities and will encourage questions.

PAUL, RICHARD W.

TUESDAY 8:45; IVES (WARREN)

Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

How to Design Assignments and Activities (So That Students Learn How to Assess Their Own Performances) G, TEST, BEG

In this session Richard Paul will: 1) explain and demonstrate how to design assignments that enable students to assess themselves, 2) provide some sample assignments (with sample student self-assessments), and 3) provide some practice in the art of assignment design. The basic principles that underlie this session are 1) self-assessment is essential to critical thinking and 2) writing assignments that lead to student self-assessment is a practical art that can be learned. As we develop this art, we transform our instruction into problem-based learning, our students then progress continually from one task in reasoning to another, developing skills and insights and, last but not least, mastering content as they go.

PAUL, RICHARD W. TUESDAY 10:30; IVES (WARREN) Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Pseudo-Critical Thinking: Beware! (How to Distinguish Authentic and Substantial Approaches to Critical Thinking from the Slick Counterfeits Now Sweeping the Educational Marketplace) G, TEST, BEG

Sad to say, there is now a spate of pseudo-critical thinking materials and approaches sweeping the educational marketplace, some of them disseminated under the auspices of highly respected educational associations and groups. In most cases, these approaches are devoid of intellectual standards. Richard Paul will illustrate with materials from major publishers intended for classroom use and the California Department of Education. In this session, you will learn criteria for distinguishing critical thinking counterfeits from the "real thing". Why end up teaching "pseudo" critical thinking when it is perfectly possible to teach the real thing.

PAUL, RICHARD W. WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 1002 Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Staff Development: If It Is Not Long-Term and Comprehensive, It Won't Work! G, STAFF DEV, BEG

Staff development at all levels of education is typically ineffective. The reason is simple. In general staff development is short-term, fragmented, and does not deal with the root causes of problems injeducation. Richard Paul presents a new model for long-term and comprehensive staff development design. He is keenly interested in field testing his model at both the K-12 and college/university levels.

PAUL, RICHARD W.

WEDNESDAY 10:30: CAR 68 Director, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

"Outcome-Based," "Cooperative," "Meaning-Centered," "Authentic," "Re-Structured," "Constructed," "Performance-Driven," "Multi-Cultural," "Self-Esteem," "Thinking," and "Learning" --- Come Find Out What Is Right and Wrong with the Jargon of the Day G, TEST, BEG

K-12 education moves from one set of buzz words to another. What is right and wrong with the buzz words of today? Richard Paul briefly explains how each of the popular buzz words in education today can be used appropriately, and how they are often used to create a smoke screen for the status quo.

PENDLETON, WILLIAM

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 2065 Assistant Superintendent of Instruction, Tulare Union High School District

Instructional Design for the 21st Century: High School Classrooms That Nourish Critical Thinking for All Students HIGH, MUL-CULT

In this workshop, Dr. Pendleton presents an instructional paradigm for the high school classroom of the 21st Century. He first predicts the physical, emotional, and learning characteristics of future students and then recommends instructional practices that will maximize learning and foster critical thinking. The design is timeless, crosses all disciplines, and is supported by the educational philosophy of the reform movement in California. Participants will receive instruction, modeling, and practice in "close" or "active" reading, discuss and contrast the concept-driven curriculum versus the factcentered curriculum, and experience cooperative and collaborative learning. Provocative issues will include the presenter's beliefs that all students should be mainstreamed, and that students of all abilities are capable of critical thinking.

PETERSON, JOEL

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3030 Faculty Coordinator, Critical Thinking Project, Minnesota Community Colleges

MARY ASPNES

Professor of Developmental Education, Lakewood Community College

CONNIE STACK

Instructor of Nursing and Public Health, Minnesota Community Colleges

Thinking on All Four Burners: A Holistic Approach Which Recognizes Diversity in Good Thinking COLL, LANG

Based on the work of more than 200 faculty involved in the Minnesota Community College System's project for critical thinking, this session will present a holistic model of critical thinking which includes: 1) thinking centered on facts, 2) thinking which draws on imagination, 3) thinking which emphasizes reasoning, and 4) thinking which focuses on values. Since each individual in the classroom (including the teacher) has developed some of these types of thinking at the expense of not developing others, this model provides instructors and students with a framework for valuing diversity in thinking while recognizing areas needing further development. After introducing the model, the major part of the session will be devoted to demonstrating three teaching strategies which push students (and teachers) to think in all four dimensions.

PETERSON, JOEL

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3040

Faculty Coordinator, Critical Thinking Project, Minnesota Community Colleges

CONNIE STACK

Instructor of Nursing and Public Health, Minnesota Community Colleges

MARY ASPNES

Professor of Developmental Education, Lakewood Community College

Strategies for Developing Critical Thinking Which Is Factual, Imaginative, and Value-Conscious as Well as Logical COLL, ADV

As important as the role played by logical reasoning in critical thinking is, it is matched by the importance of the roles played by three other kinds of thinking: clarity and fairness in gathering facts, imaginativeness in trying to put facts into alternative perspectives, and honesty in appraising the impact of the values involved in the issue in question. In this session we will

demonstrate four different kinds of critical thinking assignments from four different disciplines, each aiming at developing one of the four thinking functions. We will conclude by presenting a model of critical thinking which both integrates all four modes of thinking and provides further rich implications for teaching and learning.

PIERCE, GLORIA

MONDAY 10:30; IVES 78

Associate Professor of Counseling, Human Development, and Educational Leadership, Montclair State College

The Centrality of Critical Thinking in Educating for Diversity COLL, BUS, MUL-CULT, SOCIOL

The fact of cultural diversity in the United States and the challenges it poses regarding issues of social justice and equity, economic development, and lifelong learning makes education for diversity perhaps the most pivotal and crucial undertaking of our educational systems today, not only in schools, colleges and universities, but also in the workplace.

This important effort cannot take place without developing the attitudes and skills of critical thinking: a spirit of inquiry, the willingness to engage in the dialogue of human conversation, to challenge assumptions and beliefs about others, and the interpersonal and problem-solving skills necessary for understanding, valuing and managing differences.

This presentation will examine the role of critical thinking in developing the attitudes and skills needed in order to make diversity a strategic advantage in creating an equitable, just, caring, and productive society.

The session will include a summary of the presenter's paper followed by a structured exercise involving small group tasks and whole group discussion.

PINTO, ROBERT C.

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3040

Associate Professor of Philosophy, University of Windsor

Can Learning Logic Help Students Improve Their Thinking? ADV, PSYCH, COLL In their early stages, cognitive science and cognitive psychology drew many of their models of good thinking from the paradigms developed by traditional logic. That logic was designed to deal with information that is encoded linguistically. Important recent theoretical and empirical developments (especially connectionist or PDP accounts of cognitive processes) suggest, however, that the manipulation of propositional or linguistic content is a "surface" phenomenon and that much of the cognitive "action" takes place at pre-linguistic levels. If that is true, it has profound implications for questions about the role logic should play in teaching critical thinking. This presentation a) will assess the epistemological and pedagogical implications of these recent developments and b) will propose specific strategies for making judicious use of logical concepts in the present intellectual context — a context in which our understanding of the very nature of thinking is undergoing significant evolution.

POAGE, MELVIN President, Materials & Technology for Education

MONDAY 10:30; DAR 122

A Critical Thinking Approach to Mathematics MATH, COLL, MID/HIGH

If education is to accomplish a positive change in student learning, then our teaching must improve a student's ability to "Think and Produce Positive Outcomes". A student's ability to "Think and Produce Positive Outcomes" is critical thinking.

The following questions about critical thinking must be addressed: 1) Is it necessary to teach critical thinking? 2) What is critical thinking? 3) Is there room in the curriculum to introduce critical thinking? 4) What other closely related topics to critical thinking will also have to be taught? 5) What changes in classroom instruction are necessary for teaching critical thinking? 6) What changes in materials are needed to practice critical thinking? 7) How is critical thinking taught? 8) How is critical thinking evaluated?

POLLARD, JIM Curriculum Specialist, Spokane Falls Community College

SUNDAY 3:15: STEV 3008

A Different Way of Thinking ADV, BUS, H CON, G

From Albert Einstein to Hillary Clinton more individuals are supporting "a different way of thinking" to change the creative destruction approach of our global society. This session will explore education's role in developing new ways of thinking. Learning activities that promote the development of new ways of thinking will be presented with models from Headstart, K-12, college, and business and industry training. Creating new conditions in schools and society requires that the basic ideas about learning must be changed. Join together with others to explore what teachers can do in their classroom to involve learners in developing new and different ways of thinking.

POLLARD, IM

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3008

Curriculum Specialist, Spokane Falls Community College

Who is the Boss? (An Empowerment Workshop) COLL, BUS, H CON

Edward Deming, Lester Thurow, Peter Senge, and many others are pointing to a new relationship between management and the work force. Empowerment is at center stage of this discussion. This session will explore the challenges of empowerment and turning the workplace and classroom into a "learning environment." Comparing the application of empowerment in the classroom to the application of empowerment in the workplace will make this session of interest to both the education and business community.

POLLARD, JIM Curriculum Specialist, Spokane Falls Community College

TUESDAY 1:30; DAR 137

Learners Can Achieve 100% (A Self-Assessment Workshop) TEST, ADV, BUS, G The premise that learners need to distinguish for themselves what they know from what they don't know, provides the focus of this presentation.

The development of the learners' self-assessment skills is a key element in empowerment and is important to critical thinking as well. This session will present a reflective thinking model used for assisting learners in developing self assessment skills as well as assessment criteria. Exploring ideas for selfassessment activities and strategies in the workplace and the classroom will take participants beyond the mechanics of self-assessment with a discussion of "Grade expectation".

POPE, RICHARD

SUNDAY 12:15; STEV 3008

Director, Gateway to Great Thinking

The Debating Process Instills Critical Thinking in Your Elementary School Students and Makes You Thinner, Sexier, and Attractive to Movie Stars! ELEM, BEG

Enjoy 90 minutes actively participating in the debating process. Learn how your elementary school students, from kindergarten through eighth grade, can research issues and persuasively present positions. Become energized as your students use such critical thinking terms as 'Clear, Precise, Significant, Relevant, Accurate, Deep, Fair, and Consistent.' When your students can prepare and evaluate their own arguments and constructively critique the arguments of others, they gain important skills and values needed for the opportunities and challenges of the 21st century.

POPE, RICHARD Director, Gateway to Great Thinking

/ TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3008

Elementary School Language Arts and Critical Thinking — The Process for Generating a Nation of Active Learners ELEM, LANG

Enjoy 90 minutes actively coordinating the Language Arts and Critical Thinking processes. Learn how your students can gain such an enthusiasm towards language arts that they hunger to read and write. See how such critical thinking terms as 'Clear, Precise, Significant, Relevant, Accurate, Deep, Fair, and Consistent' can energize all your language arts lessons. Learn how students can thrive in an atmosphere of positive interaction with the printed word, the spoken word, and critical thinking. Give your students the language arts skills and values to meet the opportunities and challenges of the 21st century.

PRITCHARD, FLORENCE FAY

MONDAY 10:30; NICH 166 Associate Vice President of Academic Affairs, Salisbury State University

Negotiating and Using Frames to Develop Specific Critical Thinking and Writing Skills LANG, G

This session demonstrates how English and language-arts teachers can teach critical thinking and writing simultaneously to students in grades 4-14. The session demonstrates how to transform specific skills such as explaining, categorizing, comparing and contrasting, evaluating, interpreting, justifying with reasons, applying principles and deriving propositions into frames for

critical thinking and writing. The session opens with a paper explaining frame negotiation and use, then summarizes the model underlying this approach to teaching critical thinking and writing. Next, participants learn how to construct writing assignments that help students create thinkingwriting frames. This involves participants in identifying and defining specific thinking and writing skills, incorporating the skills in writing assignments, negotiating steps essential to carrying out the skills and transforming steps into question sets that generate substantive discourse, and that can be used in many other situations as fundamental thinking strategies.

QUINA, JAMES HENRY TUESDAY 12:15; NICH 173 Associate Professor of English Education, Wayne State University

Teaching Conflict Resolution Through Metaphor LANG, H CON, H RIGHTS, SOC STUD A participatory workshop based on the world hypotheses of Stephen C. Pepper and the teaching methodology of Georgi Lozanov. Participants will be given an overview of Pepper's pluralistic system and of Lozanov's methodology, followed by a reading of "The Story of the Great Rock," a metaphoric story containing embeds of Pepper's world hypotheses. The story will be read with music. Each tribe described in the story represents one of Pepper's four world views: formism, mechanism, contextualism and organicism.

Participants will draw their interpretations of the story, role play as tribal members, identify tribal beliefs, and share their world views with members of a different tribe. The task will be to discover ways of relating to difference other than polarization or domination. Pepper's own synthesis of a fifth world hypothesis, selectivism, will be examined as a model of conflict resolution.

RASKIN, JONAH

TUESDAY 12:15; NICH 204 Chair, Communication Studies Department, Sonoma State University

Abbie Hoffman: Critical Thinker? MEDIA POL, SOC STUD, LANG

The paper will present a discussion of the critical ideas of Abbie Hoffman, and will focus on his most important book, Revolution for the Hell of It, which was published 25 years ago, in 1968. "Abbie Hoffman: Critical Thinker?" will examine Hoffman's ideas about cultural revolution, and will locate his thinking in the context of the social and political changes in the year 1968. It will explore his relationship to the media, his views on the power of myth, and his ideas about books and the culture of the book. Hoffman will be defined as a crucial American figure of the 1960s, and Revolution for the Hell of It will be analyzed as a quintessential post-modernist text.

REED. IEFFREY

TUESDAY 10:30: STEV 1040

Teacher, Windsor Middle School

SCOTT SCHOEPP

Math & Science Teacher, Windsor Middle School

Illustrations and the Information Age: Using Visuals to Stimulate Critical Thinking COMPUTER, MID, SCI, SOC STUD

How teachers can use pictures to stimulate critical thinking, using examples from the California middle school science and social science curricula. A

PRESENTERS LISTED ALPHABETICALLY

major part of the presentation will give teachers hands-on practice, including how to actively engage students in producing Jeopardy-style games created and played on Macintosh computers.

REICH, K. HELMUT TUESDAY 10:30: STEV 3049 Research Associate, Department of Education, University of Fribourg

SANDRA PARKS Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

Spirituality and Critical Thinking PSYCH, MUL-CULT

In this participatory workshop we shall first define spirituality and then discuss the process of examining it in the light of critical thinking. Examples of this process can be taken from the experience of scientists, spiritual persons, and others. We will explore the "usefulness" of spirituality both for problem solving and personal development as well as the role of role of reason in expanding spiritual life.

REYES, DOMINGA L. President, World University of America (Ojai) MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3072

KEVIN MCCORMACK

Dean of Student Affairs, World University of America (Ojai)

Global Education: The Way to Peace MUL-CULT, PEACE, COLL, MEDIA

Definition: Global Education is a program intended to create a global perspective on the current issues which face humanity at the threshold of world transformation.

Aim: To promote an understanding and appreciation of humanity and the diverse religions, cultures, and ideologies. Goal: World Peace through Education. *Method*: A curriculum that will enable people to realize: A) There is only one home: Earth. There is only one race: humanity. There is only one religion: love. B) Peace in society is dependent on an Ethical Orientation Program, Cooperative Economics, not competitive. C) Practical solutions for current problems such as militarism, environmental deterioration, economic problems, psychological addictions, increasing population, and various intolerant attitudes such as racism, sexism, nationalism, and dogmatism.

RICH, GREGORY

MONDAY 8:45; NICH 304

Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Fayetteville State University Critical Thinking at Fayetteville State University: An Initial Assessment COLL, TEST

Critical Thinking has been taught at Fayetteville State University since the fall of 1989. What was the basis for instituting this course? How was it planned? What is the course like today? Is there evidence that the course is effective? This presentation reviews the history of the course and then checks the effectiveness of the course by analyzing pretest/post-test data from over 2000 students. The paper presented was co-authored by Dr. Akbar Aghajanian.

RIPPY, EDWARD MONDAY 12:15; STEV 3046 Student of Educational Psychology, California State University at Hayward

The Multiple Costs of "Defense:" Spending Money, Freedom, and Blood to Protect "Our" Vital Interests Around the Globe PEACE, MEDIA, ECON, PSYCH Military related spending comprises about three fourths of discretionary Federal spending, consuming approximately one half of Federal income tax revenues. Proponents claim that this bolsters our national economy, protects access to vital raw materials and energy sources, and defends freedom and democracy worldwide; opponents claim that it subverts the national economy in favor of a small power elite, precludes equitable use of raw materials and development of alternative energy, and defends totalitarianism and oligarchy worldwide. We will examine (critically, of course) these competing claims, with emphasis on the role of the press in shaping public opinion on these issues and the role of education in preparing people to make well considered decisions and influence public policy. We will also attempt to place U.S. military intervention in a context of global economic power struggles and to estimate the costs to society of "competitiveness" conceived in these terms.

ROBB. IEAN

TUESDAY 12:15; STEV 2083

Director, Successful Learning Institute

HILARY LETTS Deputy Director, Successful Learning Institute

Turning Critical Thinking into an Adventure for All G

Process Learning is a humanistic and holistic method. It enables individuals or groups to discover successful strategies for learning and coping in their ever changing lives. Armed with these strategies, people of any age or ability feel empowered to take responsibility for their own learning. They begin to see learning as a stimulating and exciting adventure. Process Learning creates a safe environment where individuals are prepared to take risks, and recognize and delight in their new achievements. Process Learning can be used by any individual or group, in any situation; a large claim but true. In this workshop participants will be introduced to the theory and given the opportunity to see and experience it in practice. Every person i.e., managers, teachers, parents, students or employees need support to guide them when implementing an effective critical thinking program. Process Learning will keep them on the path of the best practice by reminding them of the theory and philosophy which created the practice.

ROSENBERG, ERNEST Director, PEMD Education Group

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 1040

What Are the Most Relevant Science and Social Science Curricula for the Future? COMPUTER ASST ED, ENV, ECON, COLL, HIGH

What are the issues that will most profoundly affect our student's lives and the lives of their children? About what do they need to think critically in their household and professional lives and in the voting booth? Together

we will examine these questions and see if an answer is economics, environment, and demographics. If they are a valid answer, then it is strongly implied that our science and social science curricula need to be reorganized. Perhaps the earth, life, physical, and social sciences need to be taught within the context of economics, environment, and demographics, rather than mostly the other way around.

In addition, in order for our students to think critically in these areas, they need to have ready access to large amounts of relevant numerical data and a means for the non-numerically sophisticated students to effectively analyze and synthesize this data. Computer software (Macintosh) will be demonstrated which enables this and consequently provides tools with which to develop critical thinking skills.

RUDERMAN, RENEE

MONDAY 3:15: STEV 3030 Assistant Professor of English, Metropolitan State College of Denver

Reading the Spaces Between Words: A Critical Inquiry into Toni Morrison's Use of Language in The Bluest Eye FEM, LANG, COLL

In this interactive workshop, participants will be asked to read passages from Toni Morrison's novel, The Bluest Eye, after viewing a videotape featuring the author, and, through directed discussion involving critical thinking and written exercises, to discover the iconoclastic and convention-breaking properties of Morrison's prose. Morrison's intention is to subvert literary traditions, to "feminize" literature, to "break the back of words" in order to force readers from discomfort to a new celebration of language and literature.

RUGGIERO, VINCENT RYAN Author and Consultant

MONDAY 3:15; DAR 112

Who's to Say What's Right and Wrong? G, H CON

Among the most interesting exercises in critical thinking are those that involve ethical issues. Unfortunately, many students regard such matters as purely relative and subjective, and as a result they are indisposed to conduct thoughtful inquiry, consider alternative views, and make careful judgments. This presentation will address the question, "How can teachers guide students beyond moral relativism without leading them to the opposite extreme, moral absolutism?" It will also present a framework for moral judgment that takes little time to teach and can be used in a wide variety of courses. Finally, it will demonstrate how to create challenging exercises in moral judgment.

RUGGIERO, VINCENT RYAN Author and Consultant

TUESDAY 8:45: STEV 1002

Teaching Thinking Across the Curriculum a

Thinking instruction is too important to be confined to a single course or a single department; it should be emphasized across the curriculum. Achiev-

ing this objective necessitates transforming faculty hesitancy (or outright resistance) into enthusiastic support. This presentation will suggest how that transformation can best be accomplished. It will also outline a teaching approach that joins creative and critical thinking and incorporates a number of other educational reform ideas; notably, collaborative learning, problem-based instruction, outcome-based education, case study method, and writing across the curriculum.

RUGGIERO, VINCENT RYAN Author and Consultant

TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3008

Critical Thinking and Total Quality Management BUS, G, STAFF DEV

In little more than a decade the "quality movement" that made Japan a leader in the world market has become a leading reform initiative both in American business and in educational administration. What is not generally recognized is that TQM and the critical thinking movement have much in common. Both reject the pessimistic view of the human mind that has dominated American culture throughout this century. And both depend on the cultivation of careful observation and logical reasoning. This presentation will explore these common elements and present a TQM model that incorporates the insights and strategies of critical (and creative) thinking.

SANCHEZ, ADOLFO Associate Professor of Education, Cayey University College

TUESDAY 3:15; NICH 204

LUZ E. LOPEZ Professor of Education, Cayey University College

Making Connections K-12

Participants will involve themselves in the development of a concept teaching technique that allows a teacher to guide students in an in-depth study of any concept, be it concrete or abstract. This instructional technique requires looking at a concept from various points of view. After discussing the essence and main attributes of the concept, the group is guided in the making of as many connections as possible to other concepts and life experiences through the use of questioning. The technique is ideal for any subject content, especially if an interdisciplinary approach is sought.

SCHEFF, THOMAS I.

TUESDAY 10:30: STEV 3030 Professor Emeritus of Sociology, University of California, Santa Barbara

Alienation in Families and Classrooms: Repairing the Bond ADV, H CON, SOCIOL, PSYCH

There is by now a vast literature which suggests that children can have a significant learning experience only when there is a secure bond with the parent or teacher. I will show a videotape and distribute transcripts which suggest the depth of alienation between children and their teachers and parents. The handouts and discussion will show how to analyze verbal and nonverbal discourse in order to assess the state of the bond. I will use this

same material to suggest how the situations portrayed might have been used to repair the bond through the use of what Satir called "leveling".

SCHWARTZ, JUDITH Director, Scarsdale Teachers Institute

MONDAY 3:15: STEV 3077

Developing Reflective Practitioners: How Teacher Research Leads to Improved Critical Thinking and Classroom Instruction K-12, STAFF DEV

Throughout their careers, teachers expand their teaching horizons by asking questions about what their students are learning and by devising ways to improve student performance. In this interactive session, participants will learn about classroom research programs designed to encourage teachers to investigate significant questions of teaching and learning. Participants will learn how the program functions, examine in some detail the research projects that have been developed, and assess the impact these programs have had on school culture and student learning. Participants will learn the impact teacher research has had on improving teachers' critical thinking abilities, assessment techniques and classroom management skills.

This program, one of many in a broad based teacher led staff development organization, supports inquiry as central to the school and district. Also, participants will have an opportunity to analyze the staff development structures that develop and support high expectations for teachers and students.

SECCO, THOMAS

TUESDAY 10:30: STEV 3040

Professor of English and Philosophy, Triton College

The Formation of Knowledge and the Mission of Intelligence ADV

The acquisition of knowledge is a form-giving activity. It is a process of structuration. What is the role of tradition and innovation in the formation of knowledge? What is the influence of language? What is the function of reason, of imagination, of conscious experience and of empathy? How does one incorporate the constraints of diversity both internationally and intranationally within the discussion of how knowledge is formed? Finally, how does a human being form knowledge in the age of the information "explosion"? Can we remain "knowers" in a convention of "users"?

The presentation will be one in which my remarks will be heuristic, and I will actively seek the participation of the audience in order to engage in dialogue. I would like an audience of diverse background, for I would like the discussion informed not only by theory and structured observation but by practice and institutional considerations as well. I believe that this is one of the most crucial questions that confronts us as a species and a people.

SHELLEDA, LEAH

SUNDAY 1:30; DAR 137

Instructor of Humanities and Philosophy, College of Marin

Does Logic Teach Critical Thinking? COLL, TEST, LANG, ADV

Ever since Aristotle, educators have believed that logic was not only the means of philosophical argumentation and proof, but the "method of

choice" to teach critical thinking. (The State of California still defines critical thinking in terms of the language and content of a logic course.) Leah Shelleda decided to test this assumption by using Classroom Assessment Techniques (CATS) to evaluate what her community college students were actually learning in her logic courses. In this workshop, she will create a discussion of what critical thinking is, and present the results of her two-year study and the impact that the study has had on her teaching and her relationship with her students. She will then work with participants in the workshop to consider problem areas in their own classrooms (regardless of subject matter), and how to devise Classroom Assessment Techniques to evaluate, refine and modify their approach in the classroom.

SILVERMAN, JANIS L.

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 2065 Enrichment Coordinator, Lincolnshire-Prairie View S.D. 103, Sprague School

Economics for Kids ECON, K-12, SOC STUD

Children today are facing a challenging international market place. To prepare them for these challenges, Janis Silverman has developed techniques for integrating economics into the existing social studies, science, math. and language arts curricula by taking students through the developing markets in history. Her workshop begins with a multi-media presentation, a journey through markets of the world, followed by a seminar including interactive discussion and workshop time. Participants will develop models and ideas using critical and creative thinking to develop creative enrichment experiences for children. Workshop participants are recommended to bring their social studies and language arts curricula and read Forums, Fairs, and Futures by Janis Silverman.

SKEWES-COX. ROBIN

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3046

Lecturer, Academy of World Studies

BENNET SKEWES-COX President, Academy of World Studies

How to Think About War and Peace, Part I H CON, PEACE, G

War: Definitions and examples. What is the problem? "There have always been wars." What are the "causes"? A highly critical look at one of these. Ethology. Biology. Psychology. Are we as individuals "warlike"? We are animals, animals are "aggressive", therefore we are aggressive. Konrad Lorenz's "On Aggression". Freud. If we are "peaceful" it is because we are "repressed"? Other "causes": language barriers, nationalism, trade competition, cultural misunderstanding. Differences resulting in lack of "community". Defining "community". How much community is necessary to make us "peaceful"?

What is the context in which we look at the various facets of the problem "war"? War as an institution. The planning for and organization of war as a rational occupation. Sovereignty. The psychology of war. Belief in its inevitability. Reluctance to be optimists. The mistake that "realism" dictates pessimism. The last 50 years: A case for optimism and realism. Why not abolish the institution of war?

TUESDAY 10:30: STEV 3046

SKEWES-COX, BENNET President, Academy of World Studies

ROBIN SKEWES-COX Lecturer, Academy of World Studies

How to Think About War and Peace, Part II HON, PEACE, G

Peace: Connection between 1) the goal of abolishing war as a previously acceptable human institution and 2) creation of the new structural machinery required to achieve that goal. Why "war" is an integral part of the United Nations. What other approaches are there than voluntary pacifism or military might? Difference between "truce" and "peace": unenforceability and enforceability. Types of "truce" mistakenly called "peace": tribe, city, city-state, nation state. World? International anarchy. Minimal requirements for enforceable world peace: how to achieve disarmament with safety? International law vs. enforceable world laws, powers of government. The indispensable key: Individual Accountability. Enforcement: police action vs. military action. 180 + nations. What is a nation? What can "it" do? How to "try" or to "punish" a nation? World laws: Separating the guilty from the innocent. Federalism. "Sovereignty". "Subsidiarity". Global institutions for global issues. What next? Practical plans for the short and long term.

SKOOG, KIM

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 2083

Associate Professor of Philosophy, University of Guam

DOMININA K. CALLAGHAN Associate Professor of Nursing, University of Guam

Ways to Encourage Critical Thinking in Medical Ethics Classes HEALTH, ETHICS

This workshop will share experiences and class projects and activities that have proved to be useful in getting students to think critically about health related ethical issues. The emphasis will be placed on sharing experiences (good and bad) between the workshop coordinators and those attending the workshop. Workshop participants will be asked to actually partake in some of these activities and then comment on their experiences regarding the kinds of critical thinking skills they utilized. The projects described in the workshop are designed to make participants discover the root moral factors and corresponding moral intuitions applicable to such issues as euthanasia, suicide, and patient care. When utilized in the classroom, these activities will force students to identify, develop, and support their particular positions and challenge alternative positions generated during class discussions.

SKOOG, KIM Associate Professor of Philosophy, University of Guam TUESDAY 1:30; STEV 3072

A Cross-Cultural Study of the Interplay Between Reason, Revelation, and Realization MUL-CULT

In many minds, the Western tradition is most associated with the faculty of reason and its resultant industrialization and economic wealth. In contrast,

the Eastern traditions are viewed as consumed with meditation and spiritual introspection, and its ensuing third world poverty and underdeveloped economy. Yet even the casual observer of Asia, and in particular the Pacific Rim, should be aware of the inaccuracy of this stereotype given the strong presence of Japan, Korea, Hong Kong, Taiwan, and Singapore in world economics. Furthermore, in spite of the identification of materialism and economic liberalism associated with Western culture, its spiritual, intuitive, and artistic tendencies are central to its identity and strength. In this paper, I will make a departure from the usual East-West comparative approach and propose to analyze jointly the varied modalities of inquiry found in assorted intellectual traditions around the world. It will be the thesis of this study that all great traditions share common epistemic modalities in the quest for truth and understanding.

SLADE, CHRISTINA

MONDAY 10:30; IVES 45 Senior Lecturer, Faculty of Communication, University of Canberra

Critical Thinking in Groups COLL, MEDIA, LANG, TEST

Our society requires not just competent critical and creative thinkers: it requires thinkers capable of team work. However, our paradigmatic images of thinkers are of isolated individuals. This paper both proposes an account of critical thinking as a group activity, and reports on a study of the teaching of critical thinking in group at levels ranging from the elementary classroom to graduate school.

If critical thinking is essentially a group activity, then the teaching of critical thinking is essentially, not incidentally, through discourse. The study examines a range of classroom discussions dealing with a range of topics, including information science, communication and critical thinking skills themselves. The discourse of these activities is analyzed using techniques derived from systematic linguistics. The video presentation gives an example of such an analysis. The workshop session will be a discussion of a brief text, in which the structures of a critical discourse might be manifested.

SMITH, KATHERINE Z.

SUNDAY 3:15: STEV 3046

Instructor of Psychology, Chapman University

HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN Educational Consultant, Thinking Possibilities

Global Peace Games: A Role-Play Using Lawrence Kolberg's Stages of Moral Development PEACE, POL, PSYCH, H CON

This is a participatory workshop to stimulate verbal wrestling about conflict resolution between countries. Players will be heads of state who will practice ethical stages of moral development. They will define world problems, role play solutions and analyze outcomes. Knowledge about the world is useful but not as important as the emotional ability to exercise intellectual virtues. And, players are asked to check their weapons at the door.

SMITH, LISA Public Policy Consultant

TUESDAY 3:15; IVES 35

IERALDINE C. DAY Project Director, Amador County Health Department

U.S. Tobacco in the World Market: A Global Economic and Social Dilemma HEALTH, ECON, BUS, MEDIA, POL

The strength of the tobacco industry in the U.S. and its expansion into the world market poses a serious dilemma between an industry's economic viability and the social consequences to the health and welfare of the society. Are our children and policy makers equipped with the skills necessary for thinking through the social and economic costs to nations as U.S. tobacco companies blanket the globe with cigarettes? Should our government regulate, subsidize, provide tax incentives and enhancements for an industry whose addictive product is both legal and lethal? Are the economic, ethical and human costs of global expansion of the tobacco industry worth the high performance stocks, jobs created by the industry, revenues received from taxes, and the sponsorship that the arts, sports, minority and youth groups receive? This workshop presents an important opportunity to: 1) apply critical thinking skills to this economic and social dilemma; 2) examine what our responsibilities are; and 3) begin deliberative dialogue toward creating a solution.

SMITH, R. SCOTT Assistant Professor of Psychology, Utica College of Syracuse University

WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3072

A Framework for Applying Critical Thinking to Inter-Cultural Encounters MUL-CULT, H CON

A critical thinking perspective will be essential to managing problems of cultural diversity, which is a central challenge to business and education in the 21st Century. This workshop will include the following: 1) Cultural constraints on models of critical thinking and their use; 2) How specific critical thinking strategies can be used to compensate for such constraints; 3) Introduce the concept of behavioral ecology as an analytic model and guide for constructive intercultural communication; and 4) Engaging the participants in an exercise which will require them to analyze scenarios and devise specific strategies and messages based on the preceding discussion. The purpose of this exercise will be to enable participants to enhance their ability to apply critical thinking strategies to solving problems in intercultural communication.

SMOCK. DAVID

TUESDAY 12:15; DAR 139

Chair of History and Politics, Charles Wright Academy Thinking Critically About Nature: Using Critical Theory ENV, SOCIOL, SOC STUD

If one wants to explicate the relationship between human society and nature, one of the most lucrative intellectual traditions is that of Critical Theory (also known as the Frankfurt School). At the core of this philosophical tradition we find that a critical theory of nature is a sine qua non of a critical theory of society. Since the purpose of critical theory is to explore and propose a resolution to the dialectic of domination, a component of that project is to introduce the idea of a reconciliation with nature. This paper will introduce the thought of Theodor Adorno, Max Horkheimer, Herbert Marcuse, and Jurgen Habermas and their critique of modernity. enlightenment, and reason. In doing so, this paper will create a framework for critically analyzing the relationship between nature and society which can be used as a point of departure for educators of environmental and social issues.

SPARAPANI, ERVIN Associate Professor of Teacher Education, Saginaw Valley State University

MONDAY 1:30: STEV 2065

The Thinking/Learning System: A Strategy for Independent Thinking and Learning G

This session will introduce participants to the Thinking/Learning System. Thinking/Learning System is an instructional plan appropriate for all educational levels (elementary through adult and university) that couples braincompatible learning with selected levels of Bloom's taxonomy (knowledge, analysis, evaluation, application) and four reasoning strategies (information gathering, critical thinking, decision-making, creative thinking). Participants will be presented information about the system and its application in an open discussion format. Also, in small groups, participants will have the opportunity to analyze examples of the System as designed and used by teachers. Additionally, participants will have the opportunity to develop a model of the Thinking/Learning System for their own use.

STEEDMAN, CARROL

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3026 Director of Continuing Education, University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Critical Thinking at the Work Site, in Developmental English Classes, and in Continuing Professional Education: Argument and the Case Study COLL, LANG, BUS, H CON

The teaching of critical thinking in work-site "training" classes has long been problematic — as it has been in developmental English classes, or in short Continuing Professional Education classes. The "wisdom" has it (or had it) that "workers" didn't need critical thinking; developmental English students needed literacy skills "first"; and that Continuing Professional Education didn't have "time" to teach it. However, this workshop will illustrate the succinct teaching of inductive argument within an inquiry, decision making framework. A case study also is used. From the case study students invent their inquiry, create lines of argument, and together deliberate choices for action. They also develop contingency plans — in the form of arguments. They can also write their own case studies and from these practice inquiry and dialectical reasoning within the class.

We will see if this "new " wisdom holds.

STONER, MARK R.

WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 2083 Associate Professor of Communication Studies, Cal State University, Sacramento

LINDA MARTIN

Lecturer of Communication Studies, California State University, Sacramento

Teaching as Therapy: Conveying Thinkers to Holonomy ADV, G, PSYCH According to Carl Rogers, "therapy is a learning process." We believe that effective teaching and therapy are different but overlap in that they produce, at least, the following outcomes:

1) Knowledge of the self in context whereby the learner develops internal criteria for judging the learner's own behavior;

2) Increased precision of thinking and reasoning which facilitates the learner's control over the learner's phenomenal experience, and

3) Increased consciousness of paradoxes, anomalies and questions about reality providing natural motivation for learning and change.

This participatory workshop will provide opportunity for participants, via case analysis and case creation, to explore the conditions, outcomes, methods and difficulties of viewing teaching as therapy.

STOUT, CANDACE JESSE Professor of Art Education, Buffalo State University College

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 2083

Writing for Critical Thinking in the Arts GART

This presentation discusses the use of writing as a tool to generate critical thinking in the fine arts content areas. Participants will explore why the arts provide an optimal environment for teaching and nurturing critical thinking and will examine a variety of approaches to developing writing exercises that promote higher order thinking about the fundamental issues in aesthetics, art history, and art criticism.

SWARTZ, ROBERT

Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

SUNDAY 1:30; DAR 112

SANDRA PARKS

Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

Infusing Critical and Creative Thinking into Content Instruction c

This presentation will focus on lesson design and instructional strategies for infusing direct instruction in critical and creative thinking into the content areas. This approach to teaching thinking can yield both improvements in the quality of student thinking and enhanced content learning. Lessons designed for this purpose from K-12 instruction will be demonstrated and analyzed. A framework for constructing such lessons will be provided. Emphasis will be put on how to employ effective questioning techniques, strategies that promote students' reflection on their thinking, and techniques for the transfer and internalization of specific thinking skills. Special strategies that enhance the effectiveness of such lessons, like

the use of graphic organizers and collaborative learning, will be demonstrated. Participants will be provided with samples of the lessons and materials used in the presentation.

SWARTZ, ROBERT MONDAY 8:45; STEV 2049 Co-Director, The National Center for Teaching Thinking

Assessing the Quality of Student Thinking: Techniques for Classroom Teachers TEST, G

The recognition that there are alternatives to multiple choice testing in assessing how well students understand what they are learning as well as the thinking they engage in is a dominant theme in many new national and statewide testing programs. Assessment needs in the thinking classroom to diagnose and monitor the quality of student thinking can likewise be served by utilizing various alternative modes of assessment. This workshop will demonstrate how to construct a variety of such classroom level assessment tasks for students that reveal their thinking as they demonstrate their understanding of the content being taught. Included will be openended assessment items designed for both written and oral responses and performance tasks for students in which they apply and use what they are learning. Strategies for constructing scoring rubrics for such assessment tasks will be presented. Participants will be provided with samples of these two modes of assessment, along with model scoring rubrics.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM Professor of Political Science, Oakton Community College

SUNDAY 1:30: STEV 3049

Helping Students Acquire the Knowledge About Which We Want Them to Think Critically COLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD

It's not uncommon for students to be able to learn quite well in one discipline but not in another. Often, such students have a limited set of learning strategies, strategies that happen to work in some disciplines but not in others. In this interactive workshop, participants will learn how to talk with students about learning strategies, and how to respond when students complain about their grades and say, "But I studied so hard, and I knew the material."

TAYLOR, WILLIAM Professor of Political Science, Oakton Community College

MONDAY 8:45; STEV 3049

Leading Classroom Discussions to Promote Critical Thinking cou, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD

In order to develop critical thinking skills, students need to be able to practice those skills in the supportive environment of the classroom. Class discussion is one way to provide students with that opportunity. This workshop will begin with the participants engaging in a "class discussion." This will be followed by a consideration of strategies for leading successful discussions.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM Professor of Political Science, Oakton Community College

MONDAY 3:15; DAR 137

Strategies for Teaching Critical Reading COLL, MID/HIGH, SOC STUD

There are two primary ways in which students encounter the materials about which we wish them to think critically: reading assigned materials and listening to lectures and class discussions. This workshop will describe some very practical strategies teachers can use to increase the ability of their students to comprehend the reading materials we assign, all with an eye toward helping them become critical instead of passive and uncritical readers. A hands-on, interactive workshop.

TOMINAGA, THOMAS

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3026 Associate Professor of Philosophy, University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Agenda of the "Middle-Way" Logic of Buddhist Economics for Economic Realities and their Implications ECON, CONF THEME, MUL-CULT

If there is a conceivable alternative to capitalist and materialist economics. concerned strong-sense critical thinkers should make explicit and evaluate some significant implications of realities related to our economic system such as rising unemployment, job-related violence and crime, lack of job satisfaction, and preoccupation with educating our students only for jobs at any cost. Given the apparent inability of capitalist and materialist economics to deal effectively with such realities, we may have to envision and consider an option suggested by the "Middle-Way" logic of Buddhist economics. Buddhist economics presents the following agenda: refine human character through disciplined work; eliminate egocenteredness, attachment to accumulation of wealth, and craving for endless wants; work together with other people in a common task so that everyone can have full employment with dignity and responsibility; and minimize the production and consumption of goods made from non-renewable resources.

TOMLINSON, LARRY

TUESDAY 1:30; IVES 45 Professor of Government, Philosophical and Regional Studies, Community College of Southern Nevada

Critical Thinking and Cultural Bashing POL, SOC STUD, MEDIA

In her book, The March of Folly (1984), historian Barbara W. Tuchman called the Japanese decision to attack Pearl Harbor December 7, 1941 a "strange miscalculation." The sneak attack, which Tuchman blames on cultural arrogance, provoked Hollywood to launch a vicious propaganda war against Japan. This propaganda war ended efforts in the U.S. to require propaganda analysis as a part of the high school curriculum. It also left a legacy of hate. More than fifty years after Pearl Harbor, political leaders on both sides were still using stereotypes to describe their economic rivals. In this session, we'll examine the logical fallacies, manipulation techniques, and mass psychology that prevent the world's two great capitalistic superpowers from achieving a truly rational global economy.

TOOMEY, FRAN

SUNDAY 3:15; STEV 3036

Associate Professor of Education, St. Michaels College

Community Centered Learning: A Model for Creating a Thinking Community COLL, PSYCH, SOCIOL, HIGH

This participatory workshop session will be conducted in three roughly equivalent thirty minute parts. Part one will introduce participants to a model for creating a thinking community at the college level, focusing on teacher preparation students but applicable to other disciplines. The model is built on a three dimensional concept of community: roles, rules, and rewards. In part two, participants will work in "thinking" teams, each assuming a critical, complementary role in the process of problem solving. Team members will experience several techniques that have been developed to help college students learn to think in the context of working as a team: "rainbow thinking," "balancing dialogue and discussion," "progressive problem solving," and reflection. In part three, I will report on the utilization of the model in three courses: one sophomore level class, one junior level class, and one graduate class.

TROW. RUBY

TUESDAY 10:30: DAR 137

Professor of Food and Nutrition/Home Economics, California State Polytechnic University

MARILYNN FILBECK

Associate Professor, Family Environmental Sciences, California State University, Northridge

Involving Students in Assessing Academic Performance TEST, G

This workshop focuses on student assessment and how to involve students in the evaluative process. Assessment targets and its purposes and benefits will be discussed. How to involve students in identifying criteria for various assignments, in the form of grading rubrics, and how to use the established criteria for student self-assessment, as well as teacher assessment, will be demonstrated in small groups. An analysis of the thinking skills used by students in this evaluative process will be analyzed.

TRUJILLO, JR, RENÉ Assistant Professor of Philosophy, San Jose State University

WEDNESDAY 8:45; STEV 3046

The Debate Over Human Rights and Social Justice After the Spanish Discovery of the "New" World MUL-CULT, POL, H RIGHTS, LANG

This highly interactive workshop will critically assess the university curriculum on issues of human rights and social justice. We will concentrate on the central role which Spanish and Latin American materials can play in opening up the discourse in a manner which is attentive to the increasing diversity in student populations. Some suggestions will be explored in the area of African American sources and the literature of South Africa. Our goal will be to work on ways to utilize the range and richness of pluralistic sources that are relevant to our students. We will make sample references to how the economic realities of the XVI century "drove" the Spanish to their policies in

the Americas. We will also relate this experience to the current economic forces shaping our educational environment. The XXI century is at our doorstep and to meet it successfully we must address our basic understanding of "humanity" and "justice" and how our commitments in these areas are intertwined with the social, political, and economic realities of our times.

TURNER, MARGARET N.

Interim Chair of Education, Davis & Elkins College

WEDNESDAY 8:45; DAR 137

CLAUDETTE FRANKLIN Assistant Professor of Education , Davis & Elkins College

IUDITH B. SMITH

Assistant Professor of Education and Psychology, Davis & Elkins College

Restructuring and Reform of Teacher Education: A Liberal Arts College Perspective COLL, EDUC

With the increased awareness of the interdependent problems of today's society, it has become apparent that the typical Teacher Education Model is no longer appropriate. As a result, Davis & Elkins College has developed a new Teacher Education Model of universal application using critical thinking as the underpinning. This model takes advantage of the liberal arts education already required at Davis & Elkins College. By using critical thinking techniques to teach teachers they will become well prepared themselves to think critically and to teach their students to do so.

This workshop/demonstration will show the process of the model and how course syllabi can be developed across disciplines and domains using critical thinking methods. The participants will actively work through this process.

UNRAU, NORMAN I.

TUESDAY 12:15: IVES 78 Associate Professor, Division of Curriculum & Instruction, California State University, Los Angeles

Critical Thinking in the Narrative Mode: The Force of Stories LANG, SOC STUD, G

A vivid story can have far more persuasive power than the tightest of rational arguments. What is the essence of a narrative's appeal? This presentation and workshop will focus on thinking in what Jerome Bruner calls the "narrative mode", in contrast to the "paradigmatic mode", which is the discourse of science and formal logic. We will first define and illustrate the two modes of thought and then explore through examples the power of stories to persuade and to provide their own form of truth and "proof". Participants in the workshop will be asked to collaborate in teams and to contribute examples of stories that might influence what people will believe or do. We will then focus our inquiry on criteria that might be used to evaluate the persuasive appeal of stories and on considering whether and how we should attempt to inoculate ourselves against that appeal. What do or should we ask of stories before we generalize from them? This workshop has implications for understanding a range of transactions from everyday reasoning to qualitative or ethnographic research.

VALIGA. TERRY

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 2049

Director of Graduate Nursing Program, Villanova University The Effect of Planned Teaching and Evaluation Strategies on Nursing Students' Cognitive Growth and Critical Thinking: Pursuing Reform

Within Nursing Education HEALTH, NURSING This session is designed for nurse educators teaching at the college or university level. The results of an on-going study of the effect of planned teaching and evaluation strategies on the cognitive/intellectual growth and critical thinking of one university's baccalaureate nursing students will be reported. In particular, the relationship between cognitive/intellectual development and critical thinking will be explored. After an opportunity to discuss the study reported, participants will work in small groups to design teaching and evaluation strategies relevant to their areas of teaching responsibility, discuss ways to implement such strategies in team-taught courses, and discuss ways to address the content or process dilemma that they experience. It is hoped that at the end of this session, participants will have reflected on the effects of traditional approaches to teaching nursing, considered the educational reforms needed in nursing, and created specific teaching and evaluation strategies they can use.

VASTA, SEBASTIAN J.

TUESDAY 10:30; NICH 204 Professor of English, Camden County Community College

MIRIAM K. MLYNARSKI

Coordinator of Reference Services and Bibliographic Instruction, Camden County Community College

Information Access and Critical Thinking: Managing the Information Explosion G, LIBRARY SCIENCE

The ongoing explosion of knowledge and the "need to know" pressure felt by citizens throughout the world have combined to propel information literacy and information access to the top of most educational agendas. Yet, due to the global dimensions of a variety of issues and problems (e.g., economic, political, environmental, and educational), there is a need not only to know how to access information, but also how to critically filter accurate meanings from the mass of available information. This participant-centered workshop will present the program of Bibliographic Instruction utilized at Camden County Community College which includes the systematic incorporation of critical thinking strategies.

By the end of the session participants will have used elements and abilities associated with critical thinking to create a personal information access strategy. Subsequently, session participants will be shown how to assess the effectiveness of their strategy.

VOORHEES, BURTON

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3040

Professor of Mathematics, Athabasca University

Moral Orientation and Critical Thinking ADV, COLL, MATH/SCI

Following a 30-40 minute paper the remainder of this session will be given over to discussion of issues raised in the paper. The thesis to be presented is that training in critical thinking must be complimented by training in aesthetic sensitivity, and that both of these are guided by a person's moral orientation. It is suggested that the dilemma of dogmatism vs. relativism can be overcome by recognizing that there is such a thing as objective morality, but that this cannot be formalized in any set code of behavior and conduct. The Socratic dialogue is put forward as an example of a technique which can lead to the possible recognition of objective morality.

WAXMAN, DON

TUESDAY 10:30: DAR 139 Principal Restoration Consultant, Waxman Landscaping Environmental Consulting & Service

J. THEODORE STANLEY

Executive Vice President and C.E.O, The Habitat Restoration Group

IOHN ZENTNER

President, Zentner and Zentner, Land Planning and Restoration

Restoration of the Natural Landscape: Issues and Examples ENV

Western culture has been concerned with the apparent separateness of humanity from nature. Many authors have used this sense of separation to justify or explain the degradation of the natural environment. However, if humanity's actions have resulted in environmental degradation, then humanity should be able to undo these actions and replicate the pre-disturbance environment. Not so, state both environmentalists and scientists; nature's methods and mechanisms are far beyond our limited understanding or instrumentation. The rapidly growing field of ecological restoration, as an attempt to replicate natural landscapes or ecosystems, challenges this conclusion. We will continue to question the restorationist's ability to replicate natural landscapes until an ethical framework is developed to resolve this challenge. This panel will focus on a group discussion of the issues surrounding restoration. Individual presenters will provide introductory statements, drawing on their experience to review specific restoration projects.

WEBSTER, YEHUDI O. SUNDAY 3:15; IVES (WARREN) Professor of Sociology, California State University, Los Angeles

DAN WEIL Director of Multi-Cultural Education, Center for Critical Thinking

WILLIAM ZEIGER Assistant Professor of English, Slippery Rock University

HILDA CABANEL-EVANS Professor of Philosophy, Humanities, and Foreign Languages, Rio Hondo College

SUSAN M. AWBREY Associate Professor of Education, Oakland University

Panel Discussion on Multi-Culturalism MUL-CULT

Why has multi-culturalism aroused considerable support and resistance from educators, politicians, and administrators? Why does it comprise divergent and even antagonistic schools of thought? This panel will argue

over various viewpoints concerning multi-culturalism and critical thinking. and how we can construct a more inclusive educational agenda. Audience participation will be strongly encouraged.

WEBSTER, YEHUDI O. MONDAY 8:45; IVES (WARREN) Professor of Sociology, California State University, Los Angeles

Multi-Culturalism and Critical Thinking: Compatibility or Competition? G, MUL-CULT

Multi-culturalism has been proposed as a solution to some educational and social problems. It promises to reduce stereotyping and prejudice, increase sensitivity to America's cultural diversity, and combat the legacies of racism and ethnocentrism which permeate education and society. Advocates of critical thinking make similar promises. I argue that a critical examination of the dominant conception of multi-culturalism would discover that it is incompatible with critical thinking and cannot deliver on its promises. To mention three incompatibilities: 1) Multi-culturalism downplays the role of reasoning in human behavior. 2) Cultures cannot be taught or cultivated in schools, but conceptions of culture used in anthropology can be analyzed. (this would not be called Multi-culturalism). 3) Multi-culturalism affirms relativism: each individual or group has its own "perspective"; all perspectives are relatively right. The alternative to multi-culturalism is to foster critical thinking about racial and cultural theories of society.

WEBSTER, YEHUDI O. Professor of Sociology, California State University, Los Angeles

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 1002

Are There White and Black People? Reasoning About Racial Classification G, SOC STUD, MUL-CULT

Description: Criticisms of racial classification have come from every discipline except philosophy. Yet racial classifications exhibit a multitude of logical flaws, as in the syllogism: "I have white skin. Therefore, I am a white." "People regard themselves as black. Therefore, race is a reality." "Only black people have been enslaved. Therefore, white people cannot appreciate the black experience." This presentation will outline the theoretical-educational source of these and other fallacies, and indicate how critical thinking skills must be integrated with courses on racial and ethnic relations. It will therefore also address hidden (realist and relativist) philosophical inputs in the training of teachers and social scientists.

WEBSTER, YEHUDI O. Professor of Sociology, California State University, Los Angeles

TUESDAY 10:30; IVES 76

On Becoming a (Better?) Critical Thinking Instructor: The Elements of Thought G. VIDEO

This presentation will address some processes of infusing critical thinking in the classroom setting, specifically, conveying the ramifications of the elements of thought --- the foundation of critical thinking instruction and critical thinking as a competency. Beliefs and propositions are the end-product of an infinite series of related assumptions, points of view (theory, paradigm, world view), premises, and inferences; they have implications, policy and behavioral consequences. All these elements are integrated by reasoning, and critical thinking is the conscious grasping of these elements and subjecting them to intellectual standards. Thinking about the elements of thought requires a commitment to learning, to educability, and this commitment should be infused in every student, whether in the natural sciences, social sciences, or humanities. Grasping the elements of thought is a first step in intellectual adventures, in the construction of a critical thinking classroom, and in becoming a teacher in the Socratic sense.

WEIL, DAN

MONDAY 10:30: SUMPR

Inservice Specialist, Multi-Cultural Education, Research Assistant, Center for Critical Thinking

Critical Thinking, Critical Writing, and Literature-Based Whole Language Instruction ELEM

In early primary grades, too much stress is placed on developing skills outside the realm of thinking. Helping a young child learn the skills of sequencing, identifying the title of a book, recognizing how a book proceeds, and identifying characters and plot, should take place within the realm of thinking - not divorced from it. This session will focus on how we can use literature and language experience to develop a critical thinking language arts curriculum for early primary children.

WEIL. DAN

MONDAY 3:15; SUMPR Inservice Specialist, Multi-Cultural Education, Research Assistant, Center for Critical Thinking

Reasoning Within Different Cultural Points of View: Using Language Instruction for Early Childhood Social Studies ELEM

Learning to see the commonalities in the struggle for human dignity between cultures and the logic of oppression that threatens that struggle, is essential for a true appreciation of diversity. This session will address how we can use literature-based whole language instruction with young children to stimulate thinking about diversity. The session will include a discussion of underlying principles and present a demonstration using children's literature.

WEIL, DAN

TUESDAY 10:30; SUMPR

Inservice Specialist, Multi-Cultural Education, Research Assistant, Center for Critical Thinking

Critical Thinking and Elementary School Mathematics ELEM

Early primary school students' comments, such as, "I hate math!", or "Math is too hard!", derive their origins from inadequate mathematical instruction. Rather than focusing on thinking critically about mathematics, students

learn that mathematics is little more than rote memorization. This session will share critical thinking approaches to mathematics instruction for children in kindergarten, first, and second grades.

WEIL. DAN TUESDAY 1:30; IVES 76 Inservice Specialist, Multi-Cultural Education, Research Assistant, Center for Critical Thinking

Constructing a Critical Multi-Cultural Curriculum ELEM, VIDEO

The premise of this workshop is that education should be linked and interpreted not relative to the needs of the so-called Free-Market, but relative to the needs of the social democracy, personal freedom, equality, and human dignity. In the words of W.E.B. DuBois, "The object of education was not to make men (sic) carpenters, but to make carpenters men (sic)." Developing a multi-cultural curriculum based on *reasoning* rather than simply *exposure*, will be the focus of this workshop. A defensible approach to multi-cultural education that seeks to build personal and social character should address 1) educational equity, 2) the necessity of providing critical reasoning opportunities within multiple perspectives and points of view informed by social class, gender, culture, and race, and 3) historical and contemporary reality in an attempt to understand the common struggle for human dignity and the logic of oppression.

WEINSTEIN, LAWRENCE Director, Writing Center, Bentley College

MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3036

Papers Can Wait: A Freshman Composition Course in Which Practice in Inquiry Comes First COLL, LANG

An experimental version of the freshman composition course at Bentley College is based on the premise that students' intelligence far exceeds the level of thought which their course papers normally reflect, and that significant improvement in the work of students would occur if a "moratorium on paper-writing" were imposed, during which students were to practice only pure (messy) inquiry, excluding all consideration of the needs and demands of the readers. To date, the results of the course — in which most of the traditional concerns of freshman composition (such as organization, transition, diction, grammar, and punctuation) are deferred to the second half --have been quite promising. This session will include a description of the course and a report of results to date, as well as one or two hands-on exercises drawn from the course.

WEINSTEIN, MARK Associate Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

MONDAY 8:45; CAR 68

Critical Thinking and the Goals of Science Education sci, coll, High

The traditional purpose of science education, especially at the post-secondary level, is to identify and train those few students with the natural ability and motivation to become science professionals. More recently critical thinking, construed as the method to help students to "think as scientists do" has been included as a progressive agenda. We will argue that this is only progressive if the way scientists think is appropriate to the goals for which science should be taught. In this presentation, we will offer an expanded model for general science literacy that goes beyond both traditional and recent practices, and a model of critical thinking that supports it.

WEINSTEIN, MARK'

MONDAY 12:15; STEV 1002 Associate Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

Educating for Development: Critical Thinking Across the Disciplines ENV, ECON, H RIGHTS, STAFF DEV

If people of all classes are to play a central role in determining the future of the planet and its various sub-systems, an intelligent appreciation of the problems facing humankind and possible solution strategies must be increasingly available to all those whose knowledge of the world results from their participation in mass education. This requires a reconceptualization of the social role of education and a reconsideration of practices appropriate to mass education. We will examine the social and political basis for critical thinking and explore its component parts. A program of educational reform which includes the renewal of teacher education and an ongoing collaboration between schools and universities will be described.

/ TUESDAY 10:30; CAR 68 WEINSTEIN, MARK Associate Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

How to Get from Ought to Is: Post-Modern Epistemology and Social **lustice** H RIGHTS, THEORY

The recent critique of enlightenment rationalism evident in post-modernism has brought into question standard notions of objective and value free epistemology. In this paper, an attempt will be made to integrate perspectives of social justice into the standard account of epistemologically governed practices. This integration will have significant consequences for education and particularly for recent models of critical thinking. We will argue that such an integration is both justifiable and needed if educational reform, in the interest of increasing access to political, social, and economic power, is to be possible.

WEINSTEIN, MARK

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 1002 Associate Director, Institute for Critical Thinking, Montclair State College

Critical Thinking Across the College Curriculum: What Faculty Wants and Needs STAFF DEV. COLL

The disciplinary commitments of college faculty do not have a clear and compelling relation to typical arrays of general thinking skills or informal logic concepts. Thus, much of the available literature in critical thinking is not helpful to faculty who, nevertheless, accept the critical thinking ideal of autonomous, thoughtful, and reflective students. Faculty development at

Montclair State College has, however, pointed to a number of general issues that seem relevant to critical thinking across the disciplines. These include concern with the epistemological assumptions of the various fields, argumentation within the discipline, the construction of appropriate academic tasks, educational objectives within particular fields, issues of the canon, and the motivational aspects of learning that inhibit students' accepting critical thinking as an appropriate educational objective. We hope to suggest by this presentation, that critical thinking advocates should focus more on these sorts of concerns and less on the standard fare extrapolated from introductory logic courses.

WILCOX, MARK A. TUESI Co-Founder of the Center for Whole Brain Thinking, BrainWorks

TUESDAY 3:15; ART 108

The Brain: A Model for the Effective Formation and Utilization of Teams PSYCH, HIGH, BUS

The vast majority of teaming being practiced in both schools and industry is artificial and ineffective; and that's the good news. In a recent survey ("Traits of a World-Class Work Force") of 250 major companies in the U.S., 75% of the respondents said that "Teaming" was a key to being world-class. This session will identify the keys for forming effective learning teams. Participants will understand the importance of thinking preferences and experience several "team" activities to demonstrate the points of the program.

WILCOX, MARK A. WEDNESDAY 10:30; ART 108 Co-Founder of the Center for Whole Brain Thinking, BrainWorks

Did You Ever Have to Make Up Your Mind? Using Whole-Brain Thinking to Make Good Decisions BUS, HIGH, PSYCH

What are the three keys to making good decisions? Does your thinking get in the way of your creating or identifying great alternative choices? In this program, Mark will present answers to these questions, review the Six Steps to Decision Making, and then focus on developing skills for identifying great alternative solutions. He will discuss TLC, forced association, whole-brain storming, inverse thinking, and other techniques for ideating. Participants will be introduced to a technique for selecting the very best alternative.

WILD, JENNIFER Director of Development, NOVA Research Company

TUESDAY 8:45; STEV 3026

Action Science: The Skills Needed to Critically Reflect on Practice BUS, H CON, PSYCH, ADV

Action Science is a theory of Interpersonal and Organizational Intervention, and a methodology for data gathering and analysis. Developed by Chris Argyris and others over the past two decades, it is most useful as a technique for examination and reflection of incongruity between the values and beliefs that are espoused by an individual or organization and those actions/behaviors that actually occur. It is particularly effective when used as a skill for helping in the discovery of errors in reasoning by ourselves and others. This session will introduce the theory of Action Science, will provide a briefing and demonstration on the skill set that can be developed, and will address some potential individual or organizational applications of the theory in practice.

WILLIAMS, GRADY E., III SUNDAY 3:15; DAR 139 Professor of Biology and Environmental Science, Delta State University

A Role-Playing Model for Introducing Critical Thinking and Creative Concept Structuring in Environmental Science ENV, SCI, G

This participatory workshop is for high school and college teachers who address environmental issues in their classes. The model is directly relevant to introductory environmental science courses and adaptable to any discipline which explores environmental and economic connections to public and social issues. My goal is to demonstrate how role-playing facilitates critical thinking in: 1) environmental concept structuring and 2) development of creative approaches to resolution of complex environmental problems. Participants will adopt roles of diverse interest groups in example issues. They will first identify major concerns and develop solutions relevant to assigned roles. After presentation of interest group results, participants will regroup to develop and present integrated, balanced solutions to the issues. The model forces students to develop a more informed, balanced, appropriate concept, which can be desirable in negotiating solutions to complex, multi-polar problems. Materials will be distributed to participants and observers.

WILLIAMSON, JANET L. Program Specialist, Greensboro Public Schools MONDAY 10:30; STEV 3008

Portfolios: Monitoring Student Thinking K-12

This participatory workshop provides guidance in developing portfolios in classrooms in all disciplines and grade levels. Specific examples from Greensboro teachers and students demonstrate how portfolios have helped students to increase their responsibility, reflect upon and assess their own work, define and internalize specified criteria for evaluation, and demonstrate to themselves and others their growth over time. A series of activities and questions lead participants to make decisions about why and how to use portfolios in their classroom instruction.

WILLSEN, JANE

SUNDAY 1:30; SUMPR

Director of Research and Publications, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Critical Thinking and Parenting: Expanding Your Critical Thinking Community to Include Parents K-12, STAFF DEV

We have all heard that the parent is the child's first teacher, and yet we have made few strides toward building parenting skills that support the child's critical thinking. Most parents have not heard of critical thinking, though some intuitively support it, but few appreciate its significance for

their child's future. With parent support and education also comes the opportunity to bring parent pressure for more critical thinking curriculum and staff development in schools. How can we improve our parenting techniques and parent involvement at school and home so as to support the critical thinking of our children?

This session addresses this issue and focuses on four areas: 1) "How to do it," 2) "Practical Suggestions,"3) "Sample Materials for Parents Explaining Critical Thinking and its Role in Their Child's Future," and 4) "Parent Evenings" that enables parents to be a resource in their school community or business.

WILLSEN, JANE

MONDAY 8:45: SUMPR Director of Research and Publications, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Critical Thinking: The Magic Wand That Integrates Curriculum ELEM, MID, STAFF DEV

It is difficult to reach an integrated curriculum when texts are not thematically related, or when fourteen subjects are required to be taught in the elementary classroom. Advisory documents like the California State Frameworks are not much help in bridging from past practices and current materials to accomplishing an integrated curriculum.

Critical Thinking is a magic wand when it is conceived of in its comprehensive and substantial sense: we can identify intellectual standards for all assignments and learning; we can identify elements of thought and the abilities that derive from them, to be taught in every subject area; we can organize our curriculum and shop textbooks and materials for examples to teach these abilities in exciting and interesting ways. The curriculum then spins around a core of critical thinking standards, elements, and abilities. An overriding goal of developing students' intellectual traits of fairmindedness, perseverance, empathy and integrity are natural binding agents, as well. Strategies and materials will be provided in this interactive session.

WILLSEN, JANE

MONDAY 1:30: CAR 68 Director of Research and Publications, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique Teaching High School Students How to Assess Their Own Thinking HIGH, TEST, BEG

High School students are keen to assess and judge what they see and hear, what they recognize as inconsistencies in their world. They have some ideas about how to assess in some areas, such as whether their clothes are appropriate or whether their parents are acting fairly.

Yet, they have little if any conception of how to assess and judge their own thinking processes. They want to be taken seriously by adults, but they do not understand the importance of "reasoned judgment" nor how to acquire it. Without a grasp of the tools of intellectual standards and elements of thought, they have no criteria, no inner structure to use as they move

toward a well-reasoned judgment, and they are not able to know when they are "hot" or "cold." They want to be empowered vis-a-vis adults, and this is a key step on the way.

This practical session provides a structure and materials for you to assist your high school students in understanding the characteristics of a well-reasoned belief or position and what it asks of us, as well as how to use intellectual standards to come to such a position.

WILLSEN, JANE TUESDAY 8:45: IVES 76 Director of Research and Publications, Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique

Critical Thinking: The Magic Wand That Integrates Curriculum ELEM, MID, STAFF DEV. VIDEO

It is difficult to reach an integrated curriculum when texts are not thematically related, or when fourteen subjects are required to be taught in the elementary classroom. Advisory documents like the California State Frameworks are not much help in bridging from past practices and current materials to accomplishing an integrated curriculum.

Critical Thinking is a magic wand when it is conceived of in its comprehensive and substantial sense: we can identify intellectual standards for all assignments and learning; we can identify elements of thought and the abilities that derive from them, to be taught in every subject area; we can organize our curriculum and shop textbooks and materials for examples to teach these abilities in exciting and interesting ways. The curriculum then spins around a core of critical thinking standards, elements, and abilities. An overriding goal of developing students' intellectual traits of fairmindedness, perseverance, empathy and integrity are natural binding agents, as well. Strategies and materials will be provided in this interactive session.

WILSON, SALLIE L. WEDNESDAY 10:30; STEV 3008

Education Consultant, California Department of Education

Year 2000: Creating a Culture of Thinkers G, ELEM, MATH

In year 2000 classroom a "culture of thinkers" are teachers that take serious the knowledge that children have when they enter school. In this approach, the teacher uses the knowledge of each child to make instructional decisions so that the child learns with understanding, learns how to solve problems, and make connections with out-of-school experiences and culture. In addition, the curriculum is reshaped to focus on complex meaningful problems, and the staff develops a new attitude toward the disadvantaged learner. This presentation examines the principles of cognitive approaches to creating a "culture of thinkers" by discussing intervention strategies that start with "what" all children know and provides explicit models of proficient thinking in areas that traditionally have been termed Critical Thinking or advanced skills. The presenter will distinguish the disadvantaged

182

learner in the context of conditions that contribute to under achievements, in math and other global tasks.

WITTE, MARLYS H. MONDAY 10:30; IVES 35 Professor of Surgery, University of Arizona, College of Medicine

ANN KERWIN Philosopher-in-Residence, Department of Surgery, University of Arizona

CHARLES L.WITTE Professor of Surgery, University of Arizona

It Pays to Be Ignorant: The Costs and Value of Not-Knowing K-12, COLL, HEALTH

In this participatory workshop, Marlys and Charles Witte M.D. and Ann Kerwin Ph.D., of the innovative Curriculum on Medical Ignorance at the University of Arizona College of Medicine, explore a rich, renewable, and under-exploited resource: our ignorance. Ignorance encompasses all the things we know we don't know (known unknowns); all the things we don't know we don't know (unknown unknowns); all the things we think we know but don't (dogma, error, misconception); all the things we don't know we know (tacit knowing); and all the things we will not to know (denial, taboo, heresy). While our ignorance can and does harm us, it is also the source of all learning, discovery, and creativity. We enrich ourselves as teachers, students, and discoverers when we learn to use our ignorance wisely (ignorance-based management). Those concerned to tap this vital resource will profit from this practical, stimulating venture through terra incognita to dividends unknown.

WRAGG, DIXON TUE Community Liaison Director, North Coast Treatment Center

TUESDAY 3:15; STEV 3077

Critical Thinking and Social Responsibility: From the Classroom to the World HRIGHTS, SOCIOL, POL, H CON

The primary theses of this workshop are: 1) The main explicit function of an educational system (educating) and its main tacit function (indoctrinating students with prevailing societal mores) are fundamentally in conflict. 2) Most educators are in denial of this, and are content to pass off indoctrination as education. 3) Strong sense critical thinking is therefore rare. 4) Strong sense critical thinking is essential for grappling with social problems and alleviating human suffering. 5) Therefore, educators have an urgent social responsibility to eschew indoctrination in favor of true education (with critical thinking), even when that's heretical and risky. Format: approximately 1/2 hour of explicating the basic concepts (with examples), then about 1 hour of spirited discussion. Join the fun! YAMEEN, DEANNA L.

MONDAY 1:30; STEV 3049

Assistant Dean, Alternative Instruction, Massachusetts Bay Community College

Learning Specialist, Massachusetts Bay Community College

FREDERIC M. TORZS Learning Specialist, Massachusetts Bay Community College

PATRICIA ALLEN Facilitator, Massachusetts Bay Community College

Thinking About Thinking: Uncovering Ideologies in Thought COLL, MUL-CULT

This is a hands-on workshop that explore the manner in which our tacit theoretical assumptions determine our thinking process. Teaching students to think critically, in this view, means teaching students to theorize about ways in which language and knowledge are situated in the world. This includes empowering students to make sense of their position in the world by recognizing dominant interests and socializing ideologies, and helping students to uncover the theoretical frameworks that form, in Richard Paul's words, the "background logic" of their own thinking processes. This workshop, presented by four practitioners, is an abbreviated overview of a critical thinking course which is in the process of development at Massachusetts Bay Community College.

YOUNG, MARYBETH TUESD. Associate Professor Maternal Child Nursing, Loyola University

TUESDAY 10:30; STEV 2049 Iniversity

Developing Critical Thinking Abilities as a Basis for Nursing Practice HEALTH, COLL

As the health care delivery environment continues to change, new technologies demand a wide range of skills. Nurses and those to whom they provide care represent increasingly varied cultural groups. Social issues affect the health of populations in rural and urban United States. Facing these complex challenges, nurse educators prepare novices for entry into twenty-first century professional practice. This presentation, which includes reflective exercises and dialogue, will focus on some ways educators restructure learning experiences to enhance critical thinking and problem solving skill development in undergraduate nursing students.

ZEIGER, WILLIAM

MONDAY 3:15; STEV 3072

Assistant Professor of English, Slippery Rock University

Freedom of Imagination: Stories and Gritical Thinking MUL-CULT, LANG, COLL, MID/HIGH

Storytelling is used as a means of stimulating critical thinking. Participants hear stories representing the wisdom of several cultures, told by an accomplished storyteller. Participants next review a serious contemporary eco-

nomic problem. Then a special story is told, a story of African origin, designed to both liberate and guide innovative thinking. Using clues derived from this story, each participant individually addresses the economic issue already discussed. Then they share their work on this problem in small groups; and finally each group reports its findings to the group as a whole. Because of the clues the story provides, several different approaches to the problem are likely to surface. Because the storytelling atmosphere helps to free the imagination, these approaches may be surprisingly innovative.

> DANIEL C. ABEL Biological Sciences Mary Washington College 1301 College Ave. Fredericksburg, VA 22401

PETER DOW ADAMS . English Department Essex Community College Rossville Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21237

PAUL ADY Department of English Assumption College 500 Salisbury Street Worcester, MA 01615

PRISCILLA AGNEW Philosophy Department Saddleback College 28000 Marguerite Parkway Mission Vieio, CA 92692

PATRICIA ALLEN Massachusetts Bay Community College 50 Oakland Street Wellesley Hills, MA 02181

CHARLES ANGELETTI History Department Metropolitan State College of Denver Box 27, P.O. Box 173362 Denver, CO 80217-3362 **DOUGLAS B. ARETZ** Tech. Prep. Department Milwaukee Area Technical College 700 West State Street

Milwaukee, WI 53233

PRESENTERS' ADDRESSES

MARY ASPNES Developmental Education Department Lakewood Community College 1909 Irvjng Ave. South Minneapolis, MN 55403

ROSE AUSTIN Education Department North Harris Montgomery Community College District 250 N. Sam Houston Parkway East Houston, TX 77060-2004

SUSAN M. AWBREY School of Education Oakland University 129 O'Dowd Hall (SEHS) Rochester, MI 48309

SHARON BAILIN Faculty of Education Simon Fraser University Burnaby, BC VSA 1S6 CANADA

PAUL J. BAKER Department of Educational Administration Illinois State University 331 DeGarmo Hall Normal, IL 61761-6901 BONNIE BAKER THORNE Department of Library Science Sam Houston State University 1700 Sam Houston Avenue Huntsville, TX 77341

JOHN BARELL Department of Curriculum Montclair State College 214 Chapin Hall Upper Montclair, NJ 07043

CYNTHIA A. BARNES Faculty Services Community College of Aurora 16000 E. Centre Tech Pkwy Aurora, CO 80011-9036

GLENDA W. BEAMON College of Education Elon College 2226 Campus Box Elon College, NC 27244-2020

JEANNE BECIJOS Language Arts Department Castle Park High School 1395 Hilltop Drive Chula Vista, CA 91911

PETER F. BELL New York State Council on Economic Education S.U.N.Y., Purchase 735 Anderson Hill Road Purchase, NY 10577

NORMAN J. BETZ Department of English and Philosophy Central Missouri State University Warrensburg, MO 64093

KAY BLAIR Supplemental Instruction University of Missouri SASS Bldg., 5100 Rockhill Road Kansas City, MO 64110-2499

CHARLES V. BLATZ Department of Philosophy University of Toledo 2801 W. Bancroft St. Toledo, OH 43606 LORENZ BOEHM English Department Oakton Community College 1600 East Golf Road Des Plaines, IL 60016

BRUCE BORAAS Minnesota High Tech Council Box 8, Rt. 1 Sedan, MN 56380

BRADLEY BOWEN Philosophy Department University of California at Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA 93106

DARLENE BOYD Pre-College, Education and Community Program University of California, Irvine P.O. Box 6050 Irvine, CA 92715

LYNDA N. BROWN Department of Nursing University of Kentucky 100 Airport Gardens Road Suite #10 Hazard, KY 41701

M. NEIL BROWNE Economics Department Bowling Green State University Bowling Green, OH 43403

DAN BURRITT C.A.R.E., Children at Risk in Education 510 3rd St. #7 Eureka, CA 95501

HENRY N. BUSCHER Science Department Monsignor Kelly High School 5950 Kelly Drive Beaumont, TX 77707

JOHN BYRD English Department Seoul Foreign High School 55 Yonhi-Dong Seoul, 120-113 KOREA HILDA CABANEL-EVANS Rio Hondo College 3600 Workman Mill Rd. Whittier, CA 90601-1699

DOMININA K. CALLAGHAN School of Nursing and Allied Health University of Guam Health Science Bldg, UOG Station Mangilao, Guam 96923

CONNIE CANTRELL Humanities Division Rose State College 6420 S.E. 15th Street Midwest City, OK 73110

JOANN CARTER-WELLS Reading Program Cal State University, Fullerton 800 North State College Fullerton, CA 92634

ROLAND CASE Department of Social and Educational Studies University of British Columbia Vancouver, BC V6T 125

JEANNETTE M. CATSOULIS Philosophy Department University of Nevada, Las Vegas 4505 S. Maryland Parkway Las Vegas, NV 89154

CANADA

KRISTAN CAVINA English and ESL Department Fullerton College 321 E. Chapman Avenue Fullerton, CA 92634

JOHN CHAFFEE Creative & Critical Thinking Studies LaGuardia College 31-10 Thomson Avenue Long Island City, NY 11101

HARRIET CHAMBERLAIN Thinking Possibilities 1584 Scenic Ave. Berkeley, CA 94708 DIANE D. CHEATWOOD Faculty Development Community College of Aurora 16000 E. Centretech Pkwy Aurora, CO 80011-9036

PATRICIA B. CHEYNE Art Department Colorado State University Fort Collins, CO 80523

LYNN R. CHONG Massachusetts Bay Community College 50 Oakland Street Wellesley Hills, MA 02181

ARTHUR COHEN Target Consultants International P.O. Box 463 Massapequa Park, NY 11762

GEORCE COLLISON Education Department University of Massachusetts, Dartmouth Wayne, MA 02747

JUDITH COLLISON Teacher Education Marist College Poughkeepsie, NY 12601

LAUREN COODLEY Department of Psychology Napa Valley College 2277 Napa-Valley Hwy. Napa, CA 94558

JERROLD COOMBS Department of Social and Educational Studies University of British Columbia Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z5 CANADA

LOWELL COOPER California School of Professional Psychology 1005 Atlantic Ave. Alameda, CA 94501 WEBSTER E. COTTON Educational Foundations California State University, Los Angeles 5151 State University Drive Los Angeles, CA 90032

EDWARD D'ANGELO Department of Philosophy University of Bridgeport Bridgeport, CT 06601

KIRK G. DADDOW Director, Extended Learning Ames High School 20th & Ridgewood Ames, IA 50010

MEENAKSHI DALAL Economics Department Wayne State College Wayne, NE 68787

T. EDWARD DAMER Department of Philosophy Emory and Henry College Emory, VA 24327

LEROI DANIELS Faculty of Education University of British Columbia 2125 Main Mall Vancouver, BC V6T 1Z4 CANADA

KATY DAWSON George Mayne School 5030 N. 1st St Alviso, CA 95002

JERALDINE C. DAY Amador County Health Department 3089 Sudbury Road Cameron Park, CA 95682

CONNIE DE CAPITE Santa Ana Unified Schools 601 W. Alpine St. Santa Ana, CA 92707

ELISA DE LA ROCHE Department of Curriculum and Teaching Montclair State College Chapin Hall Upper Montclair, NJ 07043 CONSTANCE DEVEREAUX Executive Director Institute for Socratic Research 112 Harvard Ave. #128 Claremont, CA 91711

SANDRA DICKINSON Department of Linguistics and Speech Communication LaGuardia College 31-10 Thomson Ave. Long Island City, NY 11101

LYNN P. DIETER English Department Maine Township High School East 2601 W. Dempster St. Park Ridge, IL 60068-1177

MARY E. DIETZ 1267 Canyonside Ave. San Ramon, CA 94583

HELEN E. R. DITZHAZY Department of Leadership & Counseling Eastern Michigan University 34 Boone Hall Ypsilanti, MI 48197

WILLIAM A. DORMAN Journalism Department CSU Sacramento 6000 Jay Street Sacramento, CA 95821

JUDY R. DOWNS Department of English University of Tampa 401 W. Kennedy Ave., Box 97F Tampa, FL 33606-1490

MACGREGOR EDDY "MacGregor Eddy Presents..." 21 West Laurel Dr. #53A Salinas, CA 93906-3434

JOHN EDWARDS School of Education James Cook University 3 Gilbert Crescent Townsville, North Ward 481 AUSTRALIA CAROL M. ELLIS Department of Liberal Studies University of Redlands 1200 E. Coltan Ave. P.O. Box 3080 Redlands, CA 92373

JOHN ENRIGHT Psychology John F. Kennedy University 378 Via La Cumbre Greenbrae, CA 94904

VIRGINIA B. EPSTEIN Department of Education Regis College of Regis University 3333 Regis Boulevard Denver, CO 80221-1099

ROBERT ESFORMES Institute for Critical Thinking Montclair State College Upper Montclair, NJ 07043

NOREEN C. FACIONE Department of Physiological Nursing University of California, San Francisco 611 Y School of Nursing Building San Francisco, CA 94143

PETER FACIONE Dean's Office Santa Clara University School of Arts and Sciences Santa Clara, CA 95053

JOHN R. FEARE 7915 Fox Hollow Pl. Windsor, CA 95492-8646

MICHAEL FEER Victim Offender Program Cal State University, Dominguez Hills Carson, CA 90747

KEVIN FELDMAN Education Department Sonoma State University 1801 East Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94928 JUAN MIGUEL FERNANDEZ-BALBOA School of Kinesiology University of Northern Colorado SKPE Greely, CO 80639

MARILYNN FILBECK Family Environmental Sciences . Department California State University, Northridge 18111 Nordhoff St Northridge, CA 91330

MAURICE A. FINOCCHIARO Department of Philosophy University of Nevada, Las Vegas Las Vegas, NV 89154-5028

JUDY FISHEL Science Department Bristol High School 199 Chestnut Bristol, RI 02809

DAVID FITZGERALD Institute of Educational Technology The Open University Walton Hall Milton Keynes, MK7 6AA U. K.

JEAN ANN FOLEY School of Education University of Tulsa 600 South College Tulsa, OK 74104

BARBARA FORREST Department of History and Government Southeastern Louisiana University SLU 484 University Station Hammond, LA 70402

CLAUDETTE FRANKLIN Education Department Davis and Elkins College 100 Campus Drive Elkins, WV 26241-3996

PRESENTERS' ADDRESSES

JOANNE GAINEN Director, Teaching and Learning Center Santa Clara University Santa Clara, CA 95053

EILEEN GAMBRILL School of Social Welfare University of California at Berkeley 120 Haviland Hall Berkeley, CA 94720

ALBERT H. GARDNER Human Development and Child Study University of Maryland 3304 Benjamin Building College Park, MD 20742

HARRY GAVENTA Burton College of Education McNeese State University, Ryan Street Post Office Box # 92300 Lake Charles, LA 70609

JAMES GEIGER Adjunct Lynn University 2900 E. Oakland Pk. Blvd. Ste 200 Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33306

CRAIG GIBSON Library User Education Washington State University Holland Library 461 Pullman, WA 99164-5610

ROBERT N. GILBERT Social Sciences Department Palatine High School 1111 N. Rohlwing Road Palatine, IL 60067

JACKIE A. GIULIANO Enviromental Studies Antioch University 3325 Primera Ave #1 Los Angeles, CA 90068

DAVID GLAUBINGER American Red Cross, Bay Area 700 Fifth Avenue Laugunitas, CA 94901 NANCY C. GLOCK Transfer & General Education California Community Colleges 701 Dudley Way Sacramento, CA 95818

LES GOTTESMAN Department of English and Communications Golden Gate University 536 Mission St. San Francisco, CA 94105

BILL GRAVES Philosophy Department Sonoma State University 1801 E. Cotati Ave. Rohnert Park, CA 94928

SUSAN HALES Graduate School and Research Center Saybrook Institute 1550 Sutter St. San Francisco, CA 94109

PETER HALL Pace Training 4569 Langara Avenue Vancouver, BC V6R 1C9 CANADA

RICHARD S. HALL Research and Development Dale Carnegie and Associates Inc. 6000 Dale Carnegie Drive Houston, TX 77036

HERMAN HALUZA English Department Ohlone College 43600 Mission Blvd. Fremont, CA 94539

GEORGE H. HANFORD The College Board 985 Memorial Drive Apt. 103 Cambridge, MA 02138

GLEN HARPER Principal C.O. Bastian High School P.O. Box 188 Caliente, NY 89008 **DONALD HATCHER** Center for Critical Thinking Baker University 8th and Grove Baldwin City, KS 66006

WILLIAM A. HAYES Center for Creative and Critical Thinking Delta State University P.O. Box 3262 Cleveland, MS 38733

JARED HAYNES Department of English University of California, Davis Campus Writing Center Davis, CA 95616

PENNY HEASLIP Nursing Department University College of the Cariboo Box 3010 Kamloops, BC V2C 5N3 CANADA

ROBERT HEILBRONER Department of Economics New School for Social Research Graduate Faculty of Political and Social Science 65 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10003

RAQUEL HENRY Office of Student & Organizational Development Kingwood College 20,000 Kingwood Drive Kingwood, TX 77339

JUDI HIRSCH Oakland Public Schools 1025 Second Avenue Oakland, CA 94606

BARBARA J. HITCHKO C.A.R.E., Children at Risk in Education 510 3rd St. #7 Eureka, CA 95501

JOHN HOAGLUND Center for Critical Thinking Christopher Newport University Newport News, VA 23606 Eva Honsa-Hogg Region IX Education Service Center 301 Loop 11 Wichita Falls, TX 76305

NICKI HOYT Health Occupations Department College of the Redwoods 7351 Tompkins Hill Road Eureka, CA 95503

JANNA LEE HUGO 3618 S. Narcissus Way Denver, CO 80237

FRANCINE MALDER JAMIN English Department Montgomery College Takoma Park Campus Takoma Park, MD 20912

ANN JERABEK Newton Gresham Library Sam Houston State University 1700 Sam Houston Ave. Huntsville, TX 77340

DON'ALD JOHNS English Department University of California, Davis Davis, CA 95616

C. LINCOLN JOHNSON Department of Sociology University of Notre Dame Notre Dame, IN 46556

RALPH H. JOHNSON Department of Philosophy University of Windsor Windsor, ONT N9B 3P4 CANADA

LETITIA M. JOHNSTON Humanities Division Rose State College 6420 S.E. 15th Street Midwest City, OK 73110

SANDRA A. JONES Nursing Department Aurora University 347 S. Gladstone Aurora, IL 60506-4892 **STUART M. KEELEY** Department of Psychology Bowling Green University Bowling Green, OH 43403

RICHARD KELDER Humanities Department S.U.N.Y. College at New Paltz Humanities 110 New Paltz, NY 12561

GAIL A. KENDALL Agua Fria UHS/Rio Salado College 8723 West Elm Street Phoenix, AZ 85037

ANN KERWIN Department of Surgery, AHSC University of Arizona Tucson, AZ 85723

JOHN C. S. KIM Department of Humanities Rio Hondo College 3600 Workman Mill Rd. Whittier, CA 90608

DONALD R. KLEIN Philosophy Department Gavilan Community College 5055 Santa Teresa Blvd Gilroy, CA 95020

TARA D. KNOTT Evaluation Resources, Inc. 3960 Knight Arnold Rd., Suite 105 Memphis, TN 38118

MONICA M. C. KOEP Bureau for Teaching Development University of Namibia 13 Storch Street, Private Bag 13301 Windhoek, Namibia SOUTH AFRICA

ANNIE K. KOSHI Department of E.S.L. The City College of New York 138 Street at Convent Avenue New York, NY 10031 YUN JA LASSEK Greater Philadelphia Philosophy Consortium Lawrence Hall, Room 325 Rosemont, PA 19010

JANET L. LAUGHLIN Astoria School District Route 1, Box 913 E Astoria, OR 97103

RICHARD L. LAUGHLIN Superintendent's Office Clatsop County Educational Service District Route 1, Box 913 E Astoria, OR 97103

JUDITH D. LAWSON Department of Educational Administration Illinois State University 331 DeGarmo Hall Normal, IL 61761

DONALD LAZERE English Department Cal Poly State University San Luis Obispo, CA 93407

BARRY LESHOWITZ Department of Psychology Arizona State University Tempe, AZ 85287-1104

HILARY LETTS Deputy Director Successful Learning Institute 36 Caldy Rd. West Kirby, Merseyside L48 2HQ ENGLAND

ANNE I. LEWIS Education Department Sonoma State University 1801 East Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94928

RICHARD B. LEWIS Civil Engineering Department Louisiana Tech University Arizona Street Ruston, LA 71272 **TED LINDEN** 2245 Tasso St. Palo Alto, CA 94301

MATTHEW LIPMAN Director Institute for the Advancement of Philosophy for Children Montclair State College Upper Montclair, NJ 07043

LARRY LITECKY President Minneapolis Community College Faculty Association Blair Arcade-165 Western Ave No. St. Paul, MN 55102

JOHN F. LOASE Mathematics Department SUNY-Westchester Community College Valhalla, NY 10595-1698

LYNN J. LOFTHOUSE Department of Speech Communications, Wesley College 120 N. State Street Dover, DE 19901

LUZ E. LOPEZ Department of Education Cayey University College Cayey, Puerto Rico 00736

RUTH M. LORING 6707 Jameson Rd. Amarillo, TX 79106

GEORGE M. LUCKEY, JR. Department of Philosophy Morehead State University UPO 847 Morehead, KY 40351

SUE Y. LUCKEY Information Sciences Department Morehead State University UPO 847 Morehead, KY 40351

GRANT LUCKHARDT Department of Philosophy Georgia State University University Plaza Atlanta, GA 30303 CINDY L. LYNCH School of Education University of Denver Ammi Hyde Building Denver, CO 80208

M. STAR MAHARA Nursing Programs University College of Cariboo 900 McGill Rd. Kamloops, BC V2C 5N3 CANADA

WILLIAM K. MAREK Department of Psychology FCI-Dublin 5701 8th St., Camp Parks Dublin, CA 94586

JAMES P. MARSHALL Department of Sociology University of Northern Colorado Greeley, CO 80639

LINDA MARTIN Communication Studies Department California State University, Sacramento 6000 J Street Sacramento, CA 95819

DENNIS MARTINEZ American Indian Cultural Center 2122 Pacific Highway Talent, OR 97540

DENNIS MATTHIES Center for Teaching and Learning Stanford University 110 Sweet Hall Stanford, CA 94305-3087

MARLYS MAYFIELD English Department Vista College 2020 Milvia Berkeley, CA 94704

Ron McBride Department of Kinesiology Texas A&M University College Station, TX 77843

PRESENTERS' ADDRESSES

RICHARD J. MCCALLUM University of Missouri 810 Clark Hall Columbia, MO 65211

ROBERT MCCONNELL Department of Geology Mary Washington College 1301 College Avenue Fredricksburg, VA 22401-5358

KEVIN MCCORMACK Student Affairs World University of America (Ojai) 107 N. Ventura St. Ojai, CA 93023

MICHAEL MCLAIN-MIDKIFF Principal Tracy Public Schools 315 E. Eleventh St. Tracy, CA 95376

TIMOTHY M. MELCHIOR Principal Memorial Jr. High School Fletcher Ave. Valley Stream, NY 11582

MANUEL MENA School of Business SUNY, Oswego Swetman Hall Oswego, NY 13126

CHET MEYERS

Humanities and Teaching Development Metropolitan State University 730 Hennepin Ave. S. Minneapolis, MN 55403

CONNIE MISSIMER 4836 NE 40th Street Seattle, WA 98105

MIRIAM K. MLYNARSKI Library Camden County Community College Little Gloucester Road Blackwood, NJ 08012 OCDEN MORSE English Department Joel Barlow High School 100 Black Rock Turnpike Redding, CT 06896

WILLIAM G. MUNN Center for Politics and Policy 170 E. 10th Street Claremont, CA 91711

DEBRA M. MURPHY Business Administration Department Saint Michael's College Winooski Park Colchester, VT 05439

JOSEPHINE NAEHRBASS Agua Fria Union High School District 530 E. Riley Rd. Avondale, AZ 85323

OBED NORMAN Science Education Department University of Georgia 212 Aderhold Hall Athens, GA 30602-7126

GERALD NOSICH Department of Philosophy University of New Orleans New Orleans, LA 70148

LINDA NOWELL School of Education Texas Wesleyan University 1201 Wesleyan St. Fort Worth, TX 76105-1536

WILLIA L. NWA Secondary Education Canton City Schools 2800 13th Street, SW Canton, OH 44710

JOHN O'BRIEN School of Education James Cook University of North Queensland Townsville, N. Queensland 4811 AUSTRALIA VIRGINIA O'KEEFE Communication Department George Mason University Fairfax, VA 22030

ELAINE R. OGNIBENE Department of English Siena College 515 Loudon Road Loudonville, NY 12211

RICHARD OGNIBENE Educational Studies Department Seton Hall University 400 S. Orange Ave. So. Orange, NJ 07079

RENATE OTTERBACH Region IX Educational Service Center 301 Loop 11 Wichita Falls, TX 76305

WENDY OXMAN Institute for Critical Thinking Montclair State College Upper Montclair, NJ 07043

SANDRA PARKS Co-Director The National Center for Teaching Thinking Post Office Box 334 Newton Center, MA 02159

SHANNAH PARNELL Department of English University of Illnois at Urbana-Champaign 608 South Wright Street Urbana, IL 61801

S. DAWN PATTERSON Nursing Programs University College of the Cariboo 900 McGill Rd. Kamloops, BC V2C-5N3 CANADA

RICHARD W. PAUL Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique Sonoma State University 1801 E. Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94929-3609 WILLIAM PENDLETON Assistant Superintendent of Instruction Tulare Union High School District 426 North Blackstone Tulare, CA 93274

JOEL PETERSON Critical Thinking Project Minnesota Community Colleges 121 Lincoln St. Mankato, MN 56001

GLORIA PIERCE Department of Counseling, Human Development, and Educational Leadership Montclair State College Upper Montclair, NJ 07043

ROBERT C. PINTO Philosophy Department University of Windsor 401 Sunset Ave Windsor, ONT N9B 3P4 CANADA

MELVIN POAGE President Materials & Technology for Education 3095 S. Trenton Street Denver, CO 80231

JIM POLLARD Spokane Falls Community College 15518 Little Spokane Spokane, WA 99208

RICHARD POPE Gateway to Great Thinking 3622 Cropley Ave. San Jose, CA 95132

FLORENCE FAY PRITCHARD Office of Academic Affairs Salisbury State University 1101 Camden Avenue Salisbury, MD 21801

JAMES HENRY QUINA Department of English Wayne State University 5425 Gullen Mall Detroit, MI 48202

PRESENTERS' ADDRESSES

JONAH RASKIN Communication Studies Department Sonoma State University 1801 E Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94928

JEFFREY REED Social Science/Language Arts Department Windsor Middle School 7650 Bell Road Windsor, CA 95492

K. HELMUT REICH Department of Education University of Fribourg Rte. des Fougerés Fribourg, CH-1700 SWITZERLAND

DOMINGA L. REYES President's Office World University of America (Ojai) 107 N. Ventura St. Ojai, CA 93023

GREGORY RICH Humanities Department Fayetteville State University Fayetteville, NC 28301

EDWARD RIPPY Educational Psychology California State University at Hayward Hayward, CA 94612

JEAN ROBB Director Successful Learning Institute 36 Caldy Rd. West Kirby, Merseyside L48 2HQ ENGLAND

ERNEST ROSENBERG PEMD Education Group 35000 Highway 128 Cloverdale, CA 95425

RENEE RUDERMAN English Department Metropolitan State College of Denver Campus Box 32, P.O. Box 173362 Denver, CO 80127-3362 VINCENT RYAN RUGGIERO P.O. Box 1155 Dunedin, FL 34697

ADOLFO SANCHEZ Department of Education Cayey University College Box 1074 Cayey, Puerto Rico 00736

CAROL A. SANCHEZ Department of Psychology University of California, Riverside Riverside, CA 92515

SHERRON SARGENT School of Nursing Kent State University Kent, OH 44242

THOMAS J. SCHEFF Department of Sociology University of California, Santa Barbara Santa Barbara, CA 93106

LIANNE K. SCHNEIDER Department of Theology Monsignor Kelly High School 5950 Kelly Drive Beaumont, TX 77707

SCOTT SCHOEPP Windsor Middle School 7650 Bell Road Windsor, CA 95492

JUDITH SCHWARTZ Scarsdale Teachers Institute Brewster Rd. Scarsdale, NY 10583

THOMAS SECCO English Department Triton College 2000 Fifth Ave. River Grove, IL 60171

LEAH SHELLEDA Humanities and Philosophy Department College of Marin Kentfield, CA 94904 JANIS L. SILVERMAN Lincolnshire-Prairie View S.D. 103 Sprague School 2425 Riverwoods Rd. Lincolnshire, IL 60069

BENNET SKEWES-COX Academy of World Studies 2806 Van Ness Ave. San Francisco, CA 94109

ROBIN SKEWES-COX Academy of World Studies 2806 Van Ness Ave. San Francisco, CA 94109

KIM SKOOG Division of Humanistic Studies University of Guam P.O. Box 5032, UOG Station Mangilao, Guam 96923

CHRISTINA SLADE Communication Department University of Canberra P.O. Box 1 Belconnen, ACT 2616 AUSTRALIA

JUDITH B. SMITH Education and Psychology Departments Davis and Elkins College 100 Campus Drive Elkins, WV 26241-3996

KATHERINE Z. SMITH Psychology Department Chapman University 1740 Walnut St. Berkeley, CA 94709

LISA SMITH 1329 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley, CA 94709

R. SCOTT SMITH Department of Psychology Utica College of Syracuse University 1600 Burrstone Rd. Utica, NY 13502 DAVID SMOCK History and Politics Department Charles Wright Academy 7723 Chambers Creek Rd. Tacoma, WA 98467

ERVIN SPARAPANI Teacher Education Saginaw Valley State University Brown Hall-Room 222 University Center, MI 48710

CONNIE STACK Coordinator, Writing Across the Curriculum Minnesota Community Colleges 550 Cedar St. St. Paul, MN 55101

J. THEODORE STANLEY The Habitat Restoration Group 6001 Butler Lane, Suite 1 Scotts Valley, CA 95066

CARROL STEEDMAN Division of Continuing Education University of Nevada, Las Vegas 4505 Maryland Pkwy Las Vegas, NV 89154

MARK R. STONER Department of Communication Studies Cal State University, Sacramento 6000 J Street Sacramento, CA 95819-6070

CANDACE JESSE STOUT Department of Art Education Buffalo State University College 109 Bishop Hall, 1300 Elmwood Ave. Buffalo, NY 14222-1095

ROBERT SWARTZ Co-Director The National Center for Teaching Thinking P.O. Box 334 Newton Center, MA 02159

WILLIAM TAYLOR Political Science Department Oakton Community College 1600 East Golf Road Des Plaines, IL 60016 NELLIE THOROGOOD Educational Affairs Department North Harris Montgomery Community College District 250 N. Sam Houston Parkway East Houston, TX 77060-2004

THOMAS TOMINAGA Department of Philosophy University of Nevada, Las Vegas 4505 S. Maryland Parkway Las Vegas, NV 89154-5028

LARRY TOMLINSON Philosophical and Regional Studies Community College of Southern Nevada 3200 E. Cheyenne Avenue N. Las Vegas, NV 89030

FRAN TOOMEY Education Department St. Michael's College Winooski Park Colchester, VT 05439

FREDERIC M. TORZS Massachusetts Bay Community College 19 Flagg St. Framingham, MA 01701

RUBY TROW Home Economics Department California State Polytechnic University 3801 West. Temple Boulevard Pomona, CA 91768

RENÉ TRUJILLO, JR Philosophy Department San Jose State University One Washington Square San Jose, CA 95192-0096

MARGARET N. TURNER Education Department Davis and Elkins College 100 Campus Drive Elkins, WV 26241-3996

NORMAN J. UNRAU School of Education California State University, Los Angeles 5151 State University Drive Los Angeles, CA 90032-8142 THERESA M. VALIGA Nursing Department Villanova University College of Nursing Villanova, PA 19085-1690

BOB VAN ZANT Assistant Principal Central Union High School 1001 Brighton Avenue El Centro, CA 92243

SEBASTIAN J. VASTA English Department Camden County Community College Little Gloucester Road Blackwood, NJ 08012

BURTON VOORHEES Department of Mathematics Athabasca University Box 10000 Athabasca, ALB TOG 2R0 CANADA

Don Waxman Waxman Landscaping Environmental Consulting and Service 2805 Eastman Lane Petaluma, CA 94952

YEHUDI O. WEBSTER Department of Sociology California State University, Los Angeles Los Angeles, CA 90032

DAN WEIL Center for Critical Thinking Sonoma State University 1801 East Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94928-3609

LAWRENCE WEINSTEIN Writing Center Bentley College Waltham, MA 02154

MARK WEINSTEIN Institute for Critical Thinking Montclair State College Upper Montclair, NJ 07043 DIANE WHEELER Agua Fria Union High School District 530 E. Riley Rd. Avondale, AZ 85323

MARK A. WILCOX Center for Whole Brain Thinking BrainWorks Route 7 Box 148 Hendersonville, NC 28739

JENNIFER WILD Director of Development NOVA Research Company 4600 East-West Highway, Suite 700 Bethesda. MD 20814

GRADY E. WILLIAMS III Department of Biological Science Delta State University P.O. Box 3262 Cleveland, MS 38733

JANET L. WILLIAMSON Reasoning & Writing Project Greensboro Public Schools 712 N. Eugene Street Greensboro, NC 27317

JANE WILLSEN Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique Sonoma State University 1801 E. Cotati Avenue Rohnert Park, CA 94929-3609

SALLIE L. WILSON California Department of Education Post Office Box 146 Sacramento, CA 95812

CHARLES L. WITTE Department of Surgery, AHSC University of Arizona Tucson, AZ 85724

MARLYS H. WITTE Department of Surgery, AHSC University of Arizona, College of Medicine Tucson, AZ 85724 DIXON WRACC Community Liaison Director North Coast Treatment Center Santa Rosa, CA 95404

DEANNA L. YAMEEN Alternative Instruction Department Massachusetts Bay Community College 50 Oakland St. Wellesley Hills, MA 02143

ELAINE YOSHIKAWA Department of Psychology Anizona State University Tempe, AZ 85287-1104

MARYBETH YOUNG Niehoff School of Nursing Loyola University 6525 North Sheridan Rd. Chicago, IL 60626

WILLIAM ZEIGER English Department Slippery Rock University Slippery Rock, PA 16057-1326

JOHN ZENTNER Zentner and Zentner, Land Planning and Restoration 925 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite 250 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR EXCELLENCE IN CRITICAL THINKING

With a solid core membership of 700 leading educators as a foundation, the National Council for Excellence in Critical Thinking (NCECT) is working hard to expand its outreach and impact. The strategy is twofold: to staff research-reporting committees with bonafide experts in 75 domains and to establish regional and state centers for critical thinking.

The goal is for each committee to update yearly the state of research in 75 categories with respect to critical thinking. These annual reports will serve to inform interested educators and public citizens of what we presently know about the nature of standards for the assessment of critical thinking in each.

The hopes of the National Council leadership are ambitious, no less than the establishment of NCECT representatives in every school district, college, and university. "Only with wide outreach can the message of the National Council transform classrooms at all educational levels," says Richard Paul, NCECT chair.

Unless educators come to understand the importance of intellectual criteria, they will not make the basic changes in teaching and assessment fundamental to sound educational reform. You can learn more about the NCECT by attending the informational meeting on Monday at 8:00 pm held in the Student Union Multi-Purpose room. There are also informational meetings held around the country. Contact any of the affiliated Centers (see next page) for a brochure and information on locations and dates for the meetings.



Checks payable to: National Council (NCECT) 4655 Sonoma Mountain Rd. Santa Rosa, CA 95404 phone (707) 546–0629, fax (707) 546–4718

MEMBERSHIP	APPLICATION
Name	
Title	
Dept	
Institution	
Address	
City	
State/Zip	•
Work Phone	
Home Phone	
I would like to join NCECT as a:	I am interested in Council work on:
Regular Member (\$25.00)	Forming Alliances with
Associate Member	Associations
(\$10.00, K–12 & Student) Institutional Member (\$100.00)	Establishing State and Regional Offices
	Regional Newsletters
(Membership dues are annual.)	Regional and Local Networks
Supporter (\$200)	Research Committees
Sustainer (\$500)	Liaison with State Depts
Benefactor (\$1000 or	of Education
more gift)	Council Representation
My check is enclosed.	Dissemination of Council Goal

AFFILIATED CENTERS OF THE NCECT

Center for Critical Thinking and Language Learning (La Guardia, NY) (718) 482–5699

Wisconsin Center for Critical Thinking (715) 639-2002

Carolina Center for Critical Thinking (919) 370-8985

Monterey Center for Critical Thinking (408) 753-4267

Texas Center for Critical Thinking (512) 416-5828

Center for Critical Thinking (707) 664-2940 Metropolitan Center for Critical Thinking (303) 556–2978

Institute for Critical Thinking (Montclair, NJ) (201) 893-5184

Oklahoma Center for Critical Thinking (405) 581–2364

Georgia and Alabama Center for Critical Thinking (912) 333–5621

Mississippi Center for Critical Thinking (601) 846–4247

Nebraska Center for Critical Thinking (402) 554–2628

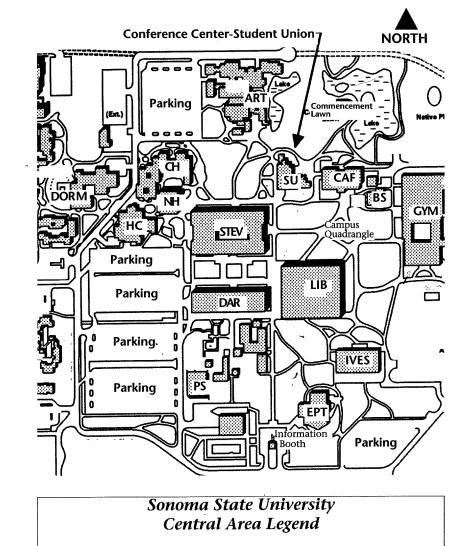
Session Audience Codes

ELEMelementary school
MID/HIGH middle/high school
K-12kindergarten-12th grade
COLL post-secondary education
ADVadvance session
BEG beginners in critical thinking
BUSbusiness
CONF THEME related to conference theme
COMPUTER ASST ED computer assisted instruction
ECON economics
ENVenvironment
FEMfeminism
G general
HEALTH health sciences
H CONhuman conflicts
H RIGHTS human rights
LANGlanguage arts/English
MATH/SCImath/science
MEDIA media, media literacy
MUL-CULTmulti-culturalism
PEACE peace studies
POL politics, political science
PSYCH psychology
SOC STUD social studies
SOCIOLsociology
STAFF DEVstaff development
TEST testing and assessment
THEORY theoretical orientation

Important Phone Numbers and Locations

Specially-marked on-campus phones are available throughout campus. When calling on campus from one of them, dial the last four digits only.

Campus Operator (Information, Activities)	664–2880	
Conference Info Center Shuttle Information	664–4156Stu 664–3140	dent Union, Downstairs Student Union
Housing Service Desk	644–2530	Zinfandel
Public Safety (Campus Police) Lost & Found Parking Information Emergency Only	664–2317 664–2143	dation Center Buildings
Academic Credit: Office of Extended Education	664–2394	Stevenson 1012



ART	Art Complex		IVES	Ives Hall; Warren Auditorium	
BS	Bookstore		LIB	Ruben Salazar Library	
CAF	Commons (Cafeteria)		PS	Public Safety	
СН	Rachel Carson Hall		NH	Nichols Hall	
DAR	Darwin Hall	•	нс	Health Center	
DORM	Residence Halls		STEV	Stevenson Hall	
EPT	Evert B. Person Theatre		SU	Student Union	
GYM	Gymnasium				

The Center for Critical Thinking and Moral Critique Sonoma State University 1801 East Cotati Rohnert Park, CA 94928

Rapidly Changing

Preparing

() J

Mond

for

The Foundation for Critical Thinking A Non-Profit Educational Foundation 4655 Sonoma Mountain Road Santa Rosa, CA 95404 (800) 833-3645

> The National Council for Excellence in Critical Thinking (707) 546-0629